

A Case Study in Valuing Crime Prevention Outcomes cont.

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costs and costs to transport agencies and insurers due to implementation of the NMVTRC's national written off vehicle reforms.

The overall benefits of the NMVTRC's vehicle theft reform were derived by multiplying the number of vehicle thefts that were estimated to have been reduced as a result of the NMVTRC's reforms by the unit costs of vehicle theft in each of the category of short term and profit motivated theft and comparing that benefit to the cost of implementing the identified reforms.

The final economic criteria used was the net present value which is the net difference between the benefits and the costs, and represents the overall economic worth of the

NMVTRC's motor vehicle theft reform.

While all cost benefit analysis is necessarily based on assumptions that bring with them a level of uncertainty, extensive sensitivity testing of the assumptions used in the NMVTRC's cost benefit analysis delivered a high level of confidence in the results.

Under the assumptions used, the total estimated benefits of the NMVTRC's contribution to vehicle theft reduction over the five year period was \$444 million compared to costs borne by all parties of \$243 million; delivering a net value of \$201 million to the Australian community.

More detail on the NMVTRC's work can be found at www.carsafe.com.au

National Crime Prevention Framework

A resource for crime prevention

A National Crime Prevention Framework has been developed by the Australian Institute of Criminology (AIC) on behalf of the Australia and New Zealand Crime Prevention Senior Officers' Group (ANZCP SOG)

It is a resource which outlines the most effective approaches to the prevention of crime. It also describes a range of possible roles and functions for state/territory and national governments for the effective delivery of crime prevention activity in Australia. The purpose of this Framework is to:

- support a coordinated approach to addressing crime and safety issues of national importance, including new and emerging crime problems;
- promote an improved level of collaboration between crime prevention agencies operating in each jurisdiction;
- improve the effectiveness of crime prevention across Australia by promoting principles of good practice and successful strategies;

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National Crime Prevention Framework cont.

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- encourage increased commitment to crime prevention at all levels of government and across different sectors; and
- assist in guiding the allocation of crime prevention resources to achieve the greatest impact.

This Framework does not aim to prescribe specific actions that must be implemented by

stakeholders involved in the delivery of crime prevention. Rather, it provides guidance by way of information on best practice to assist with the development of appropriate policies, strategies and programs to address crime problems.

Details of the Framework can be obtained at the following link

www.aic.gov.au/en/crime_community/crimeprevention/ncpf.aspx

Parliament of Victoria Inquiry into Locally Based Approaches to Community Safety and Crime Prevention

A report that may be of interest to other jurisdictions

The Victorian Drugs and Crime Prevention Committee tabled its report on the Inquiry into Locally Based Approaches to Community Safety and Crime Prevention in Parliament on Tuesday 5 June 2012. This comprehensive report sets out a framework for locally based approaches to community safety and crime prevention can be established and supported in Victoria. While this report specifically deals

with programs and activities in Victoria, it should be of interest to those in other jurisdictions. The report is based on extensive research while will have utility beyond the Victorian borders. The report can be accessed by

www.parliament.vic.gov.au/images/stories/committees/dcpc/Locally_Based_Approach_Crime_Prevention/dcpc.icp.finalreport.pdf