which he expresses on such matters as severability and incidental

powers.

Both from the point of view of treatment and arrangement, the book is an exceedingly valuable one, and will undoubtedly take its place along with the all too few authoritative works on the Australian Constitution.

C. I. MENHENNITT, LL.M.

Australian Foreign Policy, 1934. Published by the Institute of International Affairs, Melbourne University Press, in association with The Oxford University Press, 1935. Price, 1/6.

This is an interesting and valuable publication on Australian foreign policy. It contains various contributions, chiefly papers read at a Conference of the Australian Institute of International Affairs, which took place at Southport (Queensland) on 20th and 21st October, 1934, and which was significant because of the fact that the present Secretary of State for the Dominions (Mr. Malcolm MacDonald), then Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, took part in the deliberations.

Australian trade representation abroad was discussed by the then Federal Minister for Commerce (Sir F. H. Stewart, M.H.R.). He pointed out that the two chief advantages of such representation in other countries being (a) propaganda and knowledge (b) the fostering of goodwill, the contradictions and conflicts existing in the sphere of international trade have been intensified to a degree hitherto unknown. This was in 1934. In view of the recent events, the question of commercial representation in foreign countries becomes of much greater importance. Of course, the effectiveness of the apparatus of commercial representation depends upon the effectivenss of the respective trade policies of the countries concerned. The functions of Trade Commissioners are determined by the Trade Commissioners Act, 1933.

World Peace, the League and Australia. By J. C. Rookwood Proud, with a foreword by Judge Foster. Robertson & Mullens Ltd., in conjunction with the League of Nations Union, Victorian Branch, 1936. Price, 2/-.

This is an interesting introduction to the subject, and as His Honour Judge Foster points out in his foreword, "it is more valuable because nowhere else is there collected for Australians this very important material," dealing, as it does, with the mandates system and with International Labour Conventions.

The author gives a very interesting analysis of the rôle of Australia at the Peace Conference, the disarmanent and sanctions policy. The discussion of the problem of security is divided into the consideration of the Draft Treaty of Mutual Assistance, the Geneva Protocol, and the Locarno Treaties. Also treated is the question of the Washington Treaties and many other problems. This little work may be of interest as a reference book for students of international relations.

JOSEPH SHATIN, B.Com.