# No. XXXII.

MINING ON PRIVATE An Act to legalise Mining on Private Lands; to provide for charging Rents in connection therewith: and for the resumption of land or the surrender by way of exchange and the granting of other lands in lieu thereof for certain purposes; to make better provision for and in connection with mining on Crown Lands in certain particulars; to effect such amendments in the Statutes as may be necessary to give this Act full force and effect; and for purposes consequent upon, connected with, or incidental to the aforementioned objects. [11th June, 1894.]

Preamble.

THEREAS from time to time since the establishment of the Colony of New South Wales Crown lands within the said Colony have been alienated, subject to various reservations in the Crown grants with respect to gold and minerals other than gold, and in the public interest it is now deemed necessary to give legal effect to such reservations: And whereas certain other lands have from time to time been alienated without express reservation of any minerals which might afterwards be found therein, but having regard to the well established laws of England whereby it has been held from time immemorial that the royal metal gold does not pass from the Crown unless by express conveyance in the grant of such lands: And whereas, for the well being of the State, it is now deemed necessary that all such lands should be made available for the operations of mining thereon or thereunder for such gold as may be found therein: And whereas it is deemed expedient to define the rents to be derived under the operations of this Act on behalf of the landowner, as hereinafter provided: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Mining on Private Lands Act of 1894."

#### PART I.

Interpretation of

2. In this Act the following terms shall, if not inconsistent with the subject matter or context, have the respective meanings

hereby assigned to them (that is to say):—
"Governor"—The Governor with the advice of the Executive

Council.

"Minister"—The Minister for Mines for the time being.

"Gold"—As well any gold as any earth or rock containing gold, or having gold intermixed therewith.

" Minerals

- "Minerals other than gold"—Any of the following metals or any ore containing the same, namely, silver, lead, tin, or antimony.
- "Owner"—The owner or conditional purchaser of any land dealt with under the provisions of this Act, whether such title is completed or not, or any trustee for such land, if vested in
- "Occupier"—The person in occupation of such land, whether as conditional lessee, the valid applicant for a conditional lease, the lessee of any land for trainway, irrigation, water supply or power purposes, whether under any special Act or otherwise, or a tenant.
- "Applicant"—The person applying for a mining lease under this Act.
- "Lessee"—The holder of a lease under this Act, or his executors, administrators, or assigns.
- "Private land"—Any land included within the provisions of this Act, whether alienated or in process of alienation, or vested in trust, or demised by lease under any of the forms hereinafter referred to, or land held under any valid application for such lease.
- "Mining," or "To mine"—To sink shafts, construct drives, adits, tunnels, or surface excavations, or to remove earth, rock, metals, or ores, or to wash, crush, smelt, or conduct any operation in connection with mining.

"Mining-race"—Any artificial channel, flume, aqueduct, tunnel, culvert, or pipe for the conveyance of water or detritus; also the natural bed of any creek or gully in which water or detritus is conducted in connection with mining.

- "Warden"—Any Warden appointed under the Act thirty-seventh Victoria number thirteen, or any Act relating to mining, who may be in charge of the mining district or division denoted by the context where the expression is used, or any Warden acting for him or in his stead, or (if none such is denoted) any Warden.
- "Prescribed"—Prescribed by this Act or any regulation made thereunder.
- 3. From and after the passing of this Act all land alienated or when gold or other in process of alienation from the Crown shall, subject to the provisions minerals may be of this Act, be open to mine thereon or thereunder for cold and release of this Act, be open to mine thereon or thereunder for gold, and where the Crown grant contains, or if not yet issued would when issued contain, a reservation to the Crown of all minerals which the said land contains, such land shall be open to mine thereon or thereunder for silver, lead, tin, and antimony, in addition to gold: Provided that where the said grant contains, or if not yet issued would when issued contain, no reservation of minerals, or of minerals other than gold, the mining on such land, under the provisions of this Act, shall be confined to mining for gold only, or for any ore the chief and most profitable metallic product of which is gold.

4. Nothing in section three of this Act shall be held to apply Town and village to lands now or hereafter to be alienated and situated within the lands not open. boundaries of any town or village unless the Governor shall have first proclaimed in the Gazette that any such lands particularised in such

proclamation shall be subject to the provisions of this  $\Lambda$ et.

5. Lands held from the Crown under trainway, irrigation, or Lands under lease or power leases, and lands held under lease for water supply in virtue of reserved for public purposes. any special Act or otherwise, and lands granted or vested in trust by the Crown for the purposes of a race-course, cricket ground, recreation reserve, park, or permanent common, shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be open for mining thereon and thereunder, but only on a proclamation

proclamation being made by the Governor in the *Gazette*, notifying that the lands therein described are subject to the provisions of this Act, and from and after the day named in the proclamation.

Depth from surface at which underground leases shall commence.

Register and registration.

- 6. In all cases, whether on private lands or Crown lands, wherever a lease is granted to mine under such land only, and without the right of mining on the surface thereof, the Governor may stipulate at what vertical depth from the surface such lease shall commence.
- 7. A register shall be kept for the purposes of this Act in the prescribed manner, and registration of any lease purporting to give the right to mine in or on private land, or of any agreement for mining in or on private land, shall consist in recording in such register particulars of such lease or agreement.

#### PART II.

#### Proceedings in connection with Mining.

Authority to examine surface may be granted by the Warden.

8. It shall be lawful for the Warden of any mining district to grant to any person holding a miner's right or mineral license in the prescribed manner an authority in duplicate to enter into and upon any specified portion of private land which is subject to the operations of mining under the provisions of this Act, which authority shall be effective during the next succeeding fourteen days; and on serving the duplicate of such authority on the owner or occupier thereof, such person shall either personally or accompanied by one other person who is the holder of a miner's right or mineral license, but without any dog, be entitled to enter upon such land, and may detach one or more samples of any vein or lode, outcropping at the surface thereof, not exceeding in the aggregate twenty-eight pounds in weight, and may remove such samples for the purpose of assaying or testing the value thereof, but such authority shall not entitle the holder to commence to mine thereon or thereunder until the amount of compensation, to be ascertained as hereinafter provided, shall have been paid, and a lease from the Governor to such person shall have been first obtained: Provided that the Warden may refuse to grant an authority if he has good reason to believe that such private land as aforesaid contains neither gold, silver, lead, tin, or antimony, but in case of such refusal the applicant may appeal to the Minister, who may reverse the Warden's decision.

Authorised person considered first applicant.

9. Any person having received authority from the Warden to enter upon such private land as hereinbefore provided shall be deemed to be in possession as against other applicants for authority to enter upon the same land for a period of twenty-eight days from the date of such authority to the full extent of the area allowed in such class of lands to be leased: Provided that such authorised person if requested so to do by other authorised persons desirous of occupying the adjoining land shall within twenty-four hours approximately define the boundaries of such area.

Owner or occupier obstructing applicant.

10. Any such authorised person desiring to obtain a lease for mining purposes of such private land, or any portion thereof, as under the provisions of this Act shall become open to lease, may at all reasonable times and doing no unnecessary damage and without incurring any liability for trespass, enter upon such land, either personally or by an agent, and in the prescribed manner, define the boundaries of the portion intended to be applied for. And any owner, occupier, or other person who shall obstruct such authorised person in the performance of any such act, or who shall interfere with, remove, destroy, or deface

deface any boundary mark so made or any necessary notice posted in connection therewith, shall, on conviction thereof, be liable for the first offence to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds, or on conviction of a second or any subsequent offence, to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds. And except as provided in this Act any person who shall commence to mine on or under any private land without having first obtained a lease under the provisions of this Act shall be, and be deemed to be, guilty of a misdemeanour: Provided that any surveyor with his assistants may enter upon any private land for the purpose of defining the road to and the boundaries of the portion held under lease, or for any other purpose under this Act, in pursuance of and bearing an order of the Minister or of a Warden.

11. The Governor, in the name and on behalf of Her Majesty, Governor may grant shall have power under and subject to the provisions of this Act to lease. grant to any person a lease of such private lands, to be effectual either on and below the surface, or on one or more limited portions of the surface and below the whole area, or to be effectual below the surface only, for the purpose of mining thereon or thereunder, either for gold only, or for silver, lead, tin, or antimony, or any of such minerals, Regard must be had regard being had to the reservations (if any) contained in the Crown to reservations in grants, thousand accounts in the grants. grants thereof, except in the case of certain lands referred to in sections four and five hereof. And such lease shall take effect only Lease gives right to when notification of its approval shall be published in the Gazette, occupy for all purand shall confer the right of cutting and constructing on the lands mining. thereby demised races, drains, dams, reservoirs, or tramways, and erecting thereon buildings and machinery in connection with such mining, but not otherwise, and generally for doing all such acts and things as shall be requisite for efficiently mining the said land, with full right of ingress, egress, and regress for the purposes herein provided, by a right-of-way to be marked in the prescribed manner from the land comprised in the lease to the nearest practicable point of a public road, and the cost of marking such right-of-way shall be borne by the lessee, who shall place substantial sheep-proof gates at all fences intersected by such right-of-way; but such lease shall in nowise give the lessee the right to use water artificially conserved by the owner of such land, or to fell trees, strip bark, or cut timber on such land, or, unless fenced, to depasture horses, cattle, or sheep thereon, or to keep or permit to be kept on such land any dog, unless chained up or kept under proper control, or, except in connection with such mining operations, to remove earth or rock therefrom, without the consent of the owner and occupier: Provided that no such lease shall, except with the consent of the owner, extend to within one hundred Not to approach yards on the surface of any land which is bond fide in use as a garden within 100 yards of garden, &c., or 200 or orchard, or to within two hundred yards on the surface of any land yards of principal on which is creeted the principal residence of the owner or occupier, owner's consent. or to either the surface or below the surface of any restricted portion of land whereon is erected or constructed any substantial building, bridge, dam, reservoir, well, or other valuable improvement, nor shall any right-of-way be granted through any garden, yard, orchard, or pleasure ground: Provided further that it shall be for the Minister to determine whether any improvement on such restricted portion referred to in this section is of a substantial or valuable character, and the Minister may define an area adjoining such substantial or valuable improvement within which mining operations may be excluded.

12. Nothing in this Act contained shall, unless with the consent Not to apply to of the owner, apply or be held to apply to any lands which are lands under cultivation. enclosed and under cultivation.

13. Within one month from the date of the aforementioned Notice to owner and authority such authorised person may in the prescribed manner apply occupier.

to the Minister for a lease of such land, and on receipt of such application, accompanied by the prescribed sum by way of rent and fees, the Minister shall cause a notice to be served on the owner and occupier of such land. And in case the whole or any part of the surface thereof is required, such notice shall so state, and if a part only is required, such notice shall define such part, and shall also request from the owner and occupier respectively such particulars of their estate and interest therein as the Minister shall deem necessary for carrying out the objects and intentions of this Act, and within twenty-one days therefrom such owner or occupier shall give such particulars to the Minister.

Lessee no right to impound or molest any animal, belongland, unless fenced.

Trespass, &c.

Service of notices.

appointed who shall assess surface damages.

14. Nothing in this Act contained shall give the lessee the right to impound any sheep, eattle, horses, or other animals belonging ing to the owner, on to, or being the property of, or being in the custody or under the control of the owner or occupier of the said land, or to disturb or molest any such sheep, cattle, horses, or other animals in any way whatever, or to prevent any such sheep, cattle, horses, or other animals from depasturing on or over the said land so demised under this Act, unless the said land be fenced as hereinafter provided. And no action or suit for trespass or otherwise in respect of any of the matters or things mentioned or referred to in this section shall lie, either at law or in equity, against any such owner or occupier of the said land so demised at the suit of the lessee or any person or persons claiming under such lessee, unless the said land so demised under the provisions of this Act to the said lessee shall, at the time when any alleged cause of action or suit arose, have been securely fenced, and the same shall have been, at the time when the alleged cause of action or suit arose, in good order and repair, and the cost of erecting and keeping such fence in good order and repair shall have been borne or paid by the lessee.

> 15. All notices required by this Act to be served upon the owner or occupier of any private land shall either be served personally on such persons or left at their usual place of abode (if the same can after diligent inquiry be found), and in case the owner shall be absent from the Colony or he or his agent cannot after diligent inquiry be found, the notices shall be left with the occupier of the land, or if there be no such occupier, shall be affixed upon some conspicuous part of the land, and in the latter case such notice shall be advertised in two issues of a newspaper circulating in the district in which the land is situated. And in such latter case the affixing of such notices in addition to the aforementioned advertisements shall be deemed service

of notice on the owner and occupier.

16. The Governor may appoint mining appraisers as may from time to time be found necessary, who may also hold other offices in the Public Service, and shall be paid such salaries or fees as the Governor shall direct, and any such mining appraiser, on being authorised by the Minister so to do, shall assess the amount of compensation to be made to the owner and occupier of such lands respectively for the loss which he or they may sustain by way of damage which may be caused through mining operations either on, in, or under such land to the surface thereof, or to any crop growing thereon, or to any buildings, structures, or other improvements erected or constructed thereupon: Provided that with respect to the land of which a lease of the surface is required (not being less than one acre), such compensation as aforesaid shall in no case exceed the then ascertained market value of such land for other than mining purposes: Provided also that notwithstanding anything in this section or in this Act contained an agreement or contract may be entered into with the owner, occupier, or mortgagee for compensation being made by a percentage of the gold or other minerals taken from the mines on or under such land or otherwise.

17. On receipt of an application for a lease under this Act, Either party may unless such application be accompanied by a document signed by the appeal to Minister. applicant and the owner and the mortgagee (if any), and by the occupier (if any), or their respective agent or agents, certifying that they have mutually agreed as to the amount of compensation, whether by way of money, shares, or otherwise, to be paid by the applicant to the owner, mortgagee, and occupier, the Minister shall authorise a mining appraiser to assess the amount of compensation to be paid to the owner, or mortgagee, and occupier respectively, and it shall be the duty of such mining appraiser, without loss of time, to forward his assessment to the Minister, who shall thereupon, by notices of even date, acquaint the applicant and the owner or mortgagee and the occupier (if any) with the amount of such assessment, and shall specify the time within which the same shall be paid. And in the event of the applicant or the owner or mortgagee or occupier being dissatisfied with such assessment, any party may, within twentyone days of the date of such notices, apply to the Minister to have such assessment reviewed, and the Minister shall thereupon refer such matter to the Warden, who shall fix a time and place for holding an inquiry, not being more than thirty days from the receipt of such reference, and shall give due notice thereof to all the parties interested therein, and at the time and place so appointed shall hear, receive, and examine such evidence as shall be produced by any of the parties, and shall thereupon determine the amount of compensation to be Warden to paid to such owner or occupier or mortgagee in respect of his or determine amount of compensation. their respective claim or claims, and may specify the time within which and to whom the same shall be paid; and the decision of the Warden in all such cases shall be final, and he may make an order for the payment of such costs as shall appear to him just: Provided always that the Warden may upon cause shown, adjourn the hearing to any other time or place, but such adjournment shall not be for a longer period than fourteen days. When the amount of compensation so awarded shall have been paid, or a contract or agreement has been entered into as provided for in the last proviso of the preceding section, a lease for mining under the provisions of this Act may be granted by the Governor, and shall then be notified in the Gazette.

18. In the event of the applicant for a lease failing to pay Applicant failing to the amount of compensation within the time specified, his application pay award. shall become void, and all moneys accompanying the application for such lease shall thereupon become forfeited to the Crown, and shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue. And in the event of such owner or occupier refusing or neglecting to supply the particulars of his estate and interest in such land as requested so to do by the Minister, such refusal or neglect shall in no way act as a bar to an award being made by such mining appraiser or a final decision of the Warden being arrived at. On the amount of such compensation being paid into Court, the Warden shall in due course pay to the owner, mortgagee, and occupier (if any), the amounts to which they are respectively entitled. And in ease such owner, mortgagee, or occupier shall for Owner, occupier, the space of three months refuse or fail to accept or claim the amount or mortgagee failing to accept of compensation so assessed or determined, such amount shall be award. passed to the Treasury Suspense Account and be held in trust for such owner, mortgagee, or occupier, but without interest accruing thereon,

19. All parties under disability to sell and convey who are Parties under disseized, or possessed of, or entitled to any private land, or any estate or solitive or having limited interest interest therein, may settle by agreement, subject to the approval of enabled to sell or the convey and exercise other powers,

and if not claimed within six years from the time of the receipt thereof by the Treasury such amount shall be paid into the Consolidated

the Warden, with any person desiring to mine therein or thereon, the amount of compensation to be paid in respect of any such land, estate, or interest, and may enter into all necessary agreements for that purpose, and particularly any of the following parties so seized, possessed, or entitled as aforesaid may so settle with the applicant (that is to say);—all corporations, tenants in tail or for life, guardians, committees of lunatics and idiots, trustees, or feoffees in trust for charitable or other purposes, executors and administrators, and all parties for the time being entitled to the receipt of the rents and profits of any such land in possession, or subject to any estate in dower, or to any lease for life, or for lives and years, or for years, or any less interest, and every valuation so settled as aforesaid by all such parties, other than lessees for life, or lives and years, or for years, or for any less interest, shall be binding not only on themselves and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, but also on every person entitled in reversion, remainder, or expectancy after them, or in defeasance of the estates of such parties, and as to such guardians on their wards and as to such committees on the lunatics and idiots of whom they are the committees respectively, and as to such trustees, executors, or administrators on their cestuique trusts, whether infants, issue unborn, lunatics, femes covert, or other persons.

Lessee must fence if requested.

Appraiser may award further

damages.

20. During the progress of mining operations a lessee having a lease empowering him to mine below the surface of any area of land, may, for the purposes of mining or any purpose in connection therewith, apply to the Minister for a lease of a portion or any number of additional portions of the surface of the area of land under which he is empowered to mine: Provided that such lessee shall if required in writing so to do by the owner or occupier without delay cause a secure fence to be erected and kept in good repair around the shafts, machinery, or other works in connection with such mining: Provided also that if at any time the surface of any part of such land or any building, erection, or structure thereon belonging to such owner or occupier for which full compensation has not been previously paid shall be damaged by reason of such mining operations, the Minister, on application by the owner or occupier, accompanied by such fees as may be prescribed, shall cause an assessment of such damages to be made by a mining appraiser, who shall have power to assess both the amount of damage (if any) and also the costs of such assessment. And if the cause of such damage be disputed by either party, such mining appraiser may, if necessary, call in the aid of a mining engineer or surveyor, who, as well as such appraiser shall have power to examine the surface or undergound workings of such mine. And the lessee shall, during ordinary working hours, and within a reasonble time, comply with any request of such mining appraiser, engineer, or surveyor to furnish the usual appliances and aid necessary for descending to and ascending from such underground workings, and for examining thereinto as often as may reasonably be found necessary, and in the event of any lessee refusing or neglecting so to do, such lease shall be liable to forfeiture by the Governor. And within twenty-one days from the date of the notice of such assessment either party may appeal to the Minister; and such appeal shall be dealt with by the Warden whose decision shall be final, as in the case of ascertaining surface damages at the time of application for a lease; and should the lessee fail for the space of one month after the date of the notice informing him of the assessment—if no appeal shall have been made, or of the final decision of the Warden, as the case may be—to pay the amount assessed to whomsoever such notice shall direct, such amount shall be recoverable by the owner or occupier under the ordinary process of law, and the lease shall be liable to forfeiture and may be forfeited on the authority of the Governor

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# Mining on Private Lands (No. 2).

21. If any land, or buildings thereon, adjoining or in the Owner of adjoining vicinity of any land held under any mining lease granted under this land, &c., entitled to Act, be injured by any operations carried on by the lessee, the owner damage. and occupier respectively of such land or buildings shall be entitled to recover from such lessee compensation for all loss and damage thereby sustained by such owner and occupier, to be recovered in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

22. Nothing herein contained shall be construed as rendering Not obligatory to it obligatory on the Governor to grant a lease to any person applying grant leases. for the same, notwithstanding that he may have complied with the provisions of this Act and the regulations hereunder, but in case his application shall be refused he shall be informed of the reasons for such refusal. And a lease may be granted notwithstanding that the person applying for the same may not in every respect have complied with such regulations, and the Minister may alter, amend, and modify any application for a lease, and may reduce or increase the area of land of which a lease is appled for either on or below or both on and below the surface, or may direct a Warden to hold an inquiry in open Court with reference to any matter touching an application for a lease under this Act, and at all such inquiries the evidence shall be taken on oath.

23. In any case where at the time of the passing of this Act Existing agreements bond fide mining operations are being carried on under agreement upon protected by special any private land which is subject to be mined upon under the provisions of this Act, a joint application by the parties to such agreement or by their respective representatives for a special lease, if made in the prescribed manner within two months after this Act comes into force and if accompanied by an attested copy of such agreement shall have priority over all other applications with respect to the land defined therein. And such private agreement then in force shall in no way be disturbed or interfered with by the operations of this Act. And in the event of mining operations being carried on by the owner or owners of any such land, on their own account, at the time of the passing of this Act, and whether such land is held in one area or in two or more conjoined areas, or in detached portions, if such land has been acquired for or is owned and worked as one mine any application for a special lease of such lands by the owner or owners shall, if made within two months after this Act comes into force, have a like priority, and shall not be otherwise affected by this Act; or in any case where active mining operations have not been commenced, notwithstanding that the owner has, prior to the passing of this Act, obtained from the Governor or made application for a permit to mine for, win, and remove gold or any mineral other than gold from such private land, the owner may within two months after this Act coming into force apply in the prescribed manner to convert such permit into a special lease under Permit may be conthis Act; and in all cases referred to in this section such special leases verted into special leases. shall not be subject to the provisions of this Act with respect to area or the payment of rent.

24. Any person who prior to the passing of this Act shall have Permit to dig and obtained a permit from the Secretary for Lands or the Secretary for preferent claim to Mines to dig and search for gold, silver, lead, tin, or antimony in any lease. private land may, within two months as aforesaid, apply for and in such event shall have a preferent claim for a lease under this Act, but such lease shall, with respect to rent and other matters, be subject to all the provisions of this Act: Provided that two months after the passing of this Act all such permits shall become extinguished and inoperative, and the power of granting such permits is hereby repealed, all other Acts to the contrary notwithstanding. And if the holder of such permit shall fail for a period of two months as aforesaid to apply

for the conversion thereof into a lease under this Act, any other person may thereafter apply for a lease of such land, and the Governor may grant the same as if such permit had not been issued.

Owner may obtain a lease.

25. The owner of any private land or his agent on his behalf may at any time apply for a special lease of such land for mining purposes; but, except as hereinbefore provided, he shall have no preferential right to such lease as against any other application of prior or even date except for the period of two months after the passing of this Act. In the event of there being no conflicting application, or of such conflicting application having been refused, the Minister may dispense with the preliminary proceedings applicable in other cases, and the Governor may grant such lease, free from the charge of any rent. In other respects such lease shall be granted, subject to all the provisions of this Act and the regulations thereunder, as if the lessee were not the owner of such land.

Duration of lease.

Rents payable.

Area of lease.

Applications how dealt with.

Miners' rights necessary.

No lease to be granted until after publication of intention.

26. The term for which a lease may be granted under this  $\Lambda$ ct shall not exceed twenty years, but may, subject to such conditions as the Governor may approve, be renewed for a further period not exceeding twenty years, and the yearly rental reserved to the owner of the land in respect of such leases shall be twenty shillings per acre, commencing from the date of the notification in the Gazette of the approval of the lease by the Governor, and which shall be payable in the prescribed manner half-yearly in advance. The area of a lease shall not exceed twenty acres in the case of ordinary auriferous lands, and shall not exceed forty acres in the case of alluvial auriferous land where the mining operations will be conducted through basaltic rock formations, or where the quantity of water is such as to necessitate the erection of steam machinery, or where, in the opinion of the Minister a large outlay of money is necessary to make such land available for gold-mining purposes. And no lease of land for mining for silver, lead, tin, or antimony shall be granted of an area greater than eighty acres. Where practicable such leases shall be granted in conformity with the existing divisions of such land, but in all other cases the areas of such leases shall be measured in the prescribed form. The areas and rents herein specified shall apply to leases whether for only below the surface or for both on and below the surface.

27. In the event of more than one application being made for the same land, or any part thereof, the application, except as hereinbefore provided, which shall have been first received in manner prescribed, shall have priority, and in the event of two or more applications for the same land being received at the same time, it shall be determined by lot which application shall take precedence. And except when the lease applied for will cover the whole of a measured portion all such areas shall be surveyed before the issue of a lease, and in the event of any applicant refusing or neglecting to execute such lease for the space of one month after notice shall have been given him of such lease being ready for execution such lease shall be liable to forfeiture, with all moneys paid thereon, and all such leases shall, within one month after execution thereof, be registered with the Mining Registrar in Sydney, who shall forward a copy thereof to the Mining Registrar of the Division in which such land is situated, and thereafter all transfers of such leases, or of any portion thereof, shall be so registered within one month after the date of such transfer.

28. It shall be necessary for the applicant for a lease or the lessee to be the holder of a miner's right or a mineral license to establish or maintain a title to a lease for mining purposes under this Act. No mining lease shall be granted under this Act until after the expiration of fourteen days from the date of notification in the Gazette of intention to grant the same, and in some newspaper, the place of publication of which is near to the land sought to be leased.

29. The Warden may, upon the application of any corporation Encroaching on having the care and management of any public highway, street, or highways, streets, &c. road, or upon the application of any person authorised by such corporation by writing under the hand of the Warden, authorise any mining surveyor or surveyors to enter upon and inspect any land or mines comprised in any mining lease under this Act, and every part thereof, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the persons working such mines are encroaching on any public highway, street, or road, and whether the mining operations carried on can be continued without causing injury or damage to such public highway, street, or road, or to any house or building abutting thereon or adjoining thereto.

30. The Warden may, upon the application of the owner or Eneroachment on occupier of any land adjoining any land, whereon mining is being private land. carried on for gold or minerals other than gold, or upon the application of any person authorised by such owner or occupier authorise, in writing, any mining surveyor or surveyors to enter into and inspect such mines and every part thereof for the purpose of ascertaining whether the persons working such mines are encroaching upon the land of any owner not being land comprised in the mining lease of

such person.

31. The surveyor or surveyors authorised by an order made Powers of surveyor under the authority of this Act may enter into and inspect and survey authorised to enter the land and mines described in such order, and every part thereof, and descend any shaft or mine, and for such purpose use the engines and other machinery ordinarily employed for that purpose by the persons whose shaft or mine is descended; and the lessee of such shaft or mine or other person for whom the same is being worked shall provide all labour, assistance, appliances, and materials necessary to facilitate such inspection and survey, and such surveyor or surveyors authorised as aforesaid may make such plans and sections of the land entered upon, and of any drives or other works therein as are necessary for the purposes aforesaid.

- 32. Every such mining surveyor shall before entering on such Mining surveyor land make a declaration before the Warden, who is hereby authorised to make a declarato take the same, that he, the said surveyor, will not, except as a witness in a court of justice, without the consent in writing of the lessee of the land or mines to be entered upon, divulge, or cause to be divulged, to any person whomsoever any information obtained in the case of any such entry, save only as to whether such persons working such mines are encroaching on such land of any owner, not being land comprised in the mining lease of such person as aforesaid; and every surveyor who acts contrary to such declaration shall be liable on complaint before the Warden to forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding fifty pounds.
- 33. The owner of any private land not applied for or occupied Power to owner for mining purposes under the provisions of this Act shall be at liberty of private land to enter into an agreement in writing with any holder of a miner's right with holder of or mineral license giving such holder power to take possesssion of such mineral license to land for mining purposes as if it were Crown land, and with respect occupy for mining to the area which may be so taken possession of, the form of measurement, purposes. the mode of defining the boundaries thereof, the labour conditions, and the lapsing of title for non-compliance therewith, such land shall be held and worked, subject to the regulations of the Mining Board in force for the time being, and it shall not be necessary to obtain a mining lease under the provisions of this Act for such private land so occupied as aforesaid under miners' rights or mineral licenses: Provided that every such agreement shall within fourteen days thereafter be registered with the Mining Registrar for the district in which such land is situated, in accordance with regulations to be made by the Governor.

Adjoining lands may be worked as one area.

Failing to fulfil conditions lease may be forfeited.

Possession how recovered.

Former lessee may remove machinery.

Jurisdiction of

Wardens

34. Adjoining lands or lands disconnected by roads only and held under separate leases may be worked conjointly as one mine, provided such contiguous lands shall not in the aggregate exceed the area allowed respectively for leases under this Act, and except as hereinafter provided such mines shall be continuously worked according to the practice of efficient mining. And every lease granted under the authority of this Act shall contain a provision that if the lessee, his executors, administrators, or assigns fail at any time during the term of such lease to fulfil the conditions and covenants therein contained, or to use the land boná fide for the purposes for which it shall be demised, such lease shall for any such failure be liable to forfeiture and may be forfeited on the authority of the Governor: Provided that if at any time the mine shall become unworkable from any cause which, in the opinion of the Warden, would necessitate a suspension of mining operations, he may grant such suspension for a period not exceeding six months, and, in the event of operations having wholly ceased in connection with such mine for a period of twelve months, the lease shall thereupon become absolutely void and determined.

35. The lessee shall be entitled at any time, with the consent of the Governor, to surrender his lease. And in case any such lease shall become forfeited, or determined by any breach of covenant or condition or otherwise, or in case the term thereby granted shall have expired, possession of the land thereby demised may be recovered in such manner as may be set forth by any of the provisions of the lease, or if there be no such provision, it shall be lawful for the Attorney-General, on behalf of Her Majesty, to bring a suit in any Court of competent jurisdiction to recover possession of such land, and such suit may be commenced and carried on, and the proceedings therein may be the same and the judgment enforced in like manner as in the case of any other suit in such Court. Land, possession to which has been so recovered, or which has been abandoned, forfeited, or surrendered by the lessee, or of which the lease has expired by effluxion of time, shall revert to the owner or occupier thereof, but may at any time thereafter be again mined upon or mined under, subject to the provisions contained herein: Provided also that in the event of any such lease being forfeited for any breach of the conditions or covenants contained therein, or in the event of such lease having expired by effluxion of time or being otherwise determined, or in the event of the owner of such land having by the authority of the Governor re-entered and taken possession of such land, the former lessee, his executors, administrators, or assigns shall be at liberty within six months thereafter to remove all machinery and buildings erected over the same, and all appliances, tools, and material (other than the poppet-legs or brace erected over any shaft or any material already used for the purpose of keeping open the shafts, adits, or mine) belonging to such former lessee, or to his executors, administrators, or assigns; but the said lessee shall not be permitted to remove any machinery, buildings, plant, or material from such land unless and until all rent due in respect thereof has been paid, and all compensation for damage done thereto by mining thereon has been duly assessed and paid.

36. The jurisdiction, powers, and authorities conferred by or under the "Mining Act, 1874," or any Act amending or repealing the said Act, upon Wardens or Inspectors of Mines shall apply to and may be exercised in respect of all private lands the subject of any agreement or lease under this Act, and in respect of all questions affecting such lands or interests therein, or matters in dispute arising out of or connected with mining upon or under such land; and for that purpose

the said Act shall be read in connection with, and as forming part of, this Act. And the word land as used in the said Mining Act shall be deemed to comprise any private land the subject of an agreement or lease under this Act. And the provisions of the said Mining Act relating to appeals from the decisions of Wardens and Mining Appeal Appeals. Courts shall, except as hereinbefore provided in sections seventeen and twenty hereof with respect to compensation, be read and construed as forming part of this Act.

37. Subject to compensation as provided for in section sixteen Leases may be hereof, the Governor may, in the prescribed manner, grant a mining-granted through which to carry race lease of any private land, irrespective of any mineral reservations mining races. with respect to such lands, for the purpose only of cutting miningraces thereon and conveying water or detritus through or over such land to or from any mine, whether such mine be held under the provisions of this Act, or under the provisions of the "Mining Act of 1874," or any Act amending the same, and such leases shall be subject to the regulations to be provided hereunder, and to any special provisions the Governor may deem necessary to make.

38. In like manner the Governor may grant a lease of any area Leases may be of private lands for the purpose of a tramway or a machine site, or for granted for machine smelting works, or water conservation, or for any other purpose in &c. connection with mining, and the rent to be reserved for the owner of the land in leases granted under this and the preceding section shall be determined in the same manner as if it were a question of compensation for surface damages, and such leases shall be subject to such

special provisions as the Governor may deem necessary.

39. Whenever land is required for the purposes of a mining Lands may be village, and no Crown land is available, it shall be lawful for the resumed for village Governor by notification in the Gazette to resume any private land purposes. which he may deem necessary for such purpose. And on publication of such notification in the Gazette, such private lands shall vest in Her Majesty and become Crown lands reserved from sale or lease and from the operation of miners' rights, mineral licenses, or business licenses, until the Minister for Lands shall by notification in the Gazette revoke such reservation. On notification of such resumption appearing in the Gazette, the owner of such private land shall be entitled to compensation for the value thereof, and in the event of there being a tenant or rightful occupier of such land other than the owner, such tenant or occupier shall be entitled to compensation for the loss of his interest therein. The amount of such compensation shall on reference thereto by the Minister for Lands be appraised by the Local Land Board subject to appeal to the Land Court, under and subject to the provisions of section six of the "Crown Lands Act of 1889,"-

(a) Whenever under the provisions of this and the next suc- Lands may be ceeding sections it is deemed necessary to acquire private surrendered and other lands acquired land instead of resuming the same, it shall be lawful, if the by way of exchange. owner so desires, for the Governor to accept a surrender of such land and to grant to the owner by way of exchange any area of Crown lands of equal value. The Local Land Board shall inquire into and report on any such proposal for exchange, and the value of any land to be so acquired or granted shall be determined under the provisions of section six of the "Crown Lands Act of 1889," and the land so acquired shall vest in Her Majesty and become Crown lands, reserved from sale or occupation as otherwise provided in respect of resumed lands.

#### PART III.

Where alluvial gold deposits occur.

40. The Warden may grant a prospecting license to any person being the holder of a miner's right, and such license shall entitle the holder thereof to enter upon any private land not occupied under the provisions of this Act, nor held under agreement for mining purposes as provided in section thirty-three hereof, provided such land is subject to the operations of mining for gold under the provisions of this Act, and to mark off and occupy a prospecting area of the dimensions and in manner provided for in any Mining Act or regulations in force for the time being and appertaining to mining for gold on Crown lands, and such prospector shall have the right within such prospecting area to dig and search for gold subject to the provisions herein contained. \*And whenever alluvial deposits containing gold of a payable character are discovered such discovery shall forthwith be reported to the Warden, who shall report the same to the Minister, and on his being satisfied of the payable nature of such discovery the Minister may cause the land or any part thereof containing such deposits to be resumed for mining purposes, and on notification of such resumption appearing in the Gazette, the owner thereof shall be entitled to compensation for the value of such land for other than mining purposes and for the severance thereof from other land of the owner if only a part of a measured portion be resumed, and in the event of there being a tenant or rightful occupier of such land, other than the owner, such occupier shall be entitled to compensation for the loss of his interest therein. The amount of such compensation shall, on reference thereto by the Minister for Lands, be appraised by the Local Land Board subject to appeal to the Land Court under and subject to the provisions of section six of the "Crown Lands Act of 1889,"—

Land may be resumed.

Former owner to have preferent right to repurchase or release.

Deposit to cover surface damage.

become Crown lands, and without further notification shall be reserved from sale and from occupation for other than mining purposes until such reservation be revoked by the Governor; and whenever such revocation shall take place, the then owner of the estate of which such land originally formed a part shall be entitled to repurchase or release such land at a price or rental to be determined by the Minister for Lands after appraisement by the Land Board, subject to appeal to the Land Court, and failing such repurchase or release the land shall be dealt with as ordinary Crown lands.

(a) Lands resumed for the aforesaid purposes shall vest in Her

Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors according to law, and

41. Before authorising any person to enter upon such private land for prospecting purposes, the Warden shall hold an inquiry on the land of which due notice shall be given to the owner and occupier (if any), or their respective local agents, provided such agents are registered as such with the Mining Registrar as well as to the applicant, and shall thereupon assess the amount of money to be deposited by the applicant for a prospecting license towards covering the damage to the surface of such land likely to be caused by mining operations being conducted thereon; and the Warden may make such stipulations and conditions with respect to such mining operations as shall appear to him necessary and expedient, and shall have power to enforce the same in all cases.

Prospector to have preferent right to claim.

42. Whenever a notification of resumption as aforesaid shall appear in the *Gazette*, the authorised prospector, in the event of his being the discoverer of such payable deposits, and having duly reported the same to the Warden shall be deemed to be the first applicant for a prospecting claim under his miner's right; and the date of publication

#### Johnstone's Bay Storm-water Sewers.

of such notification in the Gazette shall be reckoned as the date of application of such prospecting claim; but in all other respects as to area, labour conditions, and other matters, the application shall be dealt with subject to the regulations in force for the time being authorising the occupation of Crown lands for mining purposes; and in the event If auriferous veins of an auriferous quartz vein being discovered in such prospecting area, are discovered, the holder or holders thereof shall report the same to the Warden, and for a lease. within thirty days thereafter shall be entitled to apply for a lease of such land in accordance with the provisions of Part II of this Act, and he or they shall in such case be deemed to be the first applicant or applicants as the case may be. And in the event of such land not being proved to contain payable alluvial deposits of gold it

shall not be resumed for mining purposes.

43. It shall be lawful for the Governor to make regulations Governor may make in accordance with this Act which may provide for their enforcement regulations. by penalties not exceeding in any case fifty pounds for carrying out the provisions of this Act, which regulations shall, upon being published in the Gazette, be valid in law: Provided that a copy of every such regulation shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen days from the publication thereof if Parliament be then in Session, or otherwise within fourteen days after the commencement of the next ensuing Session, and if both Houses of Parliament shall by resolution passed within one month thereafter disapprove of the same or any part thereof, the same or such part shall thereupon cease to be valid in law.