

Regulations under the *Social Welfare Ordinance 1964*

I ROGER LEVINGE DEAN, the Administrator of the Northern Territory of Australia, having received the advice of the Administrator's Council, in pursuance of the powers conferred on me by the *Social Welfare Ordinance 1964* and the *Administrator's Council Ordinance 1959-1963*, hereby make the following Regulations.

Dated this tenth day of August, 1965.

R. L. DEAN,
Administrator

SOCIAL WELFARE REGULATIONS

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Social Welfare Regulations. Citation
 2. The Social Welfare Regulations (being Regulations 1965, No. 6) Repeal are repealed.
 3. A person who is found drunk on a reserve, except in a dwelling place in which he is lawfully present, commits an offence and is liable, upon conviction, to a penalty as follows:— Drunkenness on a reserve
 - (a) for a first offence—a fine not exceeding One pound or imprisonment for a period not exceeding three days; and
 - (b) for any subsequent offence—a fine not exceeding Five pounds or imprisonment for a period not exceeding fourteen days.
 - 4.—(1.) A person on a reserve shall not— Offensive conduct on a reserve
 - (a) behave in a riotous, disorderly or offensive manner;
 - (b) use language, or perform any act, calculated to or likely to cause a breach of the peace or to provoke or encourage disorderly behaviour;
 - (c) fight; or
 - (d) use language, or perform any act, calculated to or likely to provoke or encourage a fight.
- Penalty: Twenty pounds or imprisonment for two months.
- (2.) In a prosecution for behaving in an offensive manner the prosecutor must establish that the behaviour was offensive to a witness.

* Notified in the *Northern Territory Government Gazette* on 11 August, 1965

Firearms or
other missiles
on reserves

5.—(1.) A person on a reserve shall not—

- (a) discharge a firearm as defined in the *Firearms Ordinance 1956-1964*; or
- (b) throw or discharge a stone or other missile so that any other person is or may be put in danger or fear, or any property is or may be injured.

Penalty: Twenty pounds, or imprisonment for two months.

(2.) It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence under the last preceding sub-regulation if the defendant proves that—

- (a) he had reasonable cause or excuse for performing the action; and
 - (b) he exercised due care in his performance of the action.
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