



ANNO NONO

GEORGII VI REGIS.

A.D. 1945.

No. 23 of 1945.

An Act to authorize the sale of land in respect of which arrears of rates or taxes are payable to the Crown, and for incidental purposes.

[Assented to 20th December, 1945.]

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the State of South Australia, with the advice and consent of the Parliament thereof, as follows :

Short title. 1. This Act may be cited as the "Crown Rates and Taxes Recovery Act, 1945".

Interpretation. 2. In this Act, except where the context or subject matter otherwise requires—

"Crown lease" means any lease or agreement for sale of Crown lands which, pursuant to Part IX. of The Real Property Act, 1886-1939, is deemed to be registered:

"Crown rates or taxes" or "Crown rates and taxes" means—

- (a) any rates, charges for water, or other charges of any kind payable to the Minister of Works pursuant to the Sewerage Act, 1929-1936, the Water Conservation Act, 1936, or the Waterworks Act, 1932-1936;
- (b) any rates, charges for water, or other charges of any kind payable to the Minister of Irrigation pursuant to the Irrigation Act, 1930-1941;
- (c) any rates and any fines added thereto payable to the South-Eastern Drainage Board pursuant to the South-Eastern Drainage Act, 1931-1935;

(d) any tax payable to the Commissioner of Taxes pursuant to the Land Tax Act, 1936-1942 ;

(e) any rates or penalties on rates payable to the Commissioner of Taxes pursuant to the Phylloxera Act, 1936 :

“ Crown rating or taxing authority ” includes the Minister of Works, Minister of Irrigation, the South-Eastern Drainage Board, and the Commissioner of Taxes :

“ land ” includes any interest in land created by a Crown lease :

“ Minister ” means the Minister of Lands :

“ registered proprietor ” includes a person who is entered in the Register of Crown Leases as the holder of a Crown lease.

3. (1) In any case where any Crown rates or taxes (whether becoming due before or after the passing of this Act) in respect of any land have been due and owing for not less than three years; the Crown rating or taxing authority to which the Crown rates or taxes are payable may by notice in writing given to the Minister, request the Minister to exercise the powers conferred upon him by this Act for the purpose of recovering the Crown rates and taxes payable in respect of the land.

Notice to
Minister of
liability of
land to Crown
rates or taxes.

(2) The Minister shall thereupon ascertain whether any other Crown rates or taxes (whether becoming due before or after the passing of this Act) are due and payable in respect of the land, and shall exercise the powers given by this Act for the recovery of all the Crown rates and taxes payable in respect of the land.

4. (1) For the purpose aforesaid the Minister shall have the following powers :—

Power of
Minister to
sell land.

I. Power to sell the said land :

II. Power to transfer or convey the land sold.

(2) The said power of sale shall include—

(a) a power to sell the land or any part thereof either together or in lots by public auction or by private contract subject to such terms and conditions with respect to the payment of the purchase money or any other matter (including power to fix a reserve) as the Minister thinks fit ;

(b) power to vary any contract of sale and to buy in at any auction ;

- (c) power to rescind any contract for sale and to resell without being answerable for any loss occasioned thereby ;
- (d) power to make such streets and roads and to grant such easements of right-of-way or drainage over the same as the circumstances of the case may require and the Minister thinks fit :

Provided that the land shall not be sold by private contract unless and until the land has been first offered for sale by public auction.

Conditions for
exercise of
power of sale.

5. (1) The Minister shall not exercise the power of sale conferred by this Act unless and until notice requiring payment of all Crown rates and taxes owing in respect of the land has been—

- (a) in the case of land under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939, served on the person registered as the proprietor in fee simple thereof or as the proprietor of a Crown lease thereof by being delivered to him or by being sent in a registered letter posted to him at any address stated as his place of abode or business in any recent letter or document received from him by any Crown rating or taxing authority or at his usual or last known place of abode or business ;
- (b) in the case of land not under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939, served on the owner in fee simple thereof or on the person appearing by the last memorial relating to the land in the office of the Registrar-General to be seised of the fee simple thereof, by being delivered to him or by being sent in a registered letter posted to him at any address stated as his place of abode or business in any recent letter or document received from him by any Crown rating or taxing authority or at his usual or last known place of abode or business ; and
- (c) served on every person appearing by the register book or any memorial in the office of the Registrar-General to have any estate or interest in the land by being delivered to him or by being sent in a registered letter posted to him at any address stated as his place of abode or business in any recent letter or document received from him by any Crown rating or taxing authority or at his usual or last known place of abode or business.

(2) If in the case of any person required by this section to be served, no such address is known, notice requiring payment shall be served on that person by being advertised once in a newspaper circulating in the neighbourhood of the land, and once in the *Gazette*. It shall be competent to include in any such notice lands belonging to more than one owner. Any such notice may be in the form No. 1 in the schedule, or in a form to the like effect.

6. (1) Every such notice requiring payment shall—

Contents of notice.

- (a) be in writing and be dated and signed by the Director of Lands ;
- (b) specify the total amounts owing in respect of Crown rates and taxes of which payment is required ;
- (c) specify the land in respect of which the Crown rates and taxes are owing by a sufficient description of the land and the name of the registered proprietor in fee simple or the person seised of the fee simple thereof or of the registered proprietor of the Crown lease thereof ; and
- (d) include a statement that in default of payment of the amounts therein specified, the land will be offered for sale by public auction after the expiration of three months from the date of notice at a time appointed by the Minister.

(2) Subject to subsection (2) of section 5, every such notice may be in the form No. 2 in the schedule. or in a form to the like effect.

7. The Minister shall appoint a time not less than three months and not more than twelve months from the service of the notices required by section 5 at which the land may be offered for sale by public auction.

Fixing of time for sale by auction.

8. (1) The sale shall be advertised—

Advertisement of sale.

- (a) twice at least in a newspaper circulating in the neighbourhood of the land ;
- (b) once at least in the *Gazette* ;
- (c) by such further and other means (if any) as in the circumstances the Minister considers reasonable and proper.

(2) Every such advertisement shall contain a sufficient description of the land and any improvements thereon (if any).

(3) In the advertisement it shall be competent to include lands belonging to more than one owner.

Combination
of all lands of
same owner.

9. If Crown rates or taxes are owing in respect of more than one piece of land in the name of the same owner, all the Crown rates and taxes so owing and all the said lands may be set forth in one notice requiring payment and in one advertisement of sale.

Right to pay
Crown rates
and taxes.

10. Up to the time of the actual sale of any land for non-payment of Crown rates or taxes any person having any estate or interest in the land may pay all Crown rates and taxes then in arrear, and the costs then incurred, and thereafter the proceedings shall be stayed.

Power of
Minister to
transfer or
convey land.

11. The Minister exercising the power of sale conferred by this Act shall have power by transfer (where the land is under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939), and by deed (where the land is not under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939), to transfer or convey an indefeasible estate in fee simple in the land sold or where the land sold is comprised in a Crown lease the interest in the land created by the Crown lease, free in all cases from any mortgage, lease (other than the Crown lease), tenancy, encumbrance or charge.

Statutory
declaration.

12. A transfer or conveyance expressed to be in exercise of the power of sale conferred by this Act shall, if accompanied by a statutory declaration by the Director of Lands that the provisions of this Act have been complied with, be accepted by the Registrar-General as sufficient evidence that the power of sale has been duly exercised.

Duties of
Minister and
Registrar-
General.

13. (1) Where the land sold is under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939, the transfer shall, after payment to the Minister of the purchase money payable and of the necessary fees and charges for the stamping and registration of the transfer, be executed by the Minister and shall be in the form No. 3 in the schedule, or in a form to the like effect. The Minister shall forthwith after the execution thereof cause the memorandum of transfer to be forwarded to the Registrar-General together with the appropriate fees and charges.

(2) Where the land sold is not under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939—

- (a) the conveyance shall, after payment to the Minister of the purchase money payable and of the necessary fees for stamping the conveyance and the other fees and charges necessary to be paid as provided by subsection (3), be executed by the Minister ;
- (b) the Minister shall forthwith after the execution thereof cause the conveyance to be forwarded to the Registrar-General, together with the appropriate

fees and charges and together with a request in writing to the Registrar-General to issue to and in the name of the purchaser, a certificate of title under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939, for the said land.

(3) The Registrar-General shall, on receipt of any such conveyance and request and upon payment of such fees and charges as would have been payable if the request had been an application to bring the land conveyed under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939, and without any further evidence of title or the necessity of publishing any notice of the said request, forthwith issue to the purchaser a certificate of title as aforesaid.

Before issuing a certificate of title as aforesaid the Registrar-General may require the Director of Lands to deposit with him a plan or map of the land conveyed, as if the request had been an application to bring the land conveyed under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of The Real Property Act, 1886-1939, but subject to subsection (5), the registration of a memorandum of transfer as aforesaid or issue of a certificate of title as aforesaid shall, when the land transferred is not comprised in a Crown lease, vest in the purchaser an indefeasible estate in fee simple in the land free from any mortgage, lease, tenancy, encumbrance or charge and shall, when the land transferred is comprised in any Crown lease, vest in the purchaser the interest in the Crown lease free from any mortgage, other lease, tenancy, encumbrance, or charge. Where any transfer or conveyance is made in professed exercise of the power of sale conferred by this Act, the title of the purchaser shall not be impeachable on the ground that no case had arisen to authorize the sale or that due notice was not given or that the power was otherwise improperly or irregularly exercised; but any person damnified by an unauthorized or improper or irregular exercise of the power shall have his remedy in damages against the Minister.

(5) If any land so sold is comprised in a limited certificate of title within the meaning of the Real Property (Registration of Titles) Act, 1945, and issued pursuant to that Act, the Registrar-General may, before issuing therefor an ordinary certificate of title within the meaning of that Act, require the deposit of such plans of survey or otherwise as he deems necessary.

(6) If any land so sold is comprised in a Crown lease and any copy thereof is not produced to the Registrar-General with the

memorandum of transfer, the Registrar-General may issue a provisional copy of the Crown lease which shall be valid and effectual for all purposes as if it were the original Crown lease.

Application of
purchase
money.

14. The money received by the Minister arising from the sale shall be held by the Minister to be applied as follows :—

Firstly, in payment of the costs, charges, and expenses properly incurred by the Minister as incidental to the sale or any attempted sale or otherwise ;

Secondly, in discharge of all Crown rates or taxes due to any Crown rating or taxing authority in respect of the land and, if the land sold is comprised in a Crown lease, in payment of all rent, principal and interest due and payable to the Crown under the Crown lease ;

Thirdly, in discharge of all rates levied under the Local Government Act, 1934-1941, and due to any municipal council or district council in respect of the land ;

Fourthly, in discharge of any mortgages, encumbrances, and charges whether registered or not, according to their respective priorities at law, so far as the same can be ascertained by the Minister ; and

Fifthly, in payment of the residue of the money within twelve months after the receipt thereof to the registered proprietor of the land or to the owner in fee simple of the land or into the Supreme Court under the provisions of section 47 of the Trustee Act, 1936,

and thereafter any money so paid into court shall be subject to the provisions of the said Act so far as the same are applicable ; but any petition, claim, suit, or action for or in respect of any such moneys shall be presented within six years after payment as aforesaid of the residue into the Supreme Court, and after the expiration of the said period all moneys then in the Supreme Court to the credit of the particular trust concerned shall, if there is no such petition, claim, suit, or action pending or any order of the Supreme Court to the contrary, be paid into and form part of the general revenue of the State.

Receipt of
Minister or
Director of
Lands a
discharge.

15. The receipt in writing of the Minister or the Director of Lands shall be a sufficient discharge for any money paid on the exercise of the power of sale conferred by this Act, and a person paying the same to the Minister shall not be concerned to inquire whether any money remains due to any Crown rating or taxing authority or to any municipal council or district council for Crown rates or taxes or other rates in respect of the land sold.

16. (1) If any land (other than land comprised in a Crown lease) is offered for sale pursuant to this Act, but no bid is made for the land at the auction or no bid equal to the amount of the Crown rates and taxes payable in respect of the land is made for the land at the auction, the Minister shall have power by transfer (where the land is under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939), and by deed (where the land is not under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939) to transfer or convey the land to the Minister.

Provisions
where no bid
or no sufficient
bid at auction.

(2) Where the land is under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939, the transfer shall be executed by the Minister and shall be in the form No. 4 in the schedule, or in a form to the like effect.

(3) Where the land is not under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939—

(a) the conveyance shall be executed by the Minister ;

(b) the Minister shall forward the conveyance to the Registrar-General together with a request in writing to the Registrar-General to issue to and in the name of the Minister, a certificate of title under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939, for the said land.

The Registrar-General shall, on receipt of any such conveyance and request, and without any further evidence of title or the necessity of publishing any notice of the said request, forthwith issue to the Minister a certificate of title as aforesaid. Before issuing any certificate of title as aforesaid, the Registrar-General may require the Minister to deposit with him a plan or map of the land conveyed, as if the request had been an application to bring the land conveyed under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939.

(4) A transfer or conveyance expressed to be in exercise of the power conferred by this section shall, if accompanied by a statutory declaration by the Director of Lands that the provisions of this Act have been complied with, be accepted by the Registrar-General as sufficient evidence that the power has been duly exercised.

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of The Real Property Act, 1886-1939, but subject to subsection (7), the registration of a memorandum of transfer as aforesaid or issue of a certificate of title as aforesaid shall vest in the Minister an indefeasible estate in fee simple in the land free from any mortgage, lease, tenancy, encumbrance, or charge.

(6) No transfer or conveyance made in professed exercise of the power conferred by this section shall be impeachable on the ground that no case had arisen to authorize the exercise of the power or that due notice was not given or that the power was

otherwise improperly or irregularly exercised, but any person damnified by an unauthorized or improper or irregular exercise of the power shall have his remedy in damages against the Minister.

(7) If the land so transferred is comprised in a limited certificate of title within the meaning of the Real Property (Registration of Titles) Act, 1945, and issued pursuant to that Act, the Registrar-General may, before issuing therefor an ordinary certificate of title within the meaning of that Act, require the deposit of such plans of survey or otherwise as he deems necessary.

(8) Any land vested in the Minister pursuant to this section may be disposed of by the Minister in such manner as he thinks fit.

Provision
where
insufficient bid
made for
Crown lease.

17. (1) If any land comprised in a Crown lease is offered for sale pursuant to this Act but no bid is made for the land at the auction or no bid equal to the total of the amount of the Crown rates and taxes payable in respect of the land and the amount of any rent, principal, or interest due and payable to the Crown under the Crown lease is made, the Minister, notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act, may direct in writing that the Crown lease is cancelled.

(2) The Minister shall cause a copy of the direction aforesaid to be given to the Registrar-General who shall cancel the Crown lease by inscribing thereon "Cancelled pursuant to the provisions of section 17 of the Crown Rates and Taxes Recovery Act, 1945", and, notwithstanding the provisions of The Real Property Act, 1886-1939, the land shall thereupon be deemed to be Crown lands free from any mortgage, lease, tenancy, encumbrance, or charge and shall be dealt with as Crown lands under the Crown Lands Act, 1939-1944.

(3) If any Crown lease is cancelled in professed exercise of the powers conferred by this section, the cancellation shall not be impeachable on the ground that no case had arisen to authorize the exercise of the power or that due notice was not given or that the power was otherwise improperly or irregularly exercised, but any person damnified by an unauthorized or improper or irregular exercise of the power shall have his remedy in damages against the Minister.

Discharge of
liability on
sale of land.

18. Any sale of land by the Minister pursuant to this Act or any transfer or conveyance made pursuant to section 16 or any cancellation of a Crown lease pursuant to section 17 shall discharge the land and all owners and occupiers thereof and all previous owners and occupiers thereof from—

- (a) all liability for payment to any Crown rating or taxing authority of any Crown rates or taxes payable in respect of the land at the time of the sale, transfer, conveyance or cancellation, as the case may be ;
- (b) all liability to any municipal council or district council for rates or other moneys due to the council for any purpose which at the time of the sale, transfer, conveyance, or cancellation, as the case may be, were a charge upon the said land or which were otherwise recoverable pursuant to any Act by the council in respect of the said land ;
- (c) all liability for payments of any rent, principal, or interest due and payable to the Crown at the time of the sale or cancellation, as the case may be, under any Crown lease in which the land is comprised.

19. The provisions of this Act shall be construed as being in addition to and not in substitution for the provisions of any other Act providing for the recovery of Crown rates or taxes or the recovery of rates or other amounts payable to municipal councils or district councils or the recovery of any rent, principal or interest payable under any Crown lease and, subject to the provisions of section 18, any powers of any Crown rating or taxing authority or of any municipal council or district council to take any proceedings under any other Act for the recovery of any Crown rates or taxes or other rates or other amounts and any powers under any other Act for the recovery of any such rent, principal or interest, shall not be limited or affected by the provisions of this Act.

Saving
provision.

20. Any reference in this Act to any mortgage, lease, tenancy, encumbrance, or charge shall include a reference to any mortgage, lease, tenancy, encumbrance or charge in favour of the Crown, the Government of the State, or any instrumentality, branch or department of the said Government.

Application of
Act to Crown
mortgages, etc.

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty, I hereby
assent to this Bill.

C. W. M. NORRIE, Governor.

THE SCHEDULE.

FORM No. 1.

Notice requiring Payment of Crown Rates and Taxes under the Crown Rates and Taxes Recovery Act, 1945.

The several registered proprietors or persons appearing by the last memorial in the office of the Registrar-General to be seised of the fee simple respectively of or to be the registered proprietors respectively of Crown leases granted in respect of the several pieces of land described in the fourth column of the schedule hereto, and the persons appearing in the Register Book or by memorial in the office of the Registrar-General to have respectively an estate or interest in such land, and whose names appear in the first column of the said schedule.

Take notice that—

1. Default has been made in the payment to the [state Crown rating or taxing authority to which rates or taxes are payable] of a rate (or tax) imposed pursuant to the [state Act under which rate or tax is imposed] in respect of the several pieces of land described in the fourth column of the schedule hereto, and the said default has continued in respect of each separate piece of land since the date in the second column of the schedule hereto set opposite the description of that piece of land ;
2. The total amount owing in respect of such rates (or taxes) in respect of each piece of land is in the third column of the schedule hereto set opposite the description of that piece of land ;
3. Payment of these amounts representing rates (or taxes) is hereby required ; and
4. In default of payment thereof, the said several pieces of land will be offered for sale by public auction after the expiration of three months from the date hereof at a time appointed by the Minister of Lands.

The pieces of land in respect of which the rates (or taxes) specified in the third column of the schedule hereto are owing are those severally described in the fourth column of the said schedule and set opposite the respective amounts so specified.

Dated the _____ day of _____, 19 _____

Director of Lands.

SCHEDULE HEREINBEFORE REFERRED TO.

Names of Registered Proprietors or Owners, and also of all other Persons having an estate or interest in the land.	Date since which the default has continued.	Amount owing showing separately the amount owing as rates or taxes to different Crown rating or taxing authorities.	Description of the several pieces of land referred to.	Tenure on which the land is held.

FORM NO. 2.

*Notice requiring Payment of Crown Rates or Taxes under the Crown Rates and
Taxes Recovery Act, 1945.*

Where the land is under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939.

To A.B., the registered proprietor in fee simple (or as Crown lessee) of the land hereinafter described and

To C.D. [and E.F.], a person [or persons] appearing by the Register Book to have an estate or interest in the said land.

Where the land is not under The Real Property Act, 1886-1939.

To A.B., the person or the person appearing by the last memorial in the office of the Registrar-General to be seised of the fee simple of the land hereinafter described, and

To C.D. [and E.F.], a person [or persons] appearing by a memorial in the office of the Registrar-General to have an estate or interest in the said land.

Take notice that—

1. Default has been made in the payment to the [state Crown rating or taxing authority to which rates or taxes are payable] of a rate [or tax] imposed pursuant to [state Act under which rate or tax is imposed] in respect of the land hereinafter described, and the said default has continued since the _____ day of [insert date on which rate became payable].

2. The total amount owing in respect of such rate (or tax) in respect of the land is [state amount in figures].

3. Payment of this amount is hereby required; and

4. In default of payment thereof, the said land will be offered for sale by public auction after the expiration of three months from the date hereof at a time appointed by the Minister of Lands.

The land in respect of which the rates are owing is:—

[Specify the land by a sufficient description.]

Dated the _____ day of _____, 19 _____.

Director of Lands.

FORM NO. 3.

Memorandum of Transfer.

I, _____ the Minister of Lands, in exercise of the power of sale conferred by the Crown Rates and Taxes Recovery Act, 1945, and in consideration of the sum of [state amount] paid to me by _____ of [state address and occupation], hereby transfer to the said _____ an estate of [describe the interest transferred] in all that piece of land, etc. [describe the land].

Dated this _____ day of _____, 19 _____.

Minister of Lands.

Accepted.

[Signature of Transferee.]

Transferee.

[Signature of Witness.]

Witness to signature of transferee.

FORM NO. 4.

Memorandum of Transfer.

I, _____ the Minister of Lands, in exercise of the powers conferred upon me by section 16 of the Crown Rates and Taxes Recovery Act, 1945, hereby transfer to _____ the Minister of Lands an estate of [describe the interest transferred] in all that piece of land, etc. [describe the land].

Dated the _____ day of _____, 19 _____.

Minister of Lands.