

3—(1) The enactments that are specified in the schedule to this Act are amended as respectively specified therein. Amendments
of certain
enactments.

(2) The amendment of the *Wages Boards Act 1920* that is effected by the schedule to this Act shall be deemed to have commenced on the first day of July 1967.

THE SCHEDULE.

(Section 3.)

AMENDMENTS OF CERTAIN ENACTMENTS.

Public Service Tribunal Act 1958.

Section 9 is amended by omitting from paragraph (e) of subsection (7) thereof the words "determining standard rates of salaries or altering the basic wage or the principles on which it is determined" and substituting therefor the words "where, and to such extent as, the Tribunal considers it desirable to do so".

Wages Boards Act 1920.

Section 23C is amended by omitting from subsection (3A) thereof all the words after the word "determined" (first occurring) to the end of that subsection and substituting therefor the words "and may fix the amount or rate of that wage".

LICENSING.

No. 28 of 1967.

AN ACT to amend the *Licensing Act 1932*, the *Licensing Act (No. 3) 1937*, the *Licensing Act 1952*, and the *Licensing (Fees) Act 1965*.

[1 September 1967.]

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

1—(1) This Act may be cited as the *Licensing Act 1967*. Short title,
citation, and
commence-
ment.

(2) The *Licensing Act 1932*, as subsequently amended, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

(3) The provisions of this Act shall commence on such days respectively as may be fixed by proclamation in relation to each of those provisions.

Interpre-
tation.

2 Section three of the Principal Act is amended—

(a) by inserting in subsection (1) thereof, after the definition of “inspector”, the following definition:—

“‘licensed premises’ has the meaning assigned to that expression by subsection (1) of section forty-three;”;

(b) by inserting in the definition of “licensee” in that subsection, after the word “public-house”, the word “restaurant”.

Jurisdiction
of court.

3 Section fifteen of the Principal Act is amended—

(a) by inserting after paragraph (a) of subsection (1) thereof the following paragraph:—

“(ab) restaurant licences;”;

(b) by omitting from paragraph (d) of that subsection the words “for hotel licences”.

Licences
which may be
granted.

4 Section twenty-one of the Principal Act is amended by inserting after paragraph (c) of subsection (1) thereof the following paragraph:—

“(ca) Restaurant licences;”.

Fees payable
in respect of
licences.

5 Section twenty-four of the Principal Act is amended—

(a) by inserting after paragraph (a) of subsection (1) thereof the following paragraph:—

“(ab) for every restaurant licence, twenty dollars;”;

(b) by omitting from paragraph (g) of that subsection the words “in respect of a hotel or public-house”;

(c) by inserting in subsection (1A) thereof, after the symbol “(a)”, the symbol “, (ab),”;

(d) by inserting after that subsection the following subsection:—

“(1AB) For the purposes of paragraph (a) of subsection (1A) of this section, any liquor that is purchased by the holder of a licence for sale at any place at which the holder is authorized under this Act to sell or supply liquor other than the premises to which the licence relates or for sale to the holder of any permit under this Act shall be deemed to have been purchased for the premises to which the licence relates.”;

(e) by omitting from subsection (1B) thereof the words “provisional certificate in respect of a hotel or public-house” and substituting therefor the words “new licence (as defined in subsection (8) of section twenty-four A) in respect of any premises”, and by omitting from that subsection the word “certificate” (second, third, and fourth occurring) and substituting therefor, in each case, the word “licence”;

- (f) by inserting in paragraph (b) of subsection (2A) thereof, after the word "authority", the words "(not being a permit under section sixty-five)";
- (g) by inserting in paragraph (b) of subsection (2D) thereof, after the word "authority", the words "(not being a permit under section sixty-five)";
- (h) by inserting in paragraph (c) of that subsection, after the word "public-house", the word "restaurant,";
- (i) by omitting from subsection (3) thereof the word "The" at the commencement of the subsection and substituting therefor the words "Subject to subsection (3A) of this section, the";
- (j) by omitting from paragraph (a) of that subsection the words "persons authorized to sell liquor under this Act" and substituting therefor the words "retailers of liquor";
- (k) by inserting after that subsection the following subsection:—

"(3A) Subsection (3) of this section does not require the inclusion in a return under that subsection of any sale or supply of liquor by the holder of a wholesale licence to—

- (a) the master or owner of a ship or aircraft that is entered outwards for a place outside the territorial waters of the State if the liquor is sold or supplied as stores for the use of the passengers or crew of the ship or aircraft; or
- (b) a person outside Australia or to a person in this State who intends to export that liquor to a place outside Australia.";
- (l) by omitting from subsection (5) thereof the words "persons authorized to sell liquor under this Act" and substituting therefor the words "retailers of liquor"; and
- (m) by adding at the end thereof the following subsection:—

"(6) In this section, 'retailer of liquor' means—

 - (a) a person who is the holder of any licence under this Act (other than a wholesale licence, a wine licence, or an importer's licence); and
 - (b) a registered club."

6 Section twenty-four A of the Principal Act is amended—

- (a) by omitting from sub-paragraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subsection (6) thereof the words "or provisional certificate"; and
- (b) by omitting from the definition of "new licence" in subsection (8) thereof the words "or a provisional certificate" and the words "or certificate".

Court to fix percentage fee.

Accommodation in hotels.

7 Section twenty-seven of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (1) thereof the passage beginning with the word "Except" and ending with the word "contains—" and substituting therefor the words "Except as provided in subsection (4) of section twenty-seven A, no hotel licence shall be granted in respect of any house unless the house contains—".

Accommodation in new hotels.

8 Section twenty-seven A of the Principal Act is amended—

(a) by omitting from subsection (1) thereof the words "section twenty-seven B" and substituting therefor the words "subsection (4) of this section"; and

(b) by adding at the end thereof the following subsections:—

"(4) Subject to subsection (5) of this section, where—

(a) an application is made to the court for a hotel licence or a provisional certificate for a hotel licence; and

(b) it is proved to the satisfaction of the court that, having regard to all the circumstances relating to the locality where the house to which the application relates is situated, the public convenience of that locality, and the needs of the travelling public, the requirements of the public with respect to accommodation are, or are likely to be, insufficient to warrant the provision in that house of the number and kind of rooms required by the foregoing provisions of this section,

the court may, in its discretion, grant to the applicant a hotel licence or a provisional certificate for a hotel licence, as the case requires, in respect of that house notwithstanding that the house does not, or will not when completed, contain the rooms so required.

"(5) The court shall not grant a licence or provisional certificate in pursuance of subsection (4) of this section unless it is satisfied that the granting of the licence or certificate will not prejudice to a material degree the interests of other persons who are the holders of licences in respect of premises in the locality.

"(6) The court shall not grant a licence or provisional certificate in pursuance of subsection (4) of this section unless the public notice of the application for the licence or certificate

advertised in accordance with the provisions of this Act contains a statement, in the prescribed form and containing the prescribed particulars, to the effect that on the hearing of the application the court will be requested to exercise the powers conferred on it by that subsection.

“(7) Where an application is made to the court to exercise the power conferred on it by subsection (4) of this section, a person who is entitled under Part VI to object to the granting of a licence or provisional certificate in respect of the premises to which the application relates—

- (a) may not object to the granting thereof on the ground mentioned in paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section fifty-three; and
- (b) may (without affecting his right to object on any other ground mentioned in that subsection) object to the granting thereof on the ground that the public convenience of the locality in which the house is situated requires, or the needs of the travelling public require, the provision therein of the number and kind of rooms required by subsections (1) and (2) of this section.”.

9 Section twenty-seven B of the Principal Act is repealed.

Power to dispense with certain requirements.

10 Section thirty-three of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (5) thereof the words “The applicant for a provisional certificate” and substituting therefor the words “A person by whom an application under this section is made”.

New Licences

11 After section thirty-four A of the Principal Act the following Part is inserted:—

“ PART IVA.

“ RESTAURANT LICENCES.

“ 34B In this Part, unless the contrary intention appears— Interpretation.

‘restaurant’ means premises in or on which meals are regularly supplied on sale to the public for consumption on the premises;

‘separate seats’ means seats each of which is constructed for occupation by one person and one person only;

‘substantial meal’ means a meal of such type, nature, and description as the court may determine to be a substantial meal for the purposes of this Part, being a meal—

- (a) that consists of not less than two courses, of which at least one course comprises or includes meat or fish otherwise than in sandwich form; and
- (b) at which the person partaking of the meal is seated at a table.

Restaurant
licences.

“34C—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Part, the court on the application of the person having the immediate supervision or control of the business of a restaurant, may, in its discretion, grant to that person a restaurant licence.

“(2) A restaurant licence, while in force, has effect to authorize the licensee to sell and supply liquor during the permitted hours (within the meaning of subsection (3) of section eighty-nine) to any person on the premises of the restaurant for consumption with or as ancillary to a substantial meal supplied by the licensee, but not otherwise.

Restrictions
on granting
of restaurant
licences.

“34D—(1) The court shall not grant a restaurant licence to any person other than a person who has the immediate supervision or control of the business of a restaurant.

“(2) The court shall not grant a restaurant licence in respect of any premises—

(a) unless the court is satisfied that—

- (i) the premises are so constructed and situated as to be suitable for use as a licensed restaurant;
- (ii) adequate staff, fittings, accommodation, furniture, and equipment are available in the premises for the provision of substantial meals for such minimum number of persons at one and the same time as may be prescribed for the purposes of this sub-paragraph or, in the absence of regulations in that behalf, as may be determined by the court, and that the premises are provided with not less than such minimum number of separate seats as may be so prescribed or determined;
- (iii) the tables at which meals are served in the premises are so spaced and are of such a size as to ensure a reasonable degree of comfort for persons partaking of meals at those tables; and
- (iv) there are provided and properly maintained on the premises—
 - (A) suitable and efficient entrances and exits;
 - (B) such fire escapes and appliances for fighting fires as may be required by the Fire Brigades Commission of Tasmania; and

- (c) privy and ablutionary accommodation and sanitary conveniences complying in all respects with any requirements made by or under any Act relating to public health;
- (b) if there is a bar in or on the premises; or
- (c) if the court is of the opinion that, for any reason, it would be contrary to the public interest to grant a restaurant licence in respect of those premises.

“34E—(1) The court shall not grant an application for a restaurant licence in respect of any premises in respect of which a restaurant licence has not been in force within the twelve months immediately preceding the date of the lodging of the application except upon application for a provisional certificate as provided in this Act. New restaurant licences.

“(2) An application for a provisional certificate for a restaurant licence in respect of any premises shall be addressed to the court, shall be lodged with the Registrar, and shall show that no application for the removal of an existing restaurant licence to those premises is then pending.

“(3) An application for a provisional certificate for a restaurant licence in respect of any premises shall contain a description of the premises, together with a full description of any buildings erected or proposed to be erected thereon and of any alterations or additions that it is proposed to make to any buildings so erected, and shall contain such other particulars and statements as may be prescribed, and the particulars and statements therein shall be verified by affidavit.

“(4) The court shall not grant an application for a provisional certificate for a restaurant licence unless it is of the opinion that there are insufficient licensed restaurants in the locality within which the premises to which the application relates are situated to meet the requirements of the public.”.

12 Section thirty-six of the Principal Act is amended by omitting subsection (3) thereof and substituting therefor the following subsections:— Conditions to be fulfilled by applicants.

“(3) Any advertisement required by this section shall be published in a local newspaper.

“(3A) For the purposes of subsection (3) of this section, a local newspaper is a daily newspaper—

- (a) that is published in the district in which the premises to which the advertisement relates are situated; or
- (b) if no daily newspaper is so published, that is a daily newspaper published elsewhere in this State and circulated in that district.”.

Petitions.

13 Section fifty-two of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (2) thereof the word "seven" and substituting therefor the word "fourteen".

Objections.

14 Section fifty-three of the Principal Act is amended—

- (a) by omitting from subsection (4) thereof the word "seven" and substituting therefor the word "fourteen";
- (b) by omitting from subsection (5) thereof the word "five" and substituting therefor the word "seven"; and
- (c) by adding at the end thereof the following subsections:—

"(6) It is a sufficient compliance with the provisions of subsection (5) of this section if the copy of the objection is lodged with the Registrar, instead of being served on the applicant, and a copy so lodged shall, for the purposes of that subsection, be deemed to have been served on the applicant.

"(7) Where a copy of an objection is lodged with the Registrar as provided in subsection (6) of this section, the Registrar shall record the date and time of its receipt by him and cause it to be served on the applicant."

Mode of appeal.

15 Section fifty-six of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (2) thereof the word "ten" and substituting therefor the word "fourteen".

Meal permits.

16 Section sixty-four A of the Principal Act is amended—

- (a) by omitting from paragraph (a) of subsection (1) thereof the word "house" and substituting therefor the word "premises";
- (b) by omitting from the words in that subsection following paragraph (b) thereof the word "house" and substituting therefor the word "premises";
- (c) by omitting from subsection (2A) thereof the word "house" and substituting therefor the word "premises";
- (d) by omitting subsection (3A) thereof and substituting therefor the following subsection:—

"(3A) While it continues in force, a permit under this section authorizes the sale and supply of liquor to any person who, in good faith, is on the premises to which the permit relates for the purpose of partaking of a meal on those premises and who in fact does partake of a meal thereon, but only—

- (a) in such part or parts of the premises to which the permit relates as is or are specified in the permit;

- (b) during such hours and on such days as are specified in the permit;
 - (c) for consumption with, or as ancillary to, a meal; and
 - (d) upon and subject to such other conditions as the court may determine either generally or in any particular case and as are specified in the permit.”; and
- (e) by adding at the end thereof the following subsections:—

“(8) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing provisions of this section, those provisions shall be construed as empowering the court to grant to the holder of a hotel licence a permit authorizing the holder to sell and supply liquor to persons who are partaking of meals on the premises to which the licence relates between the hours of ten o’clock and half-past eleven o’clock in the afternoon of any day (not being Sunday, or Christmas Day, or Good Friday), upon and subject to such terms and conditions (if any) as the court may determine and as may be specified in the permit.

“(9) Nothing in this section affects the operation of any of the provisions of section eighty-nine permitting the sale of liquor to, and the consumption of liquor by, lodgers and travellers on licensed premises or lodgers on the premises of registered clubs.”.

17 Section sixty-four B of the Principal Act is amended by omitting paragraph (c) of subsection (3) thereof and substituting therefor the following paragraph:—

Dance
permits.

“(c) continues in force from the date on which it takes effect until—

- (i) the thirtieth day of June in the year following the year in which it is granted, if it is granted at the annual sitting of the court; or
- (ii) the thirtieth day of June next after it is granted, if it is granted at a sitting of the court other than the annual sitting,

but may be renewed annually on payment, in respect of each renewal, of a fee of two dollars.”.

18 Section sixty-five of the Principal Act is amended—

Permits for
public events.

- (a) by omitting from paragraph (c) of subsection (1) thereof the word “Minister” and substituting therefor the word “court”, and by omitting from that paragraph the words “published in the *Gazette*”;

- (b) by omitting from subsection (9) thereof the words “, or by the other members thereof,” and substituting therefor the words “or by the Registrar”;
- (c) by omitting from paragraph (a) of subsection (10) the words “fifty cents” and substituting therefor the words “two dollars”;
- (d) by omitting paragraph (b) of that subsection; and
- (e) by adding at the end thereof the following subsection:—

“(12) A person who desires any public sport, game, or amusement to be declared to be a public event for the purposes of this Act shall, not less than fourteen clear days before the day (or the first of the days if more than one) on which the sport, game, or amusement is to take place, lodge with the Registrar or with the chairman of the court an application in writing, in the prescribed form and containing the prescribed particulars, requesting the court to declare it to be a public event for the purposes of this Act.”.

19 Section sixty-six of the Principal Act is repealed and the following section is substituted therefor:—

Permits for
social
gatherings in
hotels and
clubs.

“66—(1) Where a genuine club, association, or society proposes to give or hold a banquet, dinner, social gathering, or other similar function in any premises licensed as an hotel or a public-house or in the premises of a registered club, a member of the court may grant to the licensee of those premises, or to the secretary of the club, a permit in respect of that function.

“(2) Where a member of the court is satisfied that a responsible person proposes to hold, in any premises licensed as an hotel or a public-house, a social function for any special occasion, that, in the opinion of the member of the court, is such as to warrant a permit being granted under this section, the member of the court may grant a permit to the licensee of those premises accordingly.

“(3) An application for a permit under this section shall be made to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the day on which the function is to be held unless a member of the court, for special reasons (as to which he is the sole judge), approves of it being lodged less than fourteen days before that day.

“(4) Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing provisions of this section, the court, for special reasons (as to which it is the sole judge) may, on application being made to it in that behalf, grant to the secretary of a registered club a permit under this section authorizing the holding of a function on the premises of the club whether or not, in the opinion of the court, the holding of the function is reasonably incidental

to the carrying out of the objects or purposes of the club, and such a permit may, in the discretion of the court, be granted upon and subject to such conditions as the court may determine and as may be specified in the permit.

“(5) Where an application is made for a permit under this section, the member of the court to whom the application is referred, or, in the case of an application under subsection (4) of this section, the chairman of the court, shall direct an inspector to furnish to that member or to the chairman, as the case may be, a report as to such matters relating to the application as that member or the chairman directs, either generally or in a particular case.

“(6) In determining an application for a permit under this section, the member of the court to whom the application is referred, or, in the case of an application under subsection (4) of this section, the court, shall take into consideration the report furnished by an inspector pursuant to subsection (5) of this section.

“(7) A permit under this section—

(a) shall specify—

- (i) the particular part, if any, of the premises to which the effect thereof is to be limited;
- (ii) the date and nature of the function; and
- (iii) the hour, being not later than half-past eleven o'clock in the afternoon, for which the permit shall remain in force;

(b) shall be issued by the Registrar on payment of a fee of five dollars; and

(c) while in force, has effect to authorize—

- (i) the sale or supply of liquor by the licensee or club, as the case may be, to all persons to whom liquor may lawfully be sold or supplied who are present at and taking part in the function;
- (ii) the consumption of liquor by those persons in the premises specified in the permit; and
- (iii) the presence of those persons on the premises specified in the permit (including any bar or bar-room on those premises), and the permitting of their ingress and egress thereto and therefrom and the opening of all doors necessary for those purposes.

“(8) A permit under this section shall be signed by the Registrar.”.

20 Section sixty-seven A of the Principal Act is amended—

- (a) by omitting from paragraph (b) of subsection (3) thereof the word “five” and substituting therefor the word “fourteen”; and

Notice of intention to apply for wholesale or importer's licence.

- (b) by omitting from subsection (4) thereof the words “, forthwith after lodging the objection,” and by adding at the end of that subsection the words “so as to be delivered to the applicant in the ordinary course of post not less than seven days before the sitting of the court at which the application is to be heard.”

Conditions
for regis-
tration.

21 Section seventy of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from sub-paragraphs (xi), (xii), and (xiii) of paragraph (h) the word “twenty-one” (wherever occurring) and substituting therefor, in each case, the word “twenty”.

Provisional
registration
of clubs.

22 Section seventy A of the Principal Act is amended—

- (a) by inserting in subsection (4) thereof, before the word “newspaper”, the word “local”; and
(b) by inserting after that subsection the following subsection:—

“(4A) For the purposes of subsection (4) of this section, a local newspaper is a daily newspaper—

- (a) that is published in the district in which the premises of the club are situated;
or
(b) if no daily newspaper is so published, that is a daily newspaper published elsewhere in this State and circulated in that district.”

Grounds for
objection.

23 Section seventy-four of the Principal Act is amended by omitting paragraph (ga) thereof and substituting therefor the following paragraph:—

“(ga) That functions for which permits under section sixty-six are required have been held on the premises of the club without permits having been granted under that section in relation to those functions;”

Objections
by holders
of hotel
licences.

24 Section seventy-four A of the Principal Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following subsection:—

“(2) Where—

- (a) the holder of a hotel licence in respect of any premises is entitled under subsection (1) of this section to lodge such an objection as is mentioned in that subsection; and
(b) he is not the owner of the premises, or holds the licence as agent or manager for, or as the lessee or sub-lessee of, another person,

the owner of the premises or that other person (or both the owner and that other person) may lodge any objection that the holder of the licence is entitled under that subsection to lodge on any grounds mentioned in that subsection, whether or not such an objection has been lodged by the holder of the licence.”

25 Section seventy-five of the Principal Act is amended by omitting subsection (2) thereof and substituting therefor the following subsection:— Mode of objection.

“(2) An objection against the granting of an application for a provisional certificate of registration, or a certificate of registration, or the renewal of a certificate of registration shall be lodged with the Registrar not less than fourteen days before the day appointed for the sitting of the court at which the application is to be heard.”.

26 Section seventy-nine of the Principal Act is amended— Fees payable for certificates.

(a) by omitting from subsection (3) thereof the word “provisional” and by inserting in that subsection, after the word “club” (first occurring), the words “in respect of which a certificate of registration has not been in force within the twelve months immediately preceding the date of the lodging of the application for the first-mentioned certificate”;

(b) by omitting from subsection (4) thereof the words “and clubs in respect of which provisional certificates of registration are in force”;

(c) by omitting from paragraph (a) of subsection (5) thereof the words “or a provisional certificate of registration”;

(d) by omitting paragraph (c) of that subsection and substituting therefor the following paragraph:—

“(c) a reference to a new licence shall be construed as a reference to a certificate of registration of a club in respect of which a certificate of registration has not been in force within the twelve months immediately preceding the date of the lodging of the application for the first-mentioned certificate;”;

(e) by re-numbering the last subsection thereof as subsection (6) and by omitting from that subsection the words “, or, as the case may be, the provisional certificate of registration of the club,”.

27 Section eighty-eight of the Principal Act is amended by omitting paragraph (f) of subsection (1) thereof and substituting therefor the following paragraph:— Powers of inspectors and members of the court.

“(f) if he has reasonable grounds for believing that an offence has been or is being committed against any of the provisions of this Act, demand from any person found in any licensed premises the name, address, and occupation of that person;”.

28 Section eighty-nine of the Principal Act is amended— Prohibited hours.

(a) by omitting subsection (1) thereof and substituting therefor the following subsection:—

“(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the sale or supply of liquor is prohibited—

- (a) at any time on Sunday, Christmas Day, and Good Friday;
 - (b) on Anzac Day at any time before twelve o'clock noon or after ten o'clock, in the afternoon thereof; and
 - (c) at any time other than during the permitted hours on any other day.”;
- (b) by omitting paragraph (a) of subsection (2) thereof;
- (c) by inserting in paragraph (b) of that subsection, after the word “premises” (first occurring), the words “(other than a licensed restaurant)”;
- (d) by omitting from sub-paragraph (i) of that paragraph, the word “traveller” and substituting therefor the words “lodger or traveller”;
- (e) by omitting sub-paragraph (ii) of that paragraph and substituting therefor the following sub-paragraph:—
- “(ii) on a Sunday, or on Christmas Day, or on Good Friday, to a lodger or to any other person who is lawfully supplied with liquor under the authority of a permit under section sixty-four A;”;
- (f) by inserting after that paragraph the following paragraph:—
- “(ba) in the premises of a licensed restaurant on a Sunday, or on Christmas Day, or on Good Friday to a person who is lawfully supplied with liquor under the authority of a permit under section sixty-four A;”;
- (g) by omitting paragraph (f) of that subsection and substituting therefor the following paragraph:—
- “(f) under the authority of a permit granted under this Act in respect of any premises, but so long only as liquor is so sold or supplied in conformity with the conditions or limitations (if any) specified in the permit or applicable in relation to the permit by reason of the operation of any of the provisions of this Act.”; and
- (h) by omitting subsection (3) thereof and substituting therefor the following subsections:—
- “(3) For the purposes of paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this section, the permitted hours—
- (a) in relation to any class of premises specified in the first column of the fourth schedule, are the hours beginning on

the opening hour and ending on the closing hour respectively specified in the third and fourth columns of that schedule opposite to any day or days specified in the second column of that schedule in respect of premises of that class;

- (b) in relation to a vessel in respect of which a packet licence is in force, are the hours during which, by virtue of subsection (4) of section twenty-two, the sale of liquor under the authority of that licence to persons being conveyed as passengers in that vessel is authorized; and
- (c) in relation to premises in respect of which a railway refreshment-room licence is in force, are the hours specified pursuant to subsection (5) of section twenty-two as the hours during which liquor may be sold under the authority of the licence, on the days therein specified, to persons other than railway passengers (within the meaning of that subsection).

“(4) On the application in that behalf of the holder of a hotel licence or the secretary of a registered club, the court may, in its discretion, grant a permit authorizing the sale or supply of liquor on the premises of that hotel or of that club, as the case may be—

- (a) between the hours of eleven o'clock in the forenoon of any Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday (not being Christmas Eve or New Year's Eve) and ten o'clock in the afternoon thereof;
- (b) between the hours of eleven o'clock in the forenoon of any Friday (not being Good Friday, Christmas Eve, or New Year's Eve) and half-past eleven o'clock in the afternoon thereof;
- (c) between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon of any Saturday (not being Christmas Eve or New Year's Eve) and half-past eleven o'clock in the afternoon thereof;
- (d) between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon of Christmas Eve (not being a Sunday) and half-past eleven o'clock in the afternoon thereof; and
- (e) between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon of New Year's Eve (not being a Sunday) and midnight thereof.

“(5) A permit under subsection (4) of this section—

- (a) shall be in the prescribed form;

- (b) while it remains in force has effect, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, to authorize the holder of the licence in respect of the premises to which the permit relates, or the secretary of the registered club to whose premises it relates, to sell and supply liquor on those premises on the days and during the hours specified in the permit;
- (c) remains in force from the date specified in the permit as the date from which it is to have effect until it is revoked by the court; and
- (d) may, in the discretion of the court, be revoked by the court—
 - (i) on the application in that behalf of the holder of the licence in respect of the premises to which the permit relates or the secretary of the registered club to whose premises it relates; or
 - (ii) if the court considers that it is desirable in the public interest that the permit be revoked.

“(6) The court shall not in pursuance of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (d) of subsection (5) of this section revoke a permit under subsection (4) of this section unless the court has caused to be served on the holder of the licence in respect of the premises to which the permit relates, or the secretary of the registered club to whose premises it relates, as the case may be, a notice of its intention to do so and has given him a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

“(7) Nothing in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of this section authorizes the sale or supply of liquor during prohibited hours—

- (a) on licensed premises, to a lodger or traveller; or
- (b) on the premises of a registered club, to a lodger,

otherwise than for consumption by him on those premises.”.

Duties of
licensees.

29 Section ninety of the Principal Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following subsection:—

“(2) The provisions of—

- (a) paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this section do not apply to or in relation to the holder of a restaurant licence; and

- (b) paragraph (d) of that subsection do not require the holder of such a licence at any time to keep any closet or urinal available for the general public.”.

30 Section ninety-one of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from paragraph (g) of subsection (1) thereof the words “stabling or” (twice occurring) and the words “horse or”.

Duties of holders of hotel and public-house licences.

31 After section ninety-one of the Principal Act the following section is inserted:—

“91AA—(1) The holder of a restaurant licence shall— Duties of holders of restaurant licences.

- (a) keep his licensed premises closed at all times between the hours of midnight and six o'clock in the following morning, and prevent any outer door thereof being opened during those hours;
- (b) clear his licensed premises of all persons at midnight on every day;
- (c) prevent any person from entering on, or remaining in, the licensed premises between midnight on any day and six o'clock in the morning of the following day;
- (d) prevent any intoxicated person from entering or remaining in the licensed premises or the precincts thereof unless the entry of that person on the premises or his remaining thereon is necessary for his safety; and
- (e) prevent the exercise of any game of chance in any room on the premises in which liquor is sold to or consumed by customers.

“(2) Nothing in subsection (1) of this section—

- (a) prohibits a licensee from allowing any member of his household, or any person visiting him or a member of his household, or any person residing, lodging, or employed on his licensed premises, at any time to be on, or to enter or leave, those premises; or
- (b) derogates from the duty of the licensee or any other person to allow a police officer or an inspector to enter, remain on, or to leave the licensed premises.

“(3) If the holder of a restaurant licence contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section he is guilty of an offence against this Act.

Penalty: Twenty dollars.

“(4) All bottles and other containers in which liquor is supplied on the premises of a licensed restaurant and all drinking vessels used in the consumption thereof shall be removed from the dining room (or from each dining room if more than one) not later than a quarter to twelve o'clock in the afternoon of any day on which liquor is supplied on those premises under the authority of the licence.

“(5) If default is made in complying with the provisions of subsection (4) of this section in relation to any licensed restaurant the licensee is guilty of an offence against this Act.

Penalty: Twenty dollars.

“(6) The provisions of paragraphs (h), (k), (l), and (m) of subsection (1) of section ninety-one apply to and in relation to the holder of a restaurant licence as if he were the holder of an hotel licence.”.

Offences by
holders of
hotel and
public-house
licences.

32 Section ninety-four of the Principal Act is amended—

(a) by omitting from sub-paragraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) thereof the word “twenty-one” and substituting therefor the word “twenty”;

(b) by omitting the word “or” occurring after sub-paragraph (iii) of that paragraph;

(c) by omitting sub-paragraph (iv) of that paragraph and substituting therefor the following sub-paragraphs:—

“(iv) on any Sunday, or on Christmas Day, or on Good Friday, to any person other than a lodger—

(A) except under the authority of a permit under section sixty-four A which is for the time being in force in respect of the premises of which he is the licensee;

(B) elsewhere than in such part or parts of those premises as is or are specified in such a permit;

(C) at any time other than during such hours and on such days as are specified in such a permit;

(D) otherwise than for consumption with, or as ancillary to, a meal of which that person partakes in a part of the premises so specified; or

(E) otherwise than in conformity with any conditions determined by the court pursuant to paragraph (d) of subsection (3A) of section sixty-four A; or

“(v) during prohibited hours on any day other than a Sunday, or Christmas Day, or Good Friday to any person (other than a traveller or lodger) except—

(A) under the authority of; and

- (B) to such persons, during such hours, in such part or parts of the licensed premises, and upon and subject to such conditions (if any), as may be specified in,
a permit or any other authority issued or granted by the court under this Act;";
- (d) by omitting from paragraph (b) of subsection (3) thereof the word "twenty-one" and substituting therefor the word "twenty"; and
- (e) by omitting from paragraph (c) of that subsection the word "twenty-one" and substituting therefor the word "twenty".

33 After section ninety-four A of the Principal Act the following section is inserted:—

"94AB—(1) The provisions of section ninety-four (other than the excluded provisions) apply to and in relation to the holder of a restaurant licence as if he were the holder of an hotel licence.

Offences by
holders of
restaurant
licences.

"(2) No person, being the holder of a restaurant licence or the servant or agent of the holder of such a licence, shall—

- (a) sell or supply liquor, or permit liquor to be sold or supplied, during prohibited hours to any person on the premises of the restaurant, except in accordance with a permit granted under section sixty-four A; or
- (b) sell or supply liquor, or permit liquor to be sold or supplied, at any time to any person on the premises of the restaurant other than a person who is partaking of a substantial meal (within the meaning of Part IVA).

Penalty: Twenty dollars.

"(3) Where an offence against any of the provisions of this Act is committed by any servant or agent of the holder of a restaurant licence, the holder shall be deemed to have committed the like offence (whether or not the offence was committed without his authority or contrary to his orders or instructions) unless he proves that he had no knowledge of the commission of the offence and, by the exercise of due diligence, could not have prevented the commission of the offence.

"(4) Nothing in this section or in section ninety-four in its application to the holder of a restaurant licence prevents any liquor being sold to, removed by, or delivered to, the holder of a wholesale licence, an importer's licence, or a cider licence in the ordinary course of the business carried on by him as the holder of that licence.

“(5) In subsection (1) of this section, the expression ‘the excluded provisions’ means the following provisions of section ninety-four, namely:—

- (a) Paragraph (b) of subsection (1);
- (b) Subsection (1A);
- (c) Sub-paragraphs (iv) and (v) of paragraph (a) of subsection (2);
- (d) Paragraphs (e) and (f) of subsection (2); and
- (e) Subsections (3) and (4).”.

Offences by
secretaries of
registered
clubs.

34 Section ninety-six of the Principal Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following subsections:—

“(4) If a function that is not reasonably incidental to the carrying out of the objects or purposes of a registered club is conducted on the premises of the club, the secretary of the club is guilty of an offence against this subsection unless the function is conducted in pursuance of a permit under section sixty-six.

“(5) If the secretary of a registered club is guilty of an offence against subsection (4) of this section he is liable to a penalty of twenty dollars.

“(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no person (being the secretary or servant of a registered club) shall sell or supply liquor to any person (other than a lodger) on the premises of that club, whether for consumption on the premises or elsewhere, on a Sunday, or on Christmas Day, or on Good Friday, unless a permit under section sixty-four A is in force in respect of that club, or otherwise than in conformity with the conditions specified in the permit.

Penalty: Forty dollars.”.

Offences by
holders of
licences and
other persons.

35 Section ninety-seven of the Principal Act is amended—

- (a) by inserting in paragraph (a) of subsection (9) thereof, after the word “premises” (first occurring), the words “(other than a licensed restaurant)”;
- (b) by omitting from sub-paragraph (ii) of that paragraph the words “who is on the premises in good faith for the purpose of partaking of a meal, and does in fact partake of a meal, thereon; or” and substituting therefor the words “to whom liquor is lawfully supplied under the authority of a permit under section sixty-four A and the liquor is consumed by him with, or as ancillary to, a meal;”;
- (c) by inserting after paragraph (b) of that subsection the following word and paragraph:—

“; or

“(c) in the premises of a licensed restaurant during prohibited hours on any day, unless he is a person to whom liquor is lawfully supplied under the authority of a permit under section sixty-four A.”;

- (d) by inserting after that subsection the following subsections:—

“(9A) A person is not guilty of an offence against paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of this section by reason only of the consumption by him of liquor on the premises of a licensed restaurant at any time within fifteen minutes after the expiration of a period during which the sale or supply of liquor to him was authorized by the licence relating to those premises.

“(9B) No person shall—

- (a) carry away liquor of any kind from a licensed restaurant;
- (b) obtain liquor in a licensed restaurant by falsely representing that he intends at the same time to partake of a meal therein; or
- (c) consume liquor in a licensed restaurant otherwise than with or as ancillary to a substantial meal (within the meaning of Part IVA) supplied to and consumed by him in that restaurant.

Penalty: Minimum, six dollars; maximum, twenty dollars.

“(9C) In proceedings in respect of an offence against paragraph (a) of subsection (9B) of this section it is a defence for the person charged to prove that the liquor to which the proceedings relate was in his possession before he entered the restaurant.”;

- (e) by adding at the end of paragraph (i) of subsection (11) thereof the words “, unless he is or has been attending a function in respect of which a permit under section sixty-six was granted”;
- (f) by omitting from paragraph (k) of that subsection the word “twenty-one” and substituting therefor the word “twenty”;
- (g) by omitting from paragraph (p) of that subsection the word “twenty-one” and substituting therefor the word “twenty”;
- (h) by omitting sub-paragraph (ii) of that paragraph and substituting therefor the following sub-paragraph:—
 - “(ii) purchase, obtain, consume, be in possession of, or have under his control any liquor in any public place.”;
- (i) by omitting the words “Penalty: Twenty dollars” (occurring at the foot of that paragraph) and substituting therefor the words “Penalty: Minimum, ten dollars; maximum, forty dollars”;

(j) by omitting paragraph (q) of that subsection and substituting therefor the following paragraph:—

“(q) in a public place sell, supply, or deliver liquor to, or obtain liquor for, a person who is under the age of twenty years.”; and

(k) by omitting the words “Penalty: Forty dollars” (occurring at the foot of that paragraph) and substituting therefor the words “Penalty: Minimum, twenty dollars; maximum, eighty dollars”.

Liquor in, or in the vicinity of, public halls.

36 Section ninety-eight of the Principal Act is amended by inserting in subsection (3) thereof, after the word “premises”, the words “, or in the premises of a registered club,”.

Forfeiture of licence for certain offences.

37 Section ninety-nine of the Principal Act is amended—

(a) by omitting from subsection (1A) thereof the words “or public-house licence” and substituting therefor the words “licence, public-house licence, or restaurant licence”; and

(b) by inserting after that subsection the following subsection:—

“(1AB) If the holder of a restaurant licence is convicted of any contravention of—

(a) paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of section ninety;

(b) paragraph (a) or paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section ninety-four; or

(c) subsection (1) of section ninety-seven,

and within two years thereafter is twice convicted of the same or any other offence under any of those provisions his licence becomes void and of no effect.”.

Search warrants.

38 Section one hundred and five of the Principal Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following subsections:—

“(5) If the admittance of a police officer or inspector to any house, premises, or place into which he seeks to enter pursuant to this section is prevented or is delayed for such time that it may reasonably be inferred that wilful delay was intended the occupier of the house, premises, or place, and any other person who has refused or delayed the admission of the police officer or inspector, is guilty of an offence against this subsection.

Penalty: For a first offence, not less than ten dollars or more than forty dollars; for a second or subsequent offence, not less than fifty dollars or more than one hundred dollars.

“(6) In proceedings in respect of an offence against this section, if it is shown that the entrance of a police officer or inspector into any house, premises, or place was prevented or delayed by the existence of any barrier or obstruction in or on the house, premises, or place, it shall be presumed, unless the contrary is proved, that the barrier or obstruction was intended to prevent or delay the entry into the house, premises, or place of the police officer or inspector.

“(7) For the purposes of subsection (5) of this section, the licensee of any licensed premises shall be regarded as the occupier of those premises and the secretary of a club (whether a registered club or not) shall be regarded as the occupier of the premises of the club.”.

39 Section one hundred and six of the Principal Act is repealed and the following section is substituted therefor:—

“106—(1) A police officer who finds—

(a) a person taking or carrying away liquor from any licensed premises or the premises of a registered club during prohibited hours; or

(b) a person (being under the age of twenty years) in possession of, or having under his control, any liquor in respect of which the police officer has reasonable ground for believing that an offence has been or is being committed against this Act,

Seizure of
liquor without
warrant in
certain cases.

may, without warrant, seize and take possession of that liquor, to be dealt with as provided in section one hundred and seven.

“(2) Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of this section does not apply in relation to a person who is attending or has attended a function in respect of which a permit under section sixty-six was granted.”.

40 Section one hundred and twenty-one B of the Principal Act is amended by omitting from subsection (1) thereof the word “twenty-one” and substituting therefor the word “twenty”.

Certificate
as to age.

41 The second schedule to the Principal Act is amended—
The second
schedule.

(a) by inserting in the heading to form (I.) A., after the word “PUBLIC-HOUSE,” the word “RESTAURANT,”;

(b) by omitting from the first paragraph of that form the word “house” and substituting therefor the word “premises”;

- (c) by omitting from the second paragraph of that form the word "house" and substituting therefor the word "premises";
- (d) by inserting after paragraph (a) of form (II.) the following paragraph:—
- “(ab) (In the case of a restaurant licence):
- . . . restaurant licence in respect of the premises situate at [*here state situation of premises*] and known (or ‘intended to be known’) as (*here state designation by which the licensed restaurant is known or intended to be known*):”;
- (e) by inserting in paragraph (b) of that form, after the word "certificate" (first occurring), the words "for an hotel licence";
- (f) by inserting after that paragraph the following paragraph:—
- “(ba) (In case of a provisional certificate for a restaurant licence):
- . . . provisional certificate for a restaurant licence in respect of the premises situated at [*here state fully the situation and description of the premises, adding, if any building is to be erected on the premises, or if any existing building thereon is to be altered or added to, the words ‘at which a building is proposed to be erected in accordance with the plans and specifications lodged herewith’ or ‘at which alterations and other works are proposed to be carried out in accordance with the plans and specifications lodged herewith’, as the case may require*]:”;
- (g) by inserting in form (III.) B., after the word "licence", the words "(or restaurant licence, as the case may require)";
- (h) by omitting from form (XI.) C. the words "A Member of the Court" and substituting therefor the words "*Chairman (or Registrar)*"; and
- (i) by omitting from form (XI.) D. the words "A Member of the Court" and substituting therefor the word "Registrar".

42 The Principal Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following schedule:— The fourth schedule.

“ THE FOURTH SCHEDULE.

(Section 89.)

“ PERMITTED HOURS FOR THE SALE OR SUPPLY OF LIQUOR IN CERTAIN CLASSES OF PREMISES.

“ FIRST COLUMN. “ Class of premises.	SECOND COLUMN. Day.	THIRD COLUMN. Opening hour.	FOURTH COLUMN. Closing hour.
“ 1. Hotel (other than an hotel in respect of which a permit under subsection (4) of section 89 is in force)	Monday to Saturday	10 a.m.	10 p.m.
“ 2. Hotel in respect of which a permit under subsection (4) of section 89 is in force	Monday to Thursday Friday Saturday New Year’s Eve Christmas Eve	11 a.m. 11 a.m. 10 a.m. 10 a.m. 10 a.m.	10 p.m. 11.30 p.m. 11.30 p.m. Midnight 11.30 p.m.
“ 3. Public-house	Monday to Saturday	10 a.m.	10 p.m.
“ 4. Registered club (other than a registered club in respect of which a permit under subsection (4) of section 89 is in force)	Monday to Saturday	10 a.m.	10 p.m.
“ 5. Registered club in respect of which a permit under subsection (4) of section 89 is in force	Monday to Thursday Friday Saturday New Year’s Eve Christmas Eve	11 a.m. 11 a.m. 10 a.m. 10 a.m. 10 a.m.	10 p.m. 11.30 p.m. 11.30 p.m. Midnight 11.30 p.m.
“ 6. Licensed restaurant....	Monday to Saturday	Noon	11.30 p.m.”.

Consequential amendments of the Principal Act.

43 The sections of the Principal Act that are specified in the first column of the schedule to this Act are amended as respectively specified in the second column of that schedule.

Amendment of the Licensing Act (No. 3) 1937.

44 Section two of the *Licensing Act* (No. 3) 1937 is amended by omitting subsection (1) thereof and substituting therefor the following subsection:—

“(1) Where any person is convicted of a contravention of any of the provisions of—

- (a) paragraph (a), or paragraph (b), or paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section ninety-one;
- (b) paragraph (a), or paragraph (b), or paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section ninety-one AA;
- (c) paragraph (a) of subsection (2), or paragraph (a) of subsection (3), of section ninety-four;
- (d) sub-paragraph (i), or sub-paragraph (ii), or sub-paragraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section ninety-four (as applied to the holder of a restaurant licence by subsection (1) of section ninety-four AB);
- (e) subsection (2) of section ninety-four AB; or
- (f) section ninety-five,

of the Principal Act, and the contravention occurs on a Sunday, that person is liable to a penalty of not less than forty dollars or more than one hundred dollars.”.

Amendment of the Licensing Act 1952.

45 Section twenty-three of the *Licensing Act* 1952 is amended—

- (a) by inserting in subsection (1) thereof, after the word “shall” (first occurring), the words “, except as provided by subsection (3) of this section,”; and
- (b) by adding at the end thereof the following subsections:—

“(3) Where it is proved to the satisfaction of the court that, having regard to all the circumstances relating to the locality where any premises in respect of which a public-house licence is in force are situated and to such other matters as the court considers relevant, it is desirable in the public interest to do so the court, in its discretion, may grant a public-house licence in respect of those premises whether or not the period mentioned in subsection (1) of this section has expired.

“(4) A licence granted pursuant to subsection (3) of this section may be granted upon and subject to compliance by the holder of the licence with such requirements and conditions as the court may determine.”.

46—(1) Section five of the *Licensing (Fees) Act 1965* is amended by inserting in paragraph (c) thereof, after the word “fee”, the words “(first occurring)”. Amendments
of the
*Licensing
(Fees) Act
1965.*

(2) Section twenty-five of the *Licensing (Fees) Act 1965* is amended by omitting from subsection (4) thereof the words “and clubs in respect of which provisional certificates of registration are in force”.

THE SCHEDULE.

(Section 43.)

CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS OF THE PRINCIPAL ACT.

FIRST COLUMN. Section amended.	SECOND COLUMN. How amended.
24	By inserting in paragraph (b) of subsection (2), after the word “licence”, the words “or restaurant licence”.
24c	By omitting from subsections (1) and (2) the words “or certificate” (wherever occurring).
26	By inserting in subsection (1), after the word “licence,” (second occurring), the words “restaurant licence,”.
31	By inserting in subsection (1), after the word “licence” (first occurring), the words “of a kind referred to in subsection (1) of section twenty-six”.
	By inserting in subsection (1), after the word “granted”, the words “in respect of any premises or vessel”.
	By omitting from paragraph (b) of subsection (1) the words “hotel or public-house” and substituting therefor the words “premises or vessel”.
35	By inserting in subsection (1), after the word “licence,” (second occurring), the words “restaurant licence,”.
	By omitting from subsection (1) the words “, or a provisional certificate for a hotel licence,”.
	By omitting from subsection (5) the words “or for a provisional certificate”.
36	By omitting from paragraph (c) of subsection (1) the words “or public-house licence,” and substituting therefor the words “, public-house licence, or restaurant licence”.
	By omitting from sub-paragraph (i) of paragraph (f) of subsection (1) all the words after the word “position” to the end of that sub-paragraph and substituting therefor the words “of the premises to which the application relates, the boundaries of any land occupied or to be occupied therewith, and plans and specifications of any building to be erected or completed on those premises and of any alterations proposed to be made to any such building together with (in the case of an application for a provisional certificate for a restaurant) such other plans, specifications, or information (if any) as may be prescribed”.
	By inserting in subsection (2), after the word “licence,” (second occurring), the words “restaurant licence,”.
39	By omitting from paragraph (b) the words “or public-house” and substituting therefor the words “, public-house, or restaurant”.

FIRST COLUMN. Section amended.	SECOND COLUMN. How amended.
42	By omitting from subsection (1) the words "or public-house licence" and substituting therefor the words ", public-house licence, or restaurant licence,".
43	By omitting from subsection (1) the words "or public-house licence" and substituting therefor the words ", public-house licence, or restaurant licence".
49	By omitting from subsection (1) the words "house and". By omitting from subsection (1) the word "hereinafter". By omitting the words "for an hotel licence".
50	By omitting the words "for an hotel licence in respect thereof" and substituting therefor the words "in respect of those premises for a licence of the kind in relation to which the certificate was granted".
52	By omitting from subsection (2) the word "house" (wherever occurring) and substituting therefor, in each case, the word "premises".
53	By omitting from subsection (1) the word "house" and substituting therefor the word "premises".
53	By inserting in subsection (3), after the words "may be," the words "of the kind to which the application relates".
53	By omitting from subsection (3) the word "house" and substituting therefor the word "premises".
53	By omitting from subsection (1) the words "a house" and substituting therefor the words "any premises".
53	By omitting from subsection (1) the words "a licence" and substituting therefor the words "an hotel licence, a public-house licence, or a restaurant licence".
53	By inserting in subsection (1), after the words "transfer of", the word "such".
53	By omitting from paragraph (b) of subsection (2) the words "hotel licence or a public-house licence" and substituting therefor the words "hotel licence, a public-house licence, or a restaurant licence".
53	By omitting from paragraph (d) of subsection (2) the words "house does" and substituting therefor the words "premises do".
53	By omitting from paragraph (e) of subsection (2) the words "house is" and substituting therefor the words "premises are"; and by omitting from that paragraph the word "does" and substituting therefor the word "do".
53	By omitting from paragraph (f) of subsection (2) the words "such house is situated or proposed to be erected" and substituting therefor the words "the premises are situated".
62	By omitting from subsection (3) the words "in respect of any house or proposed house" and substituting therefor the words "for a licence in respect of any premises".
62	By omitting from paragraph (a) of subsection (1) the words "house or railway refreshment room" and substituting therefor the word "premises".
62	By omitting from subsection (1) the words "such house or room" and the words "the house or room" (wherever occurring) and substituting therefor, in each case, the words "those premises".
62	By omitting from subsection (2) the word "house" and substituting therefor the word "premises".
64	By omitting from subsection (1) the word "licensee" and substituting therefor the words "holder of a hotel licence or of a public-house licence".

FIRST COLUMN. Section amended.	SECOND COLUMN. How amended.
100	By inserting after subsection (1) the following subsection:— “(1AA) Subsection (1) of this section applies to and in relation to the holder of a restaurant licence as if he were the holder of a hotel licence, and in its application to the holder of a restaurant licence, has effect as if from paragraph (a) of that subsection the word ‘ninety-three’ were omitted and the words ‘ninety-one AA’ were substituted therefor”.
103	By omitting from subsection (1) the words “hotel licence or public-house licence” and substituting therefor the words “hotel licence, public-house licence, or restaurant licence”. By omitting from subsection (1A) the words “hotel licence or public-house licence” and substituting therefor the words “hotel licence, public-house licence, or restaurant licence”.
123	By omitting the words “licensed premises” and substituting therefor the words “hotel or public-house”, and by omitting the words “such premises” and substituting therefor the words “that hotel or public-house”.
124	By omitting from subsection (1) the words “every licensee” and substituting therefor the words “the holder of any hotel licence or public-house licence”, and by omitting the words “his licensed premises” and substituting therefor the words “the premises in respect of which he is the licensee”.
128	By omitting from subsection (1) the words “licensed premises” and substituting therefor the words “hotel or public-house”.

WAGES BOARDS.

No. 29 of 1967.

AN ACT to amend the *Wages Boards Act 1920*.

[1 September 1967.]

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:—

1—(1) This Act may be cited as the *Wages Boards Act 1967*. Short title and citation.

(2) The *Wages Boards Act 1920*, as subsequently amended, is in this Act referred to as the Principal Act.

2 Section seven of the Principal Act is amended by inserting in paragraph (b) of subsection (1), after the word “inspector”, the words “or an officer entitled to inspect them under section seventy-three”. Record of employees and notices.