Medical Treatment (Enduring Power of Attorney) Bill

No.

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SCHEDULE 2

ENDURING POWER OF ATTORNEY (MEDICAL TREATMENT)

SCHEDULE 3

REFUSAL OF TREATMENT CERTIFICATE
AGENT OR GUARDIAN OF INCOMPETENT PERSON

10. Amendment of Part XI of the Instruments Act 1958



Read 1° 2 May 1989

(Brought in by the Honourable C. J. Hogg)

A BILL

to amend the Medical Treatment Act 1988 and Part XI of the Instruments Act 1958 and for other purposes.

Medical Treatment (Enduring Power of Attorney) Act 1989

The Parliament of Victoria enacts as follows:

Purposes

- 1. The purposes of this Act are—
 - (a) to define the power of an agent appointed under an enduring power of attorney (medical treatment);
 - (b) to provide for safeguards over the exercise of an enduring power of attorney (medical treatment);
 - (c) to amend the *Instruments Act* 1958 to make it clear that the powers of an agent under an enduring power of attorney under that Act do not include a power to make decisions about medical treatment.

Commencement

2. This Act comes into operation on a day to be proclaimed.

Principal Act

3. In this Act, the *Medical Treatment Act* 1988 is called the Principal No. 41/1988. Act.

1—[47]—1500/3.5.89—50006/88—(Rev. No. 5) (922)

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Amendment of section 3

4. In section 3 of the Principal Act, in the definition of "Refusal of treatment certificate", after "Schedule 1" insert "or 3".

Provisions relating to suicide and other	· iaws
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- 5. After section 4 (2) of the Principal Act, insert—

 "(3) This Act does not—

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 - (a) affect the operation of section 6B (2) or 463B of the Crimes Act 1958; or
 - (b) limit the operation of any other law.".

New sections 5A-5E inserted

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6. After section 5 of the Principal Act insert—

Agents and guardians

- "5A. (1) A decision to refuse medical treatment of a person may be made in accordance with this Act—
 - (a) if the person has appointed an agent in accordance with this section, by that agent; or
 - (b) if the person is a represented person and an appropriate order has been made under the Guardianship and Administration Board Act 1986 providing for decisions about medical treatment, by the person's guardian.

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- (2) An appointment of an agent—
 - (a) shall be by way of an enduring power of attorney (medical treatment) in the form of Schedule 2 and must be witnessed by two persons, one of whom shall be a person authorised by law to take and receive statutory declarations and neither of whom shall be the agent to be appointed; and

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- (b) takes effect if and only if the person giving the power becomes incompetent.
- (3) If a person gives an enduring power of attorney (medical treatment), any earlier power of attorney (medical treatment) given by that person is revoked.
- (4) Despite any rule of law to the contrary, an enduring power of attorney (medical treatment) is not revoked—
 - (a) by the subsequent incapacity of the donor of the power; or
 - (b) upon the donor of the power becoming—

 (i) a protected person within the meaning of the *Public*
 - Trustee Act 1958; or

 (ii) a represented person within the meaning of the Guardianship and Administration Board Act 1986—

but is revoked in any other way in which a general power of attorney is 40 revoked."

Refusal of treatment certificate by agent or guardian

"5B. (1) If a medical practitioner and another person are each satisfied—

(a) that the patient's agent or guardian has been informed about the nature of the patient's current condition to an extent that would be reasonably sufficient to enable the patient, if he or she were competent, to make a decision about whether or not to refuse medical treatment generally or of a particular kind for that condition; and

(b) that the agent or guardian has appeared to understand that information—

the agent or guardian, on behalf of the patient—

- (c) may refuse medical treatment generally; or
- (d) may refuse medical treatment of a particular kind—
- 15 for that condition.

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- (2) An agent or guardian may only refuse medical treatment on behalf of a patient if—
 - (a) the medical treatment would cause unreasonable distress to the patient; or
 - (b) there are reasonable grounds for believing that the patient, if competent, and after giving serious consideration to his or her health and well-being, would consider that the medical treatment is unwarranted.
- (3) Where a refusal is made by an agent or a guardian, a refusal of treatment certificate must be completed in the form of Schedule 3."

Guardianship and Administration Board may suspend or revoke authority

- "5c. (1) The Guardianship and Administration Board may suspend or revoke an enduring power of attorney (medical treatment) on an application under this section.
 - (2) An application may be made by—
 - (a) the Public Advocate; or
 - (b) a person who, in the opinion of the Board, has a special interest in the affairs of the donor of the power; or
 - (c) the agent appointed under the power.
- (3) If the Board is satisfied that refusal of medical treatment, either generally or of a particular kind, at a particular time or in particular circumstances is not in the best interests of the donor, the Board may suspend the power for a specified period.
- 40 (4) If the Board is satisfied that it is not in the best interests of the donor of a power for the power to continue, or for the power to continue to be exerciseable by the agent, the Board may revoke the power.

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- (a) the donor of a power is a patient in a public hospital, denominational hospital, private hospital or nursing home; and
- (b) the Board revokes or suspends the power—

the Board must give written notice of the revocation or suspension to the chief executive officer (by whatever name called) of the hospital or home and the chief executive officer must ensure that a copy of the notice is placed with the patient's record kept by the hospital or home."

Revocation or suspension of refusal of treatment certificate

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- "5D. (1) If-
 - (a) an enduring power of attorney (medical treatment) is revoked; or
 - (b) the order appointing a guardian under the Guardianship and Administration Board Act 1986 is revoked—

any refusal of treatment certificate completed by the agent or guardian is also revoked.

(2) If the Guardianship and Administration Board suspends an enduring power of attorney (medical treatment), any refusal of treatment certificate completed by the agent before the suspension ceases to have effect during the period of the suspension."

Copies of refusal of treatment certificate

"5E. The Board of a public hospital or denominational hospital and the proprietor of a private hospital or nursing home must take reasonable steps to ensure that a copy of any refusal of treatment certificate applying to a person who is a patient in the hospital or home—

- (a) is placed with the patient's record kept by the hospital or home; and
- (b) is given to the chief executive officer (by whatever name 30 called) of the hospital or home.".

Amendment of sections 6, 7 and 9

- 7. The Principal Act is amended as follows:
 - (a) In section 6, for "which the person has refused" substitute "to which the certificate applies";
 - (b) In section 7 (1), for "patient to whom the certificate applies" substitute "person who gave the certificate";
 - (c) In section 9 (2), omit "and section 6".

Amendment of Schedule 1

8. In Schedule 1 to the Principal Act, before "Verification to be completed by patient, if physically able to do so" insert—

"Patient's current condition

5 The patient's current condition is (describe condition)

Dated:

Signed:

(To be signed by the same medical practitioner)".

New Schedules 2 and 3 inserted

9. After Schedule 1 to the Principal Act insert—

"SCHEDULE 2

Section 5A (2)

ENDURING POWER OF ATTORNEY (MEDICAL TREATMENT)

THIS ENDURING POWER OF ATTORNEY is given on the day of 19, by A.B. of under section 5A of the Medical Treatment Act 1988.

1. I APPOINT C.D. of

to be my agent.

2. I AUTHORISE my agent to make decisions about medical treatment on my behalf.

SIGNED SEALED AND DELIVERED by:

WITNESSED by:

(Signature of Witness)

(Signature of Witness)

(Name of Witness)

(Name of Witness)

(Address of Witness)

(Address of Witness)

SCHEDULE 3

Sections 3, 5B

REFUSAL OF TREATMENT CERTIFICATE AGENT OR GUARDIAN OF INCOMPETENT PERSON

I [name] certify that I am empowered to act in relation to decisions about medical treatment of...............[name of patient] ("the patient").

I have been appointed to act by-

- * an enduring power of attorney (medical treatment) issued under the *Medical Treatment Act* 1988.
- * an order of the Guardianship and Administration Board under the Guardianship and Administration Board Act 1986.

I certify that-

- (a) the patient has attained the age of 18 years;
- (b) I have been informed about the nature of the patient's current condition to an extent that would be reasonably sufficient to enable the patient, if he/she were competent, to make a decision about whether or not to refuse medical treatment generally or of a particular kind for that condition. I believe that the patient would request that no medical treatment, or no medical treatment of the particular kind mentioned below, be administered to him/her.

On behalf of the patient, in relation to his/her current condition, I refuse—

- * medical treatment generally.

Dated:						
Signed:	(Agent/Guardian	for[Name of patient])				
	*Delete whichever	is not applicable				
Verificatio	n					
We each o	ertify as follows:					
(a)	about the nature of the patient's creasonably sufficient to enable the a decision about whether or not to	ame of agent or guardian] has been informed urrent condition to an extent that would be patient, if he/she were competent, to make o refuse medical treatment generally or of a and that the agent/guardian appeared to				
(b)	b) I was not a witness to the enduring power of attorney (medical treatment) under which					
Dated:						
Signed:	***************************************	Signed:				
	Practitioner)	(Another Person)				
Patient's c	urrent condition					
The patier	nt's current condition is	(describe condition)				
Dated:						
Signed:						
(To be sign	ned by the same medical practition	er)				
NOTE: "N	Medical treatment" means the carry	ing out of—				
(a)	an operation; or					
(b)	the administration of a drug or oth	ner like substance; or				
(c)	any other medical procedure-					
	does not include palliative care.					
"Pa	lliative care" includes—					
(a)	the provision of reasonable medicand discomfort; or	al procedures for the relief of pain, suffering				
, ,	the reasonable provision of food a					
The refues	I of pullinting ones is not congred by	the Medical Treatment Act 1008"				

Amendment of Part XI of the Instruments Act 1958

- 10. After section 117 (4) of the Instruments Act 1958 insert—
- "(5) An enduring power of attorney, whether made before or after the commencement of the *Medical Treatment (Enduring Power of Attorney) Act* 1989, does not authorise the attorney to make a decision about the medical treatment of the donor of the power."

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