## Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Bill 1981

## **NOTES ON CLAUSES**

- Clause 1 provides that the Act may be cited as the Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Act 1980 and shall come into operation on the first day on which certain specified Commonwealth Acts are all in operation.
- Clause 2 repeals the Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Act 1967, amends the Petroleum Act 1958 and the Acts Interpretation Act 1958 and gives effect to certain transitional provisions set out in the Fourth and Fifth Schedules.
  - Clause 3 sets out the Divisions of the Act.
- Clause 4 contains provisions relating to the interpretation of the provisions of the Act.
- Clause 5 provides that the Act is to be construed having regard to the limits on the powers of the Parliament to legislate.
- Clause 6 applies the Act to all natural persons and corporations, whether Victorian or not.
- Clause 7 contains provisions relating to petroleum recovered from a field extending into two or more areas.
- Clause 8 defines the geodetic datum to be used in measurements under the Act.
  - Clause 9 defines the "Commonwealth adjacent area".
- Clause 10 relates to the exercise of powers by the Minister under the Commonwealth Act as a member of the Joint Authority.
- Clause 11 authorizes the Minister to be Designated Authority under the Commonwealth Act in the Commonwealth adjacent area.
- Clause 12 covers delegations by the Minister under the Commonwealth Act to State Public Service officers.
- Clause 13 authorizes officers of the State Public Service to perform functions under the Commonwealth Act.
- Clause 14 allows State laws applying in the adjacent area to be modified or excluded insofar as they relate to petroleum operations.
- Clause 15 extends the jurisdiction of the courts of Victoria to cover matters arising under modifications of the law affected under section 14.
  - Clause 16 sets out the delegation powers vested in the Minister.
- Clause 17 details the graticulation of the earth's surface for the purposes of the Act.
- Clause 18 allows the Minister to reserve blocks in the adjacent area as blocks over which no permit, licence, pipeline licence, special prospecting authority or access authority shall be granted.
- 9-[282]-1000/11.12.1981-20272/80 (921)

Clause 19 states that exploration for petroleum can only be carried out under permit.

Clause 20 allows the Minister to invite applications for permits.

Clause 21 details the form in which applications for permits can be made.

Clause 22 details the power of the Minister to grant or refuse an application for a permit.

Clause 23 details the procedures prescribed in respect of applications for permits in respect of surrendered blocks.

Clause 24 covers the fees which must accompany permit applications.

Clause 25 details the alternatives the Minister can consider in reviewing applications for permits.

Clause 26 covers the procedure by which an approved applicant may request the grant of a permit.

Clause 27 covers the granting of a permit on request by an approved applicant.

Clause 28 details the rights conferred by a permit.

Clause 29 outlines the period during which a permit remains in force.

Clause 30 allows a permittee to apply to renew a permit.

Clause 31 sets out the formula to be used in determining the area over which a permit may be renewed.

Clause 32 gives power to the Minister to renew a permit.

Clause 33 allows conditions to be attached to a permit.

Clause 34 requires the discovery of petroleum to be notified to the Minister.

Clause 35 gives the Minister power to direct action in the event of a discovery of petroleum.

Clause 36 details the procedures for nominating a block for the purposes of declaring a location.

Clause 37 outlines the procedures to be followed in respect of the declaration of a location.

Clause 38 defines adjoining blocks for the purposes of defining locations.

Clause 39 requires persons to obtain a licence before recovering petroleum from the adjacent area.

Clause 40 specifies the number of blocks in respect of which a permittee may apply for a licence.

Clause 41 specifies the form in which a licence application may be made.

Clause 42 relates to royalty rates payable where a secondary licence is applied for.

- Clause 43 covers the notification to the applicant that the Minister is prepared to grant the licence.
- Clause 44 covers the procedure by which the applicant who has been served a notice under section 43 is granted a licence.
  - Clause 45 makes provision for a variation by the Minister of the licence area.
- Clause 46 provides for the determination of a permit in respect of location blocks not taken up by the licensee.
- Clause 47 provides a procedure for inviting applications for licences in respect of surrendered, &c., blocks.
  - Clause 48 specifies fees required for the application and grant of a licence.
- Clause 49 details the procedures required by the applicant for the grant of a licence in respect of a surrendered block.
- Clause 50 obliges the Minister to grant a licence upon request under the provisions of section 49.
- Clause 51 makes provision for splitting a single licence into two or more individual licences.
  - Clause 52 specifies the rights conferred by a licence.
  - Clause 53 prescribes the term of a licence, including a renewed licence.
- Clause 54 outlines the procedures required on an application for renewal of a licence.
- Clause 55 sets out the powers of the Minister to grant or refuse renewal of a licence.
  - Clause 56 relates to conditions contained in a licence.
  - Clause 57 requires certain work to be carried out upon each block in a licence.
- Clause 58 allows directions by the Minister to be given in respect of recovery of petroleum.
  - Clause 59 relates to unit development agreements.
  - Clause 60 requires the operator of a pipeline to obtain a pipeline licence.
- Clause 61 provides exceptions to the provisions of section 60 for acts done in an emergency.
- Clause 62 provides for the removal of a pipeline or associated facilities which have been constructed in contravention of the Act.
  - Clause 63 provides power for the Minister to declare a terminal station.
- Clause 64 details the procedures to be followed in the application for a pipeline licence.
- Clause 65 sets out the power of the Minister to grant or refuse a pipeline licence.

Clause 66 sets out the rights conferred by a pipeline licence.

Clause 67 fixes the term of the pipeline licence.

Clause 68 allows a pipeline licensee to make application for renewal of a pipeline licence.

Clause 69 contains provisions which must be taken into consideration by the Minister in renewing or refusing to renew a pipeline licence.

Clause 70 allows conditions to be imposed upon the grant of a pipeline licence.

Clause 71 enables a pipeline licensee to make application for the variation of a pipeline licence.

Clause 72 makes provision for variation of a pipeline licence by the Minister.

Clause 73 gives the Minister power to direct that a pipeline licensee is a common carrier.

Clause 74 prohibits the cessation of operation of a pipeline without the consent of the Minister.

Clause 75 requires the Minister to keep a register of certain instruments.

Clause 76 details what information is to be maintained in the register.

Clause 77 requires memorials of determined permits, &c., to be entered in the register.

Clause 78 requires approval and registration of transfers of titles to be entered in the register.

Clause 79 covers entries in the register on devolution of title.

Clause 80 requires any interests in titles to be created by instrument in writing.

Clause 81 covers the approval of instruments creating interests in title.

Clause 82 requires the true consideration to be shown for any transfer of title.

Clause 83 provides that registration does not affect the legal validity of registrable instruments.

Clause 84 gives the power to the Minister to require information on certain title dealings.

Clause 85 authorizes the Minister to require production and inspection of certain documents.

Clause 86 sets out the conditions relating to the inspection of the register and registered instruments.

Clause 87 provides that the register is evidence in all courts.

Clause 88 provides that a person may apply for rectification of the register.

Clause 89 states that a Minister is not liable to legal action in respect of maintenance of the register.

Clause 90 creates offences relating to entries lodged in the register.

Clause 91 covers the assessment of the fee payable under section 92.

Clause 92 imposes registration fees for documents registered.

Clause 93 provides that certain instruments are exempt from stamp duty.

Clause 94 requires certain notices to be published in the Gazette.

Clause 95 provides that certain instruments have effect on publication of notice in the Gazette.

Clause 96 requires work required to be carried out by a permittee, licensee or pipeline licensee to be commenced within six months of the grant of the permit, licence or pipeline licence.

Clause 97 provides that all petroleum operations shall be carried out in accordance with good oilfield practice.

Clause 98 requires operators in the adjacent area to maintain structures and other property correctly.

Clause 99 makes sections 97 and 98 subject to certain specified provisions.

Clause 100 requires Ministerial approval if drilling is carried out closer than 300 metres to a boundary of a permit area or licence area.

Clause 101 sets out the direction-making power of the Minister.

Clause 102 requires a person to comply with any direction given by the Minister.

Clause 103 gives the Minister power to grant exemptions from conditions of permits and licences, &c.

Clause 104 covers the procedure for the surrender of permits, &c.

Clause 105 covers the procedure for the cancellation of permits, &c.

Clause 106 provides that the holder of a cancelled permit, &c., is still subject to the provisions of the Act notwithstanding the cancellation.

Clause 107 requires the removal of all property from the adjacent area upon determination or cancellation of a permit, &c.

Clause 108 gives power to the Minister to remove property from the adjacent area.

Clause 109 provides that permit and licence fees payable may be paid by instalments.

Clause 110 provides a penalty for late payment of instalments under section 109.

Clause 111 allows special prospecting authorities to be granted.

Clause 112 contains provisions for granting access authorities.

Clause 113 sets out the powers of the Minister to remove or dispose of property in the adjacent area.

Clause 114 details the security required for permits, &c.

Clause 115 gives the Minister power to require information to be furnished in respect of operations in the adjacent area.

Clause 116 gives the Minister power to examine persons on oath.

Clause 117 prohibits people from refusing to furnish information, &c.

Clause 118 sets out the circumstances in which information relating to petroleum operations may be released.

Clause 119 allows the Minister to specify a safety zone which vessels may not enter around a well or structure.

Clause 120 provides for the notification of the discovery and use of water in the adjacent area.

Clause 121 relates to the survey of wells drilled in the adjacent area.

Clause 122 makes provision for the Minister to direct that certain records be kept.

Clause 123 gives the Minister power to consent to scientific investigations.

Clause 124 provides that any operations in the adjacent area under the Act are to be carried out without interference to certain other operations.

Clause 125 covers the appointment of inspectors under the Act.

Clause 126 covers the powers of inspectors appointed under section 125.

Clause 127 gives the property in petroleum to permittees or licensees.

Clause 128 gives power to the Minister to suspend the rights conferred by permit.

Clause 129 provides that certain royalty payments are to be made by the State to the Commonwealth.

Clause 130 relates to the determination of the wellhead value in calculating the royalty payable to the Commonwealth in section 129.

Clause 131 covers offences against the regulations or directions under the Act.

Clause 132 makes a person knowingly concerned in the commission of an offence guilty of that offence.

Clause 133 covers procedures for the prosecution of offences under the Act.

Clause 134 provides for the forfeiture of certain equipment in respect of certain licences.

Clause 135 covers the disposal of goods forfeited under the provisions of section 134.

Clause 136 sets out the time for bringing proceedings for offences.

Clause 137 requires courts to take judicial notice of the signature of the Minister.

Clause 138 relates to the service of notices.

Clause 139 covers permit fees.

Clause 140 covers licence fees.

Clause 141 covers pipeline licence fees.

Clause 142 covers the time of payment of fees.

Clause 143 requires a permittee or licensee to pay royalty to the Minister.

Clause 144 makes allowance for reduction of royalty in certain cases.

Clause 145 gives the power to the Minister to not require royalty to be paid in certain cases.

Clause 146 relates to the ascertainment of the position of the wellhead for royalty purposes.

Clause 147 relates to the ascertainment of the value of petroleum at the wellhead for royalty purposes.

Clause 148 provides for the ascertainment of quantity of petroleum recovered from a well.

Clause 149 relates to the time of payment of royalty.

Clause 150 provides a penalty for late payment of royalty.

Clause 151 states that fees and penalties are debts due to the State of Victoria.

Clause 152 sets out the regulation-making powers of the Governor in Council.

## **SCHEDULES**

The First Schedule lists amendments to, and repeals of, certain amendments.

The Second Schedule sets out the 1958 Convention on the Continental Shelf.

The *Third Schedule* describes the area that includes the adjacent area under this Act.

The Fourth Schedule sets out transitional provisions which will apply to permits and pipeline licences that straddle the outer boundary of the territorial sea.

The Fifth Schedule contains transitional provisions ensuring that certain things done under the Commonwealth Act prior to the commencement of this Act continue to have effect for the purposes of this Act.