GAME ACT 1928.

An Act to consolidate the Law relating to the 19 GEORGE V.

Protection of Game. (6)

No. 3689.

[12th February, 1929.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the Game Act 1915. advice and consent of the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of Victoria in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows (that is to say):—

- 1. This Act may be cited as the Game Act 1928, and shall come short title and into operation on a day to be fixed by proclamation of the Governor in council published in the Government Gazette.
- 2. The Acts mentioned in the First Schedule to this Act to the Repeal extent thereby expressed to be repealed are hereby repealed. Such First Schedule repeal shall not affect any proclamation order or complaint made or Ib. 2. any certificate given under the said Acts or any of them before the commencement of this Act.
- 3. In this Act unless inconsistent with the context or subject- interpretation. matter—

 16. s. 3.
 - "Game" includes all birds and other animals mentioned in the second Second Schedule to this Act;
 - "Gun" includes a firearm of any description and any air-gun or other kind of gun from which any shot bullet or other missile can be discharged;
 - "Native game" includes all birds and other animals mentioned Third Schedule.
 in the Third Schedule to this Act; and
 - "Close season" means in respect of any bird or other animal Third Schedule. mentioned in the Third Schedule the period set opposite the name of such bird or other animal in the said Schedule or such other period as the Governor in Council may by proclamation in the Government Gazette from time to game del 1917 time direct and if in any year the last day of the close * S. season is Saturday the close season for that year shall include the following day.

⁽a) See, for offences in respect of deer, Crimes Act 1928, sections 82, 83, and 84.

General.

Game Act 1917

Proclamation altering adding or removing names of birds and animals to be protected, and values or close season periods. Second Schedule, Third Schedule.

Power to Governor in Council to alter

periods for native game. Game Act 1925 8.2.

Game Act 1917

- 4. (1) The Governor in Council may by proclamation—
 - (a) alter the name of any bird or other animal included in the Second or Third Schedule to this Act;
 - (b) name any other bird or animal as a bird or other animal which is to be included in the said Second or Third Schedule respectively, and set such sum as the Governor in Council thinks fit opposite the name of such bird or other animal so included in the Second Schedule, and (if necessary) set such period as the Governor in Council thinks fit opposite the name of such bird or other animal so included in the said Third Schedule; and
 - (c) remove from the said Second Schedule the name of any bird . or animal included therein and the sum set opposite such name; and in the case of any bird or animal included in the said Third Schedule remove the name of such bird or animal from such Schedule and (if necessary) the period of the close season set opposite the name of such bird or animal, or prescribe instead of such period any other period specified in the proclamation.
- (2) After the publication of any such proclamation in the Government Gazette and the expiration of the period mentioned in such proclamation for the time of its coming into operation the birds or other animals so named or the names of which are so altered and the sums and periods so set opposite the names shall be deemed to be included in such Schedule, and any name sum or period so removed shall be deemed not to be included in such Schedule with respect to such bird or other animal, and the provisions of this Act and the said Schedules when so amended shall be read and construed and given effect accordingly.

5. (1) The Governor in Council may by proclamation published proclam sanc-tuary for native in the Government Gazette specify any part of Victoria as a locality same in any hereinafter called a sanctuary in which during such period or periods in hereinafter called a sanctuary in which during such period or periods in each year as shall be fixed in such proclamation it shall be unlawful for any person to kill or destroy any native game mentioned in such proclamation or to kill or destroy any native game mentioned in such proclamation under such an age as is therein prescribed with regard to such native game.

2) Every person who in contravention of any such proclamation kills or destroys any native game or uses any instrument whatever net or other means for the purpose of killing or destroying any native game shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Twenty pounds in addition to a sum of not more than Five pounds for each bird or animal so killed or destroyed.

(3) Every person who wilfully trespasses on any sanctuary (whether Crown land or not) during any period in any year so fixed in search or pursuit of game or native game shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Twenty pounds and the fact that a person trespassing on such sanctuary has in his possession implements for shooting or is accompanied by a dog or dogs shall be prima facie evidence of the purpose of such trespass and that such trespass was wilful.

Power to locality. Game Act 1916

Penalty on killing or destroying native game in sanctuary. Comp. Game Act 1925 ss. 8, 4,

Person trespassing on sauctuary liable to penalty. Game Act 1917

- 6. Every person who wilfully kills or destroys at any time any game Game Act 1915 or uses any instrument whatever net or any other means for the enalty on killpurpose of killing or destroying any game shall be liable to a ingo destroying penalty of not more than Ten pounds, in addition to the value of each bird or other animal destroyed, as set out in the Second Schedule second to this Act, and each such bird or other animal shall be adjudged to the owner if claimed by him.
- 7. Every person who during the close season wilfully kills or renalties for destroys any native game or uses any instrument net or any other killing or destroying means for the purpose of killing or destroying any native game shall native game out of season. be liable to a penalty of not more than Ten pounds for a first offence Game Act 1925 and to a penalty of not less than Five nor more than Fifty pounds a. 3. for a second or subsequent offence and in every such case to an additional penalty of not less than Five shillings nor more than Five pounds for each bird or other animal destroyed.

8. Every person who buys sells or consigns or knowingly has in his Penalty on possession house or control any game at any time or any native game having in during the close season shall be liable to a penalty of not more than at any time and native game. Five pounds for every head of game in addition to the value of any during close such game, as set out in the Second Schedule to this Act, and a game Act 1916 penalty of not more than Five pounds for every head of native game: 18.

Provided that any native game killed or destroyed not within the s. 5. close season may be bought sold consigned or kept in possession during Game 4ct 1925 the ten days next following the commencement of the close season.

Second Schedule.

9. (1) Every person who buys sells consigns or knowingly has in remains tor his possession house or control any flesh skin feathers or other portion buying selling or of any game or native game killed or destroyed during any period in laving feathers are of any game. which such killing or destroying was or is prohibited by this Act or of of the state of the stat such Act or enactment shall be liable to a penalty of not less than Five 18. s. 4. shillings and not more than Five pounds for the flesh skin feathers or other portion of each bird or animal in respect of which the offence has been committed.

(2) The following provisions shall apply with respect to egrets renalties in whether alive or dead and whether taken or killed or destroyed in respect of buying &c.

Victoria or elsewhere whether before or after the commencement of egrets and feathers &c. this Act:-

- ct:—

 (a) Every person who buys sells consigns or knowingly has in wherever killed &c. his possession house or control any such egret shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Five pounds;
- (b) Every person who buys sells or consigns or knowingly has in his possession house or control any flesh skin feathers or other portion of any such egret shall be liable to the like penalty as is set forth in sub-section (1) of this section;
- (c) The provisions of sections eighteen nineteen twenty-three Powers of twenty-six and twenty-nine of this Act shall with such and legal alterations modifications and substitutions as are neces- proceedings. sary extend to and apply for the purposes of this subsection:

Game Act 1925.

(d) This sub-section shall be read as in aid and not in derogation of the provisions of this Act with respect to game or native game.

Power to extend to certain game or native game.

(3) The Governor in Council may by proclamation extend and apply the provisions of the last preceding sub-section to any bird or other animal specified in such proclamation and mentioned or included in the Second Schedule or the Third Schedule to this Act (whether taken or killed or destroyed in Victoria or elsewhere and whether so taken or killed or destroyed before or after the date of such proclamation) and to the flesh skin feathers or other portion of such bird or animal.

Penalty on taking or destroying eggs. Game Act 1915 s. 10.

10. Every person who wilfully takes out of the nest or destroys in the nest the eggs of any bird of game or native game, or knowingly has in his possession any such eggs, shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Ten shillings for each egg so wilfully taken or destroyed or found in his possession.

Laying poison for or poisoning game or native game prohibited. Ib. s. 11.
Game Act 1917 s. 7.
Game Act 1925

11. (1) Every person who-

(a) at any time or place kills destroys or injures any game by poison or lays poison with intent to kill destroy or injure any game; or

(b) during the close season for any native game kills destroys or injures any such native game by poison or lays poison with intent to kill destroy or injure any such native game,

Penalty.

shall be liable_(a) for a first offence to a penalty of not less than Five nor more than Twenty pounds and for a second or subsequent offence to imprisonment for a term of not more than six months and in addition (if any game or native game is so killed destroyed or injured) for each head of game so killed destroyed or injured the sum set opposite the name of the species to which the same belongs in the Second Schedule hereto and for each head of native game so killed destroyed or injured a sum to be determined by the Court upon the conviction of not less than Five shillings nor more than Five pounds.

Second Schedule,

Punishment &c. where poison used is potassium cyanide &c.

(2) If the poison used or laid by any person found offending against any of the foregoing provisions of this section is potassium cyanide or any of the compounds of cyanogen such person shall, in lieu of the penalty or imprisonment and the additional sum aforesaid, be liable to imprisonment for not more than twelve months, and in addition (if any game or native game is so killed destroyed or injured) for each head of game so killed destroyed or injured the sum set opposite the name of the species to which the same belongs in the Second Schedule hereto, and for each head of native game so killed destroyed or injured a sum to be determined by the court upon the conviction of not less than Five shillings and not more than Five pounds.

Second Schedule.

Swivel and Punt Guns.

12. (1) Every gun or fowling-piece—

Description of guns to be deemed swivel or punt guns.

Game Act 1915

(a) having a barrel exceeding forty-two inches in length, or
 (b) having a single barrel exceeding eight pounds avoirdupois in weight or having a double barrel exceeding fourteen

pounds avoirdupois in weight, or

- (c) having a bore of greater size than the calibre now known come see 1925 as twelve bore or gauge, or
- (d) being of a weight exceeding sixteen pounds avoirdupois, or
- (e) having more than two barrels, or
- (f) not being such a gun or fowling-piece as is habitually raised at arm's length and fired without other support from the shoulder,

and every combination of more than two guns or fowling-pieces temporarily or permanently secured together,

shall be deemed and taken to be a swivel or punt gun within the meaning of this Act.

- (2) No firearms belonging to or used by His Majesty or the naval or military forces or the police force shall be deemed to be swivel or punt guns within the meaning of this Act.
- 13. No person shall at any time kill or attempt to kill or destroy runs account game or native game with any swivel or punt gun or any device or Game Act 1915 instrument known as a swivel or punt gun; and every person offending a 13. against the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty of not Game Act 1925 more than Twenty pounds for a first offence and of not less than Five Penalty. nor more than Fifty pounds for any subsequent offence.
- 14. Every person who is found in any boat punt raft or navigable Penalty tor vessel of any kind having therein or attached thereto a device or instru-having swivel ment known as a swivel or punt gun or any part of such device or Game Act 1915 instrument shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Twenty pounds Game Act 1925 for a first offence and of not less than Five nor more than Fifty s. 8.

 pounds for any subsequent offence.
- 15. Every person having in his possession or custody or having in renalty tor any vehicle or boat punt raft or navigable vessel of any kind in his having swivel or care or control any swivel or punt gun or any part of such gun shall be possession. guilty of an offence against this Act and shall be liable to a penalty of of the control and the same shall be liable to a penalty of the same shall be liable
- 16. In any prosecution for an offence against any of the provisions proof of gun of this Act when it is proved that a gun was fired in or from any boat or punt gun. punt raft or navigable vessel without having been raised at arm's 10. 16. length and fired from the shoulder without other support such proof shall without prejudice to any other evidence available be sufficient evidence that such gun was a swivel or punt gun within the meaning of this Act.
- 17. The inspector of fisheries or any assistant to such inspector power to seize or any member of the police force may with or without warrant at any surveil or punt time seize and take possession of any swivel or punt gun or part thereof being used and such gun or part shall be forfeited to the Crown and shall be 15. s. 17. destroyed or otherwise disposed of as the Minister may direct.

Powers of Seizure &c.

Game Act 1915 s. 18. Power to seize game &c. in illegal possession. Game Act 1925

18. (1) The inspector of fisheries or any assistant to such inspector or any member of the police force may without any warrant at all times during business hours enter any store or shop and the premises tenanted therewith or any private land (but except as aforesaid not any house thereon) in which he has reason to believe he will find any game or native game or any eggs flesh skin feathers or other portion of any game or native game which any person may have in his possession in such store or shop or premises or on such private land apparently contrary to any of the provisions of this Act or of any proclamation thereunder, and such officer or member may seize and take possession of such game native game eggs flesh skin feathers or other portion and anything so taken possession of shall be destroyed or otherwise disposed of in such manner as the Minister directs.

Warrant to search private houses for native game. Gamo Act 1917

(2) Any justice who is satisfied by information upon oath laid by the inspector of fisheries or any assistant to the said inspector or any member of the police force that there is reasonable ground for believing that there is in any place or premises whatsoever (whether provided for in the last preceding sub-section or not) any native game or any eggs flesh skin feathers or other portion of any native game apparently contrary to any provision of this Act or of any proclamation thereunder may at any time issue a warrant under his hand authorizing such inspector or assistant or some member of the police force or other person named therein to search such premises for the same and to seize and carry the same before a court of petty sessions to be by such court dealt with according to law. Subject to this sub-section the rules to be observed with regard to warrants to search mentioned in the Justices Act 1928 shall extend and apply to warrants under this section and the provisions of this sub-section shall be read and construed as in aid and not in derogation of the provisions with regard to warrants to search contained in any other Act and shall not limit or affect the provisions of the last preceding sub-section.

Expanses of

(3) Every person who is convicted of any offence against this selsure &c. els. 19. Act shall in addition to any penalty imposed upon him be liable to pay Game Act 1925 any expenses incurred in the seizure carriage and disposition pursuant to this or the next succeeding section of any game or native game or eggs or flesh skin or feathers or other portion of any game or native game with respect to which the offence was committed.

Power to search for and seize game &o. Game Act 1915

- 19. The inspector of fisheries or any assistant to such inspector or any member of the police force if he has reasonable ground to believe that an offence has been committed against this Act or any proclamation thereunder may with or without warrant-
 - (a) search any parcel basket bag box receptacle or vehicle for any game or native game or any eggs or any flesh skin feathers or other portion of any game or native game; or go on board any boat or enter any tent factory or market to search for or inspect any game or native game or any eggs or any flesh skin feathers or other portion of any game or native game and thereon or therein search for or inspect the same; and

- (b) seize and take possession of any such game or native game Game Act 1915. or eggs or flesh skin feathers or other portion of any game or native game which he finds apparently unlawfully killed destroyed taken or in the possession of any person.
- 20. (1) The inspector of fisheries or any assistant to such inspector power to seite or any member of the police force may without any warrant at all instruments and when being times seize and take possession of any instrument net or other means unlawfully used. used by any person in killing or destroying or attempting to kill or 1b. s. 20. destroy any game or native game in contravention of any of the 10. provisions of this Act or of any proclamation thereunder.

 (2) If the thing so used is not a swivel or punt gun and the

person alleged to have been using it is convicted for an offence against any of the provisions of this Act or of any proclamation thereunder then such instrument net or other means shall be deemed to be absolutely forfeited and shall be destroyed or otherwise disposed of as the Minister directs, and if such person is not convicted the instrument net or other means shall be returned to him.

Appointments.

21. (1) The Minister may in writing authorize any person to Power to exercise any of the powers conferred by this Act on members of the to exercise police force, and may at any time revoke such authority.

police.

(2) Every person so authorized—

(a) shall subject to such authority have all the powers conferred 6. 21. by this Act on members of the police force.

(b) shall if requested when exercising any of such powers produce his authority.

Legal Proceedings &c.

22. (1) Every person who obstructs or resists or assaults or incites remains tor or encourages any person to obstruct or resist or assault any member of obstruction. the police force or the inspector of fisheries or any assistant to such inspector or any other person in the execution of his duty under this Act shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Fifty pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term of not more than three months, and the court before which any such case is heard may order and award besides any such penalty a sum sufficient to cover any damage which any such officer or person has sustained by such obstruction resistance or assault, such sum to be recoverable in the same manner as the penalty.

(2) The inspector of fisheries or any assistant to such inspector or Power to any member of the police force may (with or without warrant) with arrest persons offending any assistance he requires take into custody any person found offending against came against any of the provisions of this Act or of any proclamation there—name and under whose name and address are unknown to such inspector known assistant or mamber of the relies force if such passes and days and address not known to such inspector known and address not known to such inspector known assistant or mamber of the relies force if such passes and days are the such assistant to such inspector or warrant or mamber of the relies force if such passes and days are the such assistant to such inspector or mamber of the relies force if such passes and days are the such as the assistant or member of the police force if such person on demand-

Game Act 1925

(a) refuses to give his name and address; or

(b) gives a name and address which in any particular such 1018 No. 21 inspector assistant or member of the police force reasonably suspects to be followed assistant. ably suspects to be false or after reasonable inquiry from such person does not believe to be true.

Such person shall be taken before a justice of the peace to be dealt with according to law.

Game Act 1915 s. 28. Persons offending against this Act must give name and address and deliver up game guns &c. Game Act 1917

23. If any person is found offending against the provisions of this Act or of any proclamation thereunder and does not give his true name and address and does not deliver up any game native game or any instrument net or other means used to kill or destroy any game or native game to the inspector of fisheries or any assistant to such inspector or any member of the police force who demands the same such person shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Ten pounds in addition to any other penalty he may have incurred under this Act.

Proceedings how brought. Game Act 1925

24. Unless otherwise expressly provided in this Act all prosecutions and proceedings under this Act may be in the name of the Minister or of any officer nominated in writing for that purpose by the Minister or of the inspector of fisheries or of any assistant to such inspector or of any member of the police force or of any person authorized in writing by the Minister to exercise any of the powers conferred by this Act on members of the police force.

Ib. s. 19.

25. Upon the hearing of an information for an offence against this Appearances on 25. Upon the hearing of an information for an offence against this hearing of Informations for Act or any proclamation or authority thereunder the informant may appear either personally or by some officer in the Public Service nominated in writing by the inspector of fisheries either generally or in any particular case for the purpose; and the appearance of such officer and his statement that he appears for the informant shall be sufficient evidence of the authority of such officer to appear for the informant for all purposes.

Burden of proof, Game Act 1915

26. Where any person is charged under this Act with buying selling consigning or having in his possession house or control any game or native game or flesh skin feathers or other portions of any game or native game contrary to any of the provisions of this Act or of any proclamation thereunder the onus of proof that such game or native game or flesh skin feathers or other portions of game or native game were lawfully bought sold consigned or in his possession house or control shall be upon the person so charged.

Power of court to prohibit use &c. of gun by person for three years.

27. (1) On the application of any informant authorized in writing by the Minister to make the application the court before which any person is convicted of any offence under this Act may, if it thinks fit, order that such person shall not, at any time during a period of three years from and after the date of the conviction or, in case such person has been sentenced to any term of imprisonment, from and after the date of his release, have in his possession use or carry a gun.

Pensity.

(2) Subject to this section every person who has been convicted as aforesaid who acts in contravention of such order shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable in respect of each offence to a penalty of not more than Ten pounds.

Use under permit for certain purposes.

- (3) A person against whom any such order has been made shall not be liable to any penalty hereunder if he-
 - (a) has in his possession uses or carries a gun for the sole purpose of destroying any pest or vermin on any land owned or occupied by him; and
 - (b) holds a permit in writing from the Minister allowing him to have in his possession or to use or carry a gun for such purpose.

- 28. Nothing in this section shall affect the operation of any Game Act 1925 provisions of the Firearms Act 1928 or any other enactment relating saving. to guns.
- 29. All game or native game and all eggs and all flesh skins Disposal of feathers or other portions of any game or native game seized under the seized game and feathers or other portions of any game or native game seized under the native game provisions of this Act shall be forfeited to the Crown and may be eggs &c. destroyed or otherwise disposed of in accordance with the directions of s. 25. the Minister.
- 30. If any person feels himself aggrieved at any decision given Appeal. under this Act he may appeal to the next general sessions held nearest 16. s. 26. to the place where such decision is given.

Trespass.

- 31. Every person who wilfully trespasses on any land not being Persons trespass. Crown land in search or pursuit of game or native game shall on in-ing on private formation by the owner or occupier of such land be liable to a penalty penalty. of not more than Ten pounds, and the fact that such person has in his 10. 5 29. possession implements for shooting or is accompanied by a dog or dogs shall be prima facie evidence of the purpose of such trespass and that such trespass was wilful.(a)
- 32. Every person who wilfully drives or sets on a dog or dogs on Persons driving or through any plantation vineyard orchard garden nursery or other through certain similar enclosure or land on which is any growing crop in search or lands liable to a pursuit of game or native game shall on information by the owner or 16. 8. 80. occupier thereof be liable to a penalty of not more than Ten pounds.

Exemptions.

33. If it is proved to the satisfaction of the Minister that any Authority to game or native game have increased in such numbers as to lead to destroy game serious damage to any vineyard orchard or garden or to any crops or &c. grass upon any land owned or occupied by any person the Minister may 16.5.31. by authority(b) in writing authorize any person to kill or capture any game or native game upon such land in such numbers and upon such conditions as may be set forth in such authority and may at any time revoke any such authority.

(a) The defendant was convicted of having trespassed upon lands held by the prosecutor under a gold fields licence under section 49 of The Land Act 1869. Held, that the conviction was had incomed as was bad, inasmuch as such land was Crown land and was excepted by the provisions of the corresponding section 5 of Act No. 464.—Reg. v. Dickenson, ex parte Franklin, 14 V.L.R.,

In order to constitute an offence under this section the person charged must be knowingly and intentionally trespassing on the land of another in search or pursuit of game.

A person crossing the land of another merely

with the object of reaching a place at which he

intends to search for or pursue game is not trespassing in search or pursuit of game within

Quære, whether wilfully trespassing on the land of another with the object of shooting therefrom at game on adjacent land is an offence within this section. - Moffatt v. Hassett, 1907

See Police Offences Act 1928, section 19 at end. (b) An authority under this section is not an authority to the grantee to kill or destroy by his own hand only, but is exercisable by him, by his employés, or by his agents, whose acts, as such agents, he retains power to direct or control.— Harrington v. McArthur, 1922 V.L.R., 639.

Game Act 1915 e. 32. Power to exempt from certain provisions.

- 34. (1) The Governor in Council may by proclamation published in the Government Gazette direct that in any part of Victoria and during any period of the year specified in such proclamation sections six and eight of this Act shall not be in operation as regards such of the birds or other animals mentioned or included in the Second Schedule to this Act as are specified in such proclamation. Such proclamation may be made as regards any bird or other animal over such an age as is therein prescribed with regard to such bird or animal.
- (2) During the period so specified in any proclamation made pursuant to this section with regard to any bird or other animal the said sections shall not be in operation as regards any such bird or other animal or (as the case may be) any such bird or other animal over the prescribed age in the part of Victoria specified in such proclamation.

Licences to take Game Act 1925

35. (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Act the Minister may or kill opossums, authorize the issue and renewal of licences to take or kill opossums but the Minister may in accordance with this Act or any proclamation in that behalf thereunder refuse in any case to issue or to renew any such licence.

Limitations &c. in licence.

- (2) Every such licence shall specify—
 - (a) the particular species of such animals that may be killed or
 - (b) the area or areas in or from which they may be killed or
 - (c) the number which may be killed or taken; and
 - (d) the period during which the licence is to be in force.

Issue and revocation of licences.

(3) Any such licence may be issued or renewed to any person for the term and at the fee and subject to the conditions restrictions and limitations prescribed by any proclamation in regard thereto under this Act and may be revoked by the Minister upon any ground prescribed by any such proclamation.

Power to production of licence.

(4) Every person found hunting or taking or killing any opossum shall if so required by the inspector of fisheries or any assistant to such inspector or by any member of the police force produce his licence; and every such person who fails to produce his licence when so required or when afforded reasonable opportunity for so doing shall (without prejudice to any other liability under this Act) be liable to the penalty prescribed in regard thereto in such proclamation.

Rights of holders of licences.

(5) The holder of a licence to take or kill opossums for the time being in force may notwithstanding anything in this Act but subject to this section and to the conditions restrictions and limitations aforesaid take or kill opossums in accordance with the licence.

Licences to dealers in skins &c. of opossums. Ib. s. 14. Comp. (N.Z.) 1921 No. 57 e, 19.

36. (1) The Minister may in the prescribed form and subject to any such limitations as to locality or period of the year and to such other conditions as he thinks proper or as are prescribed by any proclamation under this Act, and upon payment of the prescribed fee, issue or renew a licence authorizing the holder thereof (hereinafter referred to as a "licensed dealer in opossum skins") to carry on during the period in respect of which the licence or renewal thereof is in force the business of dealing in the skins and other portions of opossums.

(2) Every person carrying on the said business shall if so required Game Act 1925. by the inspector of fisheries or any assistant to such inspector or by Power to any member of the police force produce his licence; and every such production or person who fails to produce his licence when so required or when afforded reasonable opportunity for so doing shall (without prejudice to any other liability under this Act) be liable to the penalty prescribed in regard thereto in such proclamation.

- (3) Any licence under this section may be revoked by the Minister Revocation of upon any ground prescribed by a proclamation under this Act.
- (4) No person shall carry on the business of dealing (whether in Licence conjunction with any other business or not) in the skins or other required for dealing in portions of opossums unless he is a licensed dealer in opossum skins opossum skins. under this Act.
- (5) No person except a licensed dealer in opossum skins under this Restrictions Act shall sell the skin or other portion of any opossum to any person sinch skins. other than to a licensed dealer in opossum skins under this Act.
- (6) Every person committing a contravention of any of the pro- Penalty. visions of the two last preceding sub-sections shall, in addition to any other penalty or punishment under this Act to which he may be liable, be liable to a penalty of not more than One hundred pounds.
- (7) The Governor in Council may by proclamation published in Exemptions the Government Gazette exempt absolutely or to the extent prescribed by proclamation. in the proclamation any class of persons carrying on the business of dealing in the skins or other portions of opossums from the operation of this section.
- 37. (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Act the Minister may Licences to hunt orize the issue of licences—

 Act the Minister may Licences to hunt deer and take mutton birds acc. authorize the issue of licences-

Game Act 1917

s. 12.

- (a) to hunt deer; or
- (b) to take or destroy mutton birds and the eggs of such birds.
- (2) Any such licence may be issued to any person for the term and Issue of Hoonces. at the fee and subject to the conditions prescribed by a proclamation in regard thereto under this Act.
- (3) Every person not being the holder of a licence in that behalf Killing deer &c. without licence. who in contravention of this Act-
 - (a) hunts kills or captures deer; or
 - (b) takes or destroys any mutton bird or any egg of a mutton

shall be liable to the penalty prescribed in regard thereto in such Penalty. proclamation.

(4) Every person found—

(a) hunting killing or capturing any deer; or

Power to demand roduction of produce.

(b) taking or destroying any mutton bird or any egg of any such bird.

shall if so required by the inspector of fisheries or any assistant to the said inspector or by any member of the police force produce his licence; and every such person who fails to produce his licence when so required Penalty for or when afforded reasonable opportunity for so doing shall be liable to refusing the penalty prescribed in regard thereto in such proclamation.

Game Act 1915 s. 33.
Trustees &c. of public gardens &c. may be authorized to keep game.

- 38. (1) The Minister may by order in writing authorize the trustees or managers of any public gardens grounds or exhibition to have and keep in their possession or control any game or native game of any kind specified in such order or any eggs flesh skin or feathers thereof, and may at any time revoke any such order.
- (2) Any such order so far as it relates to any game or native game therein specified or any eggs flesh or skin or feathers thereof kept in the gardens grounds or exhibition named in such order shall until revoked exempt the said trustees or managers and their officers and servants from any of the penalties imposed by this Act.

Collection of game for scientific purposes. 1b. s. 34,

- 39. (1) The Minister may by order in writing authorize any person to collect for scientific purposes any game or native game or the eggs of any bird being game or native game.
- (2) The period during which any such order is to be in force shall be specified in such order.
- (3) During such period sections eight and ten of this Act shall not apply to the person named in such order whilst collecting any game or native game or eggs pursuant to such order.
 - (4) The Minister may at any time revoke any such order.

Native game state of domestication or captivity. 16. s. 35. 40. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this or any other Act contained the Minister may at his discretion give written permission to any person or persons to retain in a state of domestication or captivity such game or during the close season such native game as are specified. The Minister may cancel such permission at any time and without notice.

Application of this Act. Ib. s. 86. 41. Nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to any person being the owner of any game or native game having in his possession any such game or native game in confinement or in a domesticated state, provided such game have not been found wild or such native game have not been caught or taken during the close season, nor to the owner of any eggs taken from the mew or breeding place nor to the possession of such eggs.

Proclamations in respect of Various Matters.

Proclamations. 1b. s. 37.

42. (1) The Governor in Council may by proclamation published in the Government Gazette—

Game Act 1925 2, 18. (a) prohibit the buying or selling or exposing for sale of any specified native game (whether taken or killed or destroyed in Victoria or elsewhere) or the flesh skin feathers or other portion of such native game for such period as is fixed by any proclamation;

Game Act 1917 s. 10. (b) prescribe the maximum number of any specified native game which any person may kill or destroy or have in possession on any one day or within any specified period;

Marketing &c. of flesh skins feathers &c. of game or native game.

Game Act 1925

(c) regulate the methods of buying selling consigning marketing or storing the flesh skin feathers or any other portion of any game or native game and prescribe the conditions to be observed by persons buying selling consigning marketing or storing the same.

- (d) regulate or prohibit the use of any method or any substance Game Act 1925. for taking killing or hunting or for attempting or assist-Prohibition of Certain methods ing to take kill or hunt native game; and (without of killing &c. affecting the generality of this power) may prohibit native game. generally or in any specified locality the use of the substance known as birdlime or any other similar Birdlime &c. substance or mixture of any kind whatsoever for the taking or capture of any bird (whether game or native game or not);
- (e) prescribe the forms of licences to take or kill opossums and Licences of licences to licenced dealers in opossum skins under opossums. to the classes of persons who may be exempted from the operation of the provisions of this Act relating to licensed dealers in opossum skins and the extent of such exemptions;

(f) prescribe the manner in which and the grounds upon which Revocation &c. any such licences may be revoked, and may provide for of licences. the refusal of issue or renewal of any such licence;

(q) in addition to any powers conferred under paragraph (d) of Methods of this sub-section prescribe the methods which may or may taking &c. not be employed by holders of licences to take or kill opossums in hunting or taking or killing them;

(h) in addition to the powers conferred by paragraph (c) of this regulation of sub-section regulate the keeping in possession or the possession &c. purchase or sale or other disposal of the skins or other portions of opossums;

(i) provide for the inspection of stocks of skins or other portions Inspection. of opossums;

(i) prescribe the records to be kept and the returns to be records. furnished by licenced dealers in opossum skins under this

(k) prescribe the conditions upon which licences to hunt deer or Licences to take or destroy mutton birds and the eggs of such concerning deer and mutton birds are to be issued the term for which such licences birds. respectively are to be current and the fees to be payable Game Act 1917 for such licences respectively;

(1) prescribe penalties not exceeding Twenty pounds for any Game Act 1918 contravention of any proclamation and not exceeding Ten 8 87. pounds for any contravention of any authority granted under section thirty-three of this Act;

(m) explain vary revoke annul or supersede any proclamation under this Act or any of the Acts hereby repealed.

(2) The Governor in Council may make proclamations (to be Form of published as aforesaid) generally for or in respect of any matters or Froclamation. things authorized or required by this Act to be prescribed or provided s. 18. for by proclamation or necessary or convenient to be prescribed or provided for in order to carry out or give effect to the provisions of this Act.

Game Act 1925.

(3) All forms prescribed in pursuance of this section or of any other power to make proclamations under this Act or forms to the like effect may be used for the purposes of this Act and shall be sufficient in law.

Limitations of Actions.

Limitation of

43. Every action which is brought against any justice inspector Comp. Fisheries assistant inspector member of the police force or other person for or 4st 1915 s. 44. on account of any matter or thing down on account of any matter or thing done or committed by him in the execution of his office or duty under this Act shall be commenced within three months after the cause of action or complaint has arisen and not afterwards.

SCHEDULES.

Section 2.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Number of Act.			Extent of Repeal.					
						_ 		
2658	***	Game Act 1915	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	So far as it is not already repealed. The whole. The whole.
2893		Game Act 1917 Game Act 1925	.,					The whole.
3398	***	Game Act 1925	,					The whole.

Sections 8, 4, 6, 8, & 11.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Antelope, £15 Californian Quail, £1 Deer, £15 English Skylarks, £1

English Thrushes, £1 Pheasants, £5 White Swans, £5.

Sections 8 & 4.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

Acanthizae or All birds kno clud ng Eg Native Con All Kingfisher fisher or Ko	own as rets o panion rs, incl	f all n or A luding	specie ustralia	s and	the ne			
All members of the Grancalus family								
Apostle Birds						Ì		
Avocets		•••	•••	•••		j		
Babblers		***	***	•••	***	1		
Bandicoots		•••			•••	ţ		
Bee Eaters				***		The whole year.		
Bitterns	***	•••		***	••	1		
Black Cockate	006	***	•••	110	•••	1		
Black Swans					***	l .		
Black-tailed or Rock-Pebbler Parrots								
Bustard or W	ild Tu	rkey		•••				
Cape Barren	Geese	***	100]		
Caterpillar-ea	ters	***	••					
Coach-whip B	irds							
Cockatoos, Pink or Major Mitchell								
Crested Bell I	Birds					ĺ		
Cuckoos	•••	***	***	***	***	{		
Cuckoo-shrike	e s	***		***		j		

THIRD SCHEDULE-continued.

Third Schedul	E-continued.
Diamond Birds or Pardalotes (all species)	1
Emns	
Ephthianuras or Chats	
Fantails	
Fly Catchers	
Flying Phalangers or Squirrels	
Frogmouth or Podargus	
Gang Gang Cockatoos	
Grass Parrots (all species)	
Grebes	
Honey Eaters, all kinds (except the Wattle	
Bird, the Leather Head, and the Noisy	
Miner) Jbis	
Kangaroo, Black-faced or Mallee (Macropus	
Melanops)	
Kangaroo, Large Grey (Macropus Giganteus)	
Kangaroo, Large Red (Macropus Rufus)	
Larks (including Cincloramphus) and Pipits	1
Little or Blue Penguins	1
Lyre Birds	
Magpie Larks (Pied Grallina)]
Magpies	
Mallee Hens	}
Mutton Birds	}
Native Bears (Koalas)	
Night-jars	
Nuthatches or Tree-runners	ţ
Opislan	(m), -1, -1,
Orioles	The whole year.
Osestan Catalyana	Į.
D' .: A. C.: 11.	
Pied an Massic Coose	
Pilot Birds	İ
Platypus	ł
Porcupine Ant-eaters, or Echidnes	İ
Ringneck (Mallee) Parrot	1
Robins	į
Satin Bower Birds	<u> </u>
Seals	İ
Shrike-tite]
Silver Gulls	1
Southern Stone Plover or Curlew	
Spoonbills	
Consideration and Mouting	i
Swamp on Channel Branchesto	•
Swifts	
Thick Heads or Whistlers	•
Thrushes	}
Tree-creepers	1
Warblers	1
Wedge-bills	
Wild Doves	
Wild Pigeons (all species except the Bronze- wing Pigeon)	
Wood Swallows	!
Wrens	J
Bronzewing Pigeons	From the first day of June in each year to the last day of February next
All kinds of Plover, other than the	following, both days inclusive.
Southern Stone Ployer or Curlew	i
Land Rail, and all other members of the	From the first day of May in each year
Rail family, Porphyrio, Coots, &c.	to the fourteenth day of February next
Maned Geese or Wood Ducks	following, both days inclusive.
Wild Ducks and Teal of all kinds)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•

Quail

... ... From the first day of August in each year to the fourteenth day of March next following, both days inclusive.

White-faced Scorm Petrels From the first day of November to the thirtieth day of November in each year, both days inclusive.

THERD SCHEDULE-continued.

Wallaby (all species) From the first day of May to the thirty-first day of October in each year, both days inclusive.

GAMING.

[See Instruments Act 1928; Police Offences Act 1928.]