#### Kaikōura (Te Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Management Bill

Government Bill

#### **Explanatory note**

#### **General policy statement**

The Bill establishes the following management measures for the coast and sea around Kaikōura (**Te Tai-o-Marokura**):

- a marine reserve:
- a whale sanctuary:
- a New Zealand fur seal sanctuary:
- 5 customary fisheries areas (2 taiāpure-local fisheries and 3 mātaitai reserves):
- an advisory committee:
- fishing regulations that are specific to the area.

#### **Background**

The Bill seeks to address the current lack of formal protection and recognition of marine species, the submarine canyon, and other natural marine habitats in Te Tai-o-Marokura.

The genesis of the Bill is the Kaikōura Marine Strategy 2012 (the **strategy**), developed by Te Korowai o Te Tai-o-Marokura/the Kaikōura Coastal Marine Guardians (**Te Korowai**). The phrase te korowai refers to the cloak of a chiefly person laid over something to ensure its care and protection.

The strategy was the result of 7 years of effort by Te Korowai (encompassing iwi and representatives from the local marine industries, tourism operators, and environmental groups) who set out a vision for the area and reached a consensus on how the coastal and marine environment should be managed.

Te Korowai describes the process of negotiating the suite of management measures in the strategy as a "gifts and gains" process (where parties offer a concession in one area to achieve a gain elsewhere)—"The gifts were to the sea, to the future and to our community. The gains are everybody's."

The Government has agreed to implement a number of the management measures proposed by Te Korowai, except that instead of the marine mammal sanctuary proposed by Te Korowai there will be two 2 species-specific sanctuaries to protect whales and New Zealand fur seals.

The Bill implements the various management measures together as 1 integrated package. The measures that are not contained in the Bill will be implemented through 2 *Gazette* notices, which will come into force shortly after the Bill is enacted.

Two *Gazette* notices will impose restrictions in respect of the whale sanctuary and the New Zealand fur seal sanctuary. Once the restrictions are in force.—

- any seismic surveying that is carried out in the whale sanctuary will have to comply with the 2013 Code of Conduct for Minimising Acoustic Disturbance to Marine Mammals from Seismic Survey Operations and certain types of seismic surveying will be prohibited in the whale sanctuary unless the Director-General of Conservation grants an exemption (for example, in an emergency or for important research that cannot be carried out elsewhere):
- access to the New Zealand fur seal sanctuary will be prohibited except in certain specified circumstances (for example, in an emergency or if access is necessary under conservation and fisheries legislation).

The *Gazette* notices can be viewed, in draft, on the Department of Conservation's Internet site (*see* http://www.doc.govt.nz/getting-in-volved/consultations).

#### Te Korowai

Te Korowai has made a valuable and sustained contribution towards achieving integrated management of Te Tai-o-Marokura.

Te Korowai's vision is that, by perpetuating the mauri and wairua of Te Tai-o-Marokura, the Kaikōura community, as kaitiaki of Tangaroa's tāonga, is sustaining a flourishing, rich, and healthy environment where opportunities abound to sustain the needs of present and future generations. Te Korowai's core objectives for seeking integrated management of this area are that—

- traditional fishing areas of special significance to Ngāti Kurī are restored and maintained and traditional knowledge and customs are utilised to protect the fisheries of Te Tai-o-Marokura:
- the marine treasures of Te Tai-o-Marokura are protected so that future generations can experience the area as it is today:
- there are abundant fish, aquatic life, and seaweed in Te Tai-o-Marokura for present and future generations:
- the quality of the coastal and marine environment of Te Tai-o-Marokura is sustained.

#### Name of Hikurangi Marine Reserve

Prior to the introduction of the Bill, the New Zealand Geographic Board reviewed the name of the Hikurangi Marine Reserve (named by *clause 6*) as if the name had been proposed under subpart 3 of Part 2 of the New Zealand Geographic Board (Ngā Pou Taunaha o Aotearoa) Act 2008. Following the review, the New Zealand Geographic Board has indicated that it concurs with the name of the reserve.

#### **Administration of Bill**

It is intended that the Department of Conservation will administer subpart 2 of Part 2 of the Bill, the Ministry for Primary Industries will administer subpart 3 of Part 2 of the Bill, and both agencies will jointly administer the remainder of the Bill.

#### Departmental disclosure statement

The Department of Conservation and the Ministry for Primary Industries are required to prepare a disclosure statement to assist with the scrutiny of this Bill. It provides access to information about the policy development of the Bill and identifies any significant or unusual legislative features of the Bill.

A copy of the statement can be found at http://legislation.govt.nz/disclosure.aspx?type=bill&subtype=government&year=2014&no=194&.

#### **Regulatory impact statement**

The Department of Conservation and the Ministry for Primary Industries produced a regulatory impact statement in December 2013 to help inform the main policy decisions taken by the Government relating to the contents of this Bill.

A copy of this regulatory impact statement can be found at—

- http://www.doc.govt.nz/about-doc/role/legislation/guidesand-bylaws/regulatory-impact-statements/
- http://www.mpi.govt.nz/news-resources/publications?PublicationType=Regulatory%20Impact%20Statement
- http://www.treasury.govt.nz/publications/informationreleases/ris

#### Clause by clause analysis

Clause 1 states the Bill's Title.

Clause 2 provides that the Bill comes into force on the day after the date on which it receives the Royal assent.

## Part 1 Preliminary provisions

Clause 3 states that the purpose of the Bill is, among other things, to recognise the local, national, and international importance of Te Tai-o-Marokura

Clause 4 defines terms used in the Bill.

Clause 5 provides that the Bill binds the Crown.

# Part 2 Te Tai-o-Marokura management measures

Subpart 1—Hikurangi Marine Reserve

Clause 6 declares and names Hikurangi Marine Reserve.

*Clause 7* provides that Hikurangi Marine Reserve is to be treated as if it were declared by an Order in Council made under the Marine Reserves Act 1971.

*Clause 8* provides for a review of Hikurangi Marine Reserve 25 years after the Bill's commencement.

#### Subpart 2—Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha–Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary and Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary

*Clause 9* declares and names Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha–Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary.

Clause 10 declares and names Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary.

Clause 11 provides that clauses 12 to 16 apply to both sanctuaries.

Clause 12 empowers the Minister of Conservation to impose restrictions in respect of a sanctuary and to vary or abolish a sanctuary. Before doing so, the Minister of Conservation must notify any proposal to impose restrictions or to vary or abolish a sanctuary, consider any submissions on the proposal, and, if the proposal affects any matter within the responsibilities of another Minister or the Commissioner of Crown Lands, obtain the consent of that Minister or the Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Clause 13 provides that, within 1 month after the commencement of the Bill, the Minister of Conservation must publish Gazette notices imposing restrictions on seismic surveying within Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha-Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary and on access to Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary. The requirements in clause 12(3) to (5) (to notify a proposed restriction, consider any submissions, and obtain the consent of other affected Ministers) do not apply to these Gazette notices. Further details on the proposed restrictions are set out in the general policy statement above.

Clause 14 provides that the Director-General may recover the costs of assessing any application for an exemption from restrictions imposed in respect of a sanctuary.

Clause 15 provides that it is an offence—

- to fail to comply with a restriction imposed in respect of a sanctuary by the Minister of Conservation under *clause 12*;
   or
- to make any false or misleading statement in an application for an exemption from a restriction made in accordance with *clause 12(2)*.

Clause 16 applies various provisions of the Marine Mammals Protection Act 1978 to the sanctuaries as if they were marine mammal sanctuaries under that Act.

## Subpart 3—Mātaitai reserves and taiāpure-local fisheries

Clauses 17, 18, and 19 declare and name Mangamaunu Mātaitai Reserve, Oaro Mātaitai Reserve, and Te Waha-o-te-Marangai Mātaitai Reserve. Clause 20 provides for the appointment of Tangata Tiaki/Kaitiaki for each mātaitai reserve. Clause 21 provides that the mātaitai reserves are to be treated as if they had been declared by a Gazette notice given under the Fisheries (South Island Customary Fishing) Regulations 1999.

Clauses 22 and 23 declare and name Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery and Oaro-Haumuri Taiāpure-Local Fishery. Clause 24 provides that both taiāpure-local fisheries are to be treated as if they had been declared by an Order in Council made under the Fisheries Act 1996.

#### Subpart 4—Te Tai-o-Marokura Advisory Committee and Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area

Clause 25 establishes Te Tai-o-Marokura Advisory Committee (the advisory committee) for the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area (the marine area) to represent

the interests of iwi and the Kaikōura community, and environmental, tourism, and fishing interests.

Clause 26 provides that the advisory committee may provide advice to the Minister of Conservation and the Minister responsible for the administration of the Fisheries Act 1996 on any conservation or fisheries matter related to the marine and coastal environment within the marine area. If the advice is on a matter that relates exclusively to the marine area, the Ministers must take the advice into account. The advisory committee may also provide advice to any person exercising a power or performing a function under conservation and fisheries legislation, and the person may take the advice into account.

#### Subpart 5—Consequential amendments

Clause 27 amends the Fisheries (Amateur Fishing) Regulations 2013, as specified in Schedules 5 and 6, to provide specific regulation of amateur fishing in the marine area.

Clause 28 provides for consequential amendments to be made to the following enactments, as specified in *Schedule 7*,—

- Exclusive Economic Zone and Continental Shelf (Environmental Effects) Act 2012:
- Marine and Coastal Area (Takutai Moana) Act 2011:
- Exclusive Economic Zone and Continental Shelf (Environmental Effects—Permitted Activities) Regulations 2013.

#### Hon Dr Nick Smith

### Kaikōura (Te Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Management Bill

#### Government Bill

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	Schedule 6 36 New Schedule 10A inserted into Fisheries (Amateur Fishing) Regulations 2013
	Schedule 7 37 Consequential amendments
The	Parliament of New Zealand enacts as follows:  Title This Act is the Kaikōura (Te Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Management Act 2014.
2	Commencement This Act comes into force on the day after the date on which it receives the Royal assent.
	Part 1
	Preliminary provisions
3	Purpose The purpose of this Act is to—  (a) recognise the local, national, and international importance of the coast and sea around Kaikōura (Te Tai-o-Marokura) as a consequence of its unique coastal and

	marine environment and distinctive biological diversity	
(b)	and cultural heritage: provide measures to assist the preservation, protection,	
(0)	and sustainable management of the coastal and mar-	
	ine environment and biological diversity of Te Tai-o-	5
	Marokura:	
(c)		
(•)	(i) a whale sanctuary:	
	(ii) a New Zealand fur seal sanctuary:	
	(iii) a marine reserve:	10
	(iv) various taiāpure-local fisheries and mātaitai re-	
	serves:	
	(v) a marine management area:	
(d)	establish an advisory committee to provide advice to the	
	Ministers regarding conservation and fisheries matters	15
	within the marine management area:	
(e)	amend the Fisheries (Amateur Fishing) Regulations	
	2013 to provide specific regulation of amateur fishing	
	in the marine management area:	
(f)		20
	leadership.	
In	terpretation	
	this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—	
	visory committee means the Te Tai-o-Marokura Advisory	
	ommittee established under <b>section 25</b>	25
		23
	nservation and fisheries legislation means the following	
	ets and any strategy, plan, declaration, regulations, bylaws,	
	Gazette notice made under those Acts:  Conservation Act 1987:	
(a)	Fisheries Act 1996:	30
(c)		30
(d)		
(e)		
(f)		
` '	rector-General means the Director-General of Conserva-	35
tio		20
	kurangi Marine Reserve means the marine reserve de-	
	ared by section 6	

Kaikōura	(Te	Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-
Marokura) I	Marine A	Area means the area described in clause
1 of Schedu	ıle 4	
Ministers me	eans the l	Minister of Conservation and the Minis-

**Ministers** means the Minister of Conservation and the Minister of the Crown who, with the authority of the Prime Minister, 5 is for the time being responsible for the administration of the Fisheries Act 1996

**Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary** means the New Zealand fur seal sanctuary declared by **section 10** 

**Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha-Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary** 10 means the whale sanctuary declared by **section 9** 

Te Tai-o-Marokura means the coast and sea around Kaikōura.

#### 5 Act binds the Crown

This Act binds the Crown.

## Part 2 15 Te Tai-o-Marokura management measures

Subpart 1—Hikurangi Marine Reserve

#### 6 Hikurangi Marine Reserve

- (1) The area described in **clause 1 of Schedule 1** is declared to 20 be a marine reserve.
- (2) The marine reserve is named Hikurangi Marine Reserve.

#### 7 Effect of declaration of marine reserve

The marine reserve declared by **section 6** is to be treated as if it were declared by an Order in Council made under section 25 4(1) of the Marine Reserves Act 1971.

#### 8 Ministerial review of marine reserve

- (1) The Minister of Conservation must, 25 years after the commencement of this Act, initiate a review to determine the effectiveness of Hikurangi Marine Reserve.
- (2) The Minister of Conservation must appoint a suitable person or organisation to conduct the review and set the terms of reference for the review.

	Subpart 2—Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha–Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary and Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur	
	Seal Sanctuary	
	Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha–Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary	5
9	Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha-Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary	
(1)	The area described in <b>clause 1 of Schedule 2</b> is declared to be a whale sanctuary.	
(2)	The whale sanctuary is named Te Rohe-o-Te-Whā-nau-Puha–Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary.	10
	Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary	
10	Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary	
(1)	The area described in <b>clause 3 of Schedule 2</b> is declared to be a New Zealand fur seal sanctuary.	15
(2)	The New Zealand fur seal sanctuary is named Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary.	
	Provisions that apply to both sanctuaries	
<b>11</b> (1)	Provisions that apply to Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha-Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary and Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary Sections 12 to 16 apply to each sanctuary.	20
(2)	In this section and sections 12 to 16, sanctuary means	
(2)	Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha-Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary or Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary.	25
12	Minister of Conservation may impose restrictions or vary	
(4)	or abolish sanctuaries	
(1)	The Minister of Conservation may, by a notice in the <i>Gazette</i> ,—	
	<ul><li>(a) impose restrictions in respect of a sanctuary:</li><li>(b) vary or abolish a sanctuary.</li></ul>	30

(2)	A notice imposing a restriction may specify circumstances in which an application for an exemption from the restriction (in whole or in part) may be granted by the Director-General.	
(3)	Before imposing a restriction or varying or abolishing a sanctuary, the Minister of Conservation must—  (a) publish a notice in the <i>Gazette</i> that describes the Minister of Conservation's proposal to impose a restriction or to vary or abolish the sanctuary (the <b>proposal</b> ) and calls for submissions on the proposal; and	5
	(b) consider any submissions received within 28 days after the date of publication of the notice describing the proposal; and	10
	(c) obtain any consent required under <b>subsection (5)</b> .	
(4)	<b>Subsection (5)</b> applies where the proposal affects any matter within the responsibilities of any other Minister.	15
(5)	The Minister of Conservation must obtain the consent of the other Minister to the proposal and indicate, in the <i>Gazette</i> notice referred to in <b>subsection (1)</b> , that the other Minister consents to the proposal.	
(6)	For the purposes of <b>subsections (4) and (5)</b> , <b>other Minister</b> includes the Commissioner of Crown Lands.	20
(7)	The Minister of Conservation need not comply with <b>subsections (3) to (5)</b> before varying restrictions imposed in respect of a sanctuary or before varying a sanctuary, in accordance with <b>subsection (1)</b> , where the variation has no more than a minor effect or corrects errors or makes minor technical changes.	25
(8)	A <i>Gazette</i> notice published in accordance with <b>subsection</b> (1) is a disallowable instrument for the purposes of the Legislation Act 2012 and must be presented to the House of Representatives under section 41 of that Act.	30
13	Restrictions to be imposed following commencement	
(1)	Within 1 month after the commencement of this Act, the Minister of Conservation must publish notices in the <i>Gazette</i> , under <b>section 12(1)(a)</b> , imposing restrictions—  (a) on seismic surveying within Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha-Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary:	35

on access to Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctu-

(b)

(2)	<b>Section 12(3) to (5)</b> does not apply to the <i>Gazette</i> notices referred to in <b>subsection (1)</b> .		
14	Director-General may recover costs of assessing application	5	
(1)	This section applies to any person who applies, in accordance with <b>section 12(2)</b> , to the Director-General for an exemption from any restriction imposed under <b>section 12(1)(a)</b> .		
(2)	The Director-General may require the person to pay any costs incurred by the Director-General in assessing the application.		
(3)	The Director-General may,—  (a) before assessing the application, estimate the costs and require the person to pay the estimated costs before the Director-General assesses the application; and	15	
	(b) after assessing the application, determine the actual costs and provide a refund or require further payment as appropriate.		
(4)	If the costs are wholly or partly unpaid 20 working days after a request for payment, the Director-General may recover the unpaid costs from the person as a debt due.	20	
15	Offences related to sanctuaries		
(1)	A person commits an offence who—  (a) fails to comply with a restriction imposed in respect of a sanctuary by a <i>Gazette</i> notice under <b>section 12(1)(a)</b> ; or	25	
	(b) makes any false or misleading statement in any application to the Director-General for an exemption from a restriction.		
(2)	A person who commits an offence against <b>subsection (1)</b> is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$10,000.		
(3)	If a person is convicted of an offence against <b>subsection (1)</b> and, on sentencing for that offence, the court is satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that the offence was committed for the purpose of commercial gain or reward (whether or not any gain	35	

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	ence and accom- 12 of that Act: ordance with sec- with section 14 of and any person s) from proceed- ordance with sec- 2),— a Gazette notice ed as a breach of 1978; and be treated as an

Subsections (5) and (6) apply where any person causes an

(4)

	officer to incur any expense—	
	(a) by that person failing to comply with or acting in contra- vention of any restriction imposed by a <i>Gazette</i> notice	
	under section 12(1)(a); or	5
	(b) by that person failing to comply with or acting in contravention of any order, direction, requirement, or condition reasonably and properly given or imposed in accordance with this subpart or by a <i>Gazette</i> notice under	10
(5)	section 12(1)(a).	10
(5)	The person must reimburse the Crown for the amount of the expense that—	
	<ul><li>(a) is reasonably and properly incurred; and</li><li>(b) the officer would not otherwise have incurred.</li></ul>	
(6)	The amount is recoverable from the person as a debt due to the Crown.	15
	Subpart 3—Mātaitai reserves and taiāpure-local fisheries	
	Mātaitai reserves declared	
17	Mangamaunu Mātaitai Reserve	20
(1)	The area described in <b>clause 1 of Schedule 3</b> is declared to be a mātaitai reserve.	
(2)	The mātaitai reserve is named Mangamaunu Mātaitai Reserve.	
18	Oaro Mātaitai Reserve	
(1)	The area described in <b>clause 2 of Schedule 3</b> is declared to be a mātaitai reserve.	25
(2)	The mātaitai reserve is named Oaro Mātaitai Reserve.	
19	Te Waha-o-te-Marangai Mātaitai Reserve	
(1)	The area described in <b>clause 3 of Schedule 3</b> is declared to be a mātaitai reserve.	30
(2)	The mātaitai reserve is named Te Waha-o-te-Marangai Mātaitai Reserve.	

## 20 Appointment of Tangata Tiaki/Kaitiaki for mātaitai reserves

- Te Rūnanga o Kaikōura may nominate Tangata Tiaki/Kaitiaki for each mātaitai reserve declared by sections 17, 18, and 19 by using form 1 in the Schedule of the Fisheries (South 5 Island Customary Fishing) Regulations 1999, modified as necessary.
- (2) The Minister of the Crown who, with the authority of the Prime Minister, is for the time being responsible for the administration of the Fisheries Act 1996 must appoint the Tangata 10 Tiaki/Kaitiaki nominated by Te Rūnanga o Kaikōura within 20 working days of receiving the nominations.

#### 21 Effect of declaration of mātaitai reserve

- (1) A mātaitai reserve declared by **section 17, 18, or 19** is to be treated as if it were declared by a notice in the *Gazette* given under regulation 20 of the Fisheries (South Island Customary Fishing) Regulations 1999 in accordance with those regulations.
- (2) An appointment of a Tangata Tiaki/Kaitiaki under **section 20** is to be treated as if it were an appointment under regulation 21 of the Fisheries (South Island Customary Fishing) Regulations 1999 in accordance with those regulations.
- (3) Regulation 22(1)(a) and (b) and (2) of the Fisheries (South Island Customary Fishing) Regulations 1999 does not apply to the mātaitai reserves.

#### Taiāpure-local fisheries declared

#### 22 Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery

- (1) The area described in **clause 4 of Schedule 3** is declared to be a taiāpure-local fishery.
- (2) The taiāpure-local fishery is named Kaikōura Peninsula 30 Taiāpure-Local Fishery.

#### 23 Oaro-Haumuri Taiāpure-Local Fishery

(1) The area described in **clause 5 of Schedule 3** is declared to be a taiāpure-local fishery.

(2) The taiāpure-local fishery is named Oaro-Haumuri Taiāpure-Local Fishery.

#### 24 Effect of declarations of taiāpure-local fisheries

A taiāpure-local fishery declared by **section 22 or 23** is to be treated as if it were declared by an Order in Council made 5 under section 175 of the Fisheries Act 1996 in accordance with that Act.

Subpart 4—Te Tai-o-Marokura Advisory Committee and Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area

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#### 25 Te Tai-o-Marokura Advisory Committee established

(1) This section establishes an advisory committee for the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area.

(2) The advisory committee is named Te Tai-o-Marokura Advisory Committee.

- (3) The Ministers may—
  - (a) appoint and remove members of the advisory committee:
  - (b) disestablish the advisory committee.
- (4) Before appointing or removing any member of the advisory committee in accordance with **subsection (3)(a)**, the Ministers must be satisfied that, following the appointment or removal, the interests of the following will be represented on the 25 advisory committee:
  - (a) iwi; and
  - (b) the Kaikōura community; and
  - (c) the environment, tourism, and fishing.
- (5) The advisory committee may, subject to any directions given 30 to it by the Ministers (or one of them), determine its own procedure.

26	Advisory committee may advise Ministers and persons exercising statutory powers and performing statutory functions	
(1)	The advisory committee may, on request or on the advisory committee's own initiative, provide advice to the Ministers (or one of them) on any conservation or fisheries matter related to the marine and coastal environment within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area.	5
(2)	If the matter relates exclusively to the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area, the Ministers must take the advisory committee's advice into account.	10
(3)	If the matter also relates to any area outside of the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area, the Ministers may, but are not required to, take the advisory committee's advice into account.	15
(4)	The advisory committee may provide advice on any matter related to the marine and coastal environment within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area to any person (other than one of the Ministers) exercising a power or performing a function under the conservation and fisheries legislation.	20
(5)	The person may take the advisory committee's advice into account when exercising the power or performing the function.	
	Subpart 5—Consequential amendments	25
27	Amendments to the Fisheries (Amateur Fishing) Regulations 2013 relating to Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area	
(1)	This section amends the Fisheries (Amateur Fishing) Regulations 2013.	30
(2)	Amend the provisions set out in <b>Schedule 5</b> in the manner set out in that schedule	

After Schedule 10, insert the **Schedule 10A** set out in **Sched-**

(3)

ule 6 of this Act.

#### 28 Consequential amendments

Amend the enactments specified in **Schedule 7** as set out in that schedule.

1

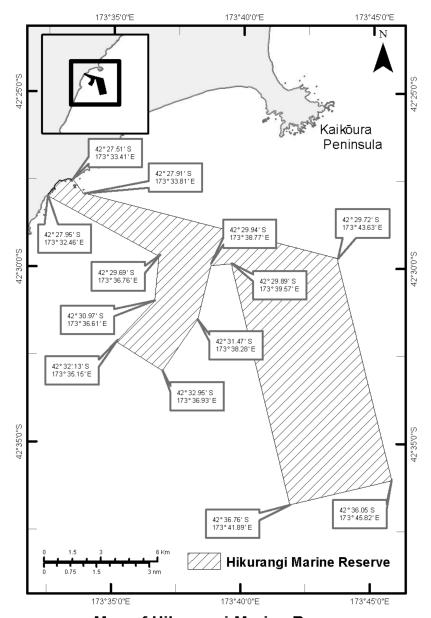
#### Schedule 1 s 6(1) Hikurangi Marine Reserve

	Hikurangi Marine Reserve	
Desci	ription of Hikurangi Marine Reserve	
	Hikurangi Marine Reserve comprises all of the area	
(with	in the meaning of the Marine Reserves Act 1971) en-	5
close	d by a line—	
(a)	commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark east of Raramai Tunnel (at 42°27.51'S and 173°33.41'E); then	
(b)	proceeding in a straight line in a south-easterly direction to a point at 42°27.91′S and 173°33.81′E; then	10
(c)	proceeding in a straight line in a south-easterly direction to a point at 42°29.72′S and 173°43.63′E; then	
(d)	proceeding in a straight line in a south-easterly direction to a point at 42°36.05′S and 173°45.82′E; then	15
(e)	proceeding in a straight line in a south-westerly direction to a point at 42°36.76′S and 173°41.89′E; then	
(f)	proceeding in a straight line in a north-westerly direction to a point at 42°29.89'S and 173°39.57'E; then	
(g)	proceeding in a straight line in a south-westerly direction to a point at 42°29.94′S and 173°38.77′E; then	20
(h)	proceeding in a straight line in a south-westerly direction to a point at 42°31.47′S and 173°38.28′E; then	
(i)	proceeding in a straight line in a south-westerly direction to a point at 42°32.95′S and 173°36.93′E; then	25
(j)	proceeding in a straight line in a north-westerly direction to a point at 42°32.13′S and 173°35.15′E; then	
(k)	proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point at 42°30.97′S and 173°36.61′E; then	
(1)	proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point at 42°29.69'S and 173°36.76'E; then	30
(m)	proceeding in a straight line in a north-westerly direction to a point on the mean high-water mark south-west of the Raramai Tunnel (at 42°27.95′S and 173°32.46′E); then	35
(n)	proceeding in a generally north-easterly direction along the mean high-water mark to the point of commence-	- •

ment.

#### 2 Map of Hikurangi Marine Reserve

The following map is indicative only, and if there is any inconsistency between the map and the description in **clause 1** the description prevails.



Map of Hikurangi Marine Reserve

# Schedule 2 ss 4, 9(1), 10(1) Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha-Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary and Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary

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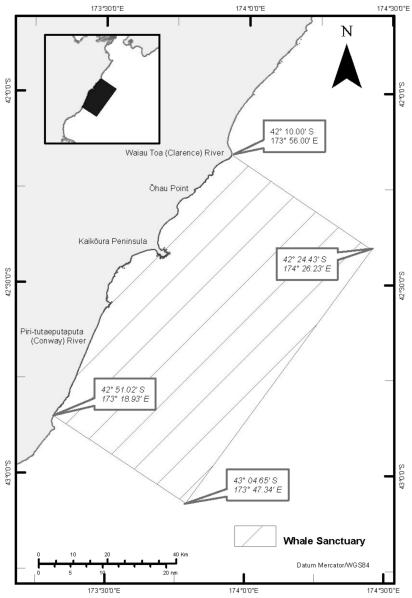
#### 1 Description of Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha-Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary

Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha-Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary comprises all of the area enclosed by a line—

- (a) commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark at Clarence Point (at 42°10.00'S and 173°56.00'E); then
- (b) proceeding in a straight line in a south-easterly direction to a point at 42°24.43'S and 174°26.23'E; then
- (c) proceeding in a straight line in a south-westerly direction to a point at 43°04.65′S and 173°47.34′E; then
- (d) proceeding in a straight line in a north-westerly 1: direction to a point on the mean high-water mark near the mouth of the Jed River (at 43°51.02'S and 173°18.97'E); then
- (e) proceeding in a generally north-easterly direction along the mean high-water mark to the point of commencement.

## 2 Map of Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha-Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary

The following map is indicative only, and if there is any inconsistency between the map and the description in **clause 1** 25 the description prevails.

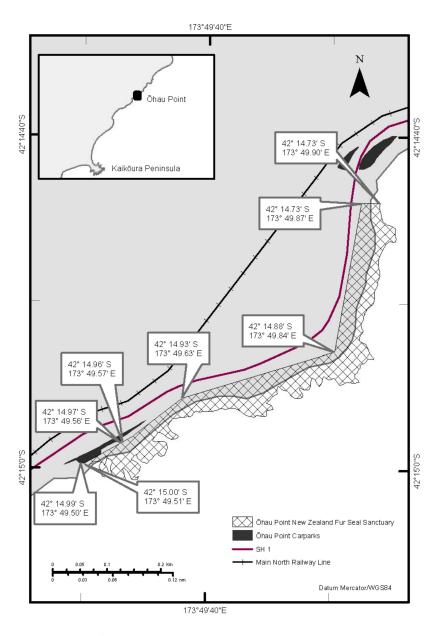


Map of Te Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha Kaikōura Whale Sanctuary

## 3 Description of Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary

The Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary comprises all of the area enclosed by a line—

Schedule 2	Management Bill	
(a)	commencing at a point on the mean low-water springs south of the Ōhau Stream (at 42°14.73'S and 173°49.90'E); then	
(b)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5
(c)	proceeding in a straight line in a north-westerly direction to a point on land (at 42°14.99'S and 173°49.50'E); then	
(d)	proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point at 42°14.97′S and 173°49.56′E; then	10
(e)	proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point at 42°14.96′S and 173°49.57′E; then	
(f)	proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point at 42°14.93′S and 173°49.63′E; then	15
(g)	proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point at 42°14.88′S and 173°49.84′E; then	
(h)	proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point at 42°14.73′S and 173°49.87′E; then	
(i)	proceeding due east to the point of commencement.	20
The cor	up of Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary e following map is indicative only, and if there is any insistency between the map and the description in clause 3 description prevails.	



Map of Ōhau Point New Zealand Fur Seal Sanctuary

## Schedule 3 ss 17(1), 18(1), 19(1), 22(1), 23(1)

## Mātaitai reserves and taiāpure-local fisheries

Mangamaunu Mātaitai Reserve

1	The	eription of Mangamaunu Mātaitai Reserve Mangamaunu Mātaitai Reserve comprises that part of Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line—	5
	(a)	commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark approximately 1 kilometre south of Mangamaunu (at 42°18.54′S and 173°45.14′E); then	10
	(b)	proceeding due east to a point at 42°18.54'S and 173°45.23'E; then	10
	(c)	proceeding due south to a point at 42°18.63'S and 173°45.23'E; then	
	(d)	proceeding due west to a point on the mean high-water mark at 42°18.63′S and 173°45.16′E; then	15
	(e)	proceeding in a generally north-westerly direction along the mean high-water mark to the point of commencement.	
		Oaro Mātaitai Reserve	20
2	The	eription of Oaro Mātaitai Reserve Oaro Mātaitai Reserve comprises that part of New and fisheries waters enclosed by a line—	
	(a)	commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark north of the mouth of the Oaro River (at 42°30.80'S and 173°30.42'E); then	25
	(b)	proceeding due east to a point offshore (at 42°30.80′S and 173°30.60′E); then	
	(c)	proceeding due south to a point offshore (at 42°31.20'S and 173°30.60'E); then	30
	(d)	proceeding due west to a point on the mean high-water mark (at 42°31.20′S and 173°30.30′E); then	
	(e)	proceeding in a generally north-easterly direction along the mean high-water mark to the point of commence-	
		ment.	35

#### Te Waha-o-te-Marangai Mātaitai Reserve

3

T 11	
ie v	Vaha-o-te-Marangai Mātaitai Reserve comprises that part
of N	ew Zealand fisheries waters enclosed by a line—
(a)	commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark
` '	north of Kiwa Road (at 42°17.12'S and 173°45.69'E);
	then
(b)	proceeding in a straight line in a south-easterly direction
` /	to a point offshore (at 42°17.18'S and 173°45.76'E);
	then
(c)	proceeding in a straight line in a south-westerly
(-)	direction to a point offshore (at 42°17.24'S and
	173°45.68′E); then
(d)	proceeding in a straight line in a north-westerly di-
()	rection to a point on the mean high-water mark (at
	42°17.17′S and 173°45.61′E); then
(e)	proceeding in a generally north-easterly direction along
	the mean high-water mark to the point of commence-
	ment.
I	
	Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery
	1
Desc	ription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local
Deso Fish	ription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local ery
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Deso Fish The that	ription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local ery Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery comprises area of New Zealand fisheries waters (being estuarine or
Deso Fish The that littor	eription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local ery Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery comprises area of New Zealand fisheries waters (being estuarine or al coastal waters) enclosed by a line—
Deso Fish The that litto	ription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local ery Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery comprises area of New Zealand fisheries waters (being estuarine or ral coastal waters) enclosed by a line— commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark at
Desc Fish The that littor (a)	ription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local ery Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery comprises area of New Zealand fisheries waters (being estuarine or al coastal waters) enclosed by a line— commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark at Kaikōura (at 42°24.74′S and 173°41.40′E); then
Deso Fish The that	ription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local ery Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery comprises area of New Zealand fisheries waters (being estuarine or al coastal waters) enclosed by a line— commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark at Kaikōura (at 42°24.74′S and 173°41.40′E); then proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction
Desc Fish The that littor (a)	ription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local ery  Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery comprises area of New Zealand fisheries waters (being estuarine or al coastal waters) enclosed by a line—  commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark at Kaikōura (at 42°24.74′S and 173°41.40′E); then proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point offshore (at 42°24.54′S and 173°42.32′E);
Description The that littor (a)	ription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local ery Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery comprises area of New Zealand fisheries waters (being estuarine or al coastal waters) enclosed by a line— commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark at Kaikōura (at 42°24.74′S and 173°41.40′E); then proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point offshore (at 42°24.54′S and 173°42.32′E); then
Desc Fish The that littor (a)	ription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local ery Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery comprises area of New Zealand fisheries waters (being estuarine or al coastal waters) enclosed by a line— commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark at Kaikōura (at 42°24.74′S and 173°41.40′E); then proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point offshore (at 42°24.54′S and 173°42.32′E); then proceeding in a straight line in a south-easterly direction
Description The that littor (a)	ription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local ery  Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery comprises area of New Zealand fisheries waters (being estuarine or al coastal waters) enclosed by a line—  commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark at Kaikōura (at 42°24.74′S and 173°41.40′E); then proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point offshore (at 42°24.54′S and 173°42.32′E); then proceeding in a straight line in a south-easterly direction to a point offshore (at 42°25.35′S and 173°43.84′E);
Description The that littor (a) (b)	ription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local ery  Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery comprises area of New Zealand fisheries waters (being estuarine or al coastal waters) enclosed by a line—  commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark at Kaikōura (at 42°24.74′S and 173°41.40′E); then proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point offshore (at 42°24.54′S and 173°42.32′E); then proceeding in a straight line in a south-easterly direction to a point offshore (at 42°25.35′S and 173°43.84′E); then
Description The that littor (a)	ription of Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local ery  Kaikōura Peninsula Taiāpure-Local Fishery comprises area of New Zealand fisheries waters (being estuarine or al coastal waters) enclosed by a line—  commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark at Kaikōura (at 42°24.74′S and 173°41.40′E); then proceeding in a straight line in a north-easterly direction to a point offshore (at 42°24.54′S and 173°42.32′E); then proceeding in a straight line in a south-easterly direction to a point offshore (at 42°25.35′S and 173°43.84′E);

proceeding in a generally north-easterly direction along

the mean high-water mark to the point of commence-

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Kaikōura (Te Tai-o-Marokura) Marine

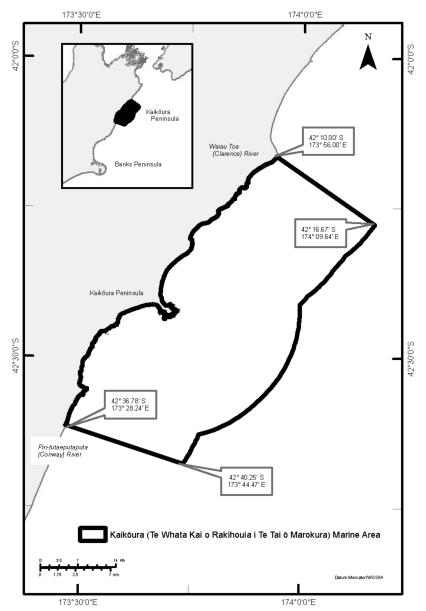
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Kaikōura	(Te Tai-o-Marokura)	Marine
	Management Bill	

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Sc	hed	11	e	Δ

	Schedule 4 s 4				
	Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area				
1	Description of Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine	5			
	Area				
The Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o Marokura) Marine Area comprises all those waters enclose					
	by a line—  (a) commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark at Clarence Point (at 42°10.00'S and 173°56.00'E); then	10			
	(b) proceeding in a straight line in a south-easterly direction to a point on the outer limit of the territorial sea (at 42°16.67'S and 174°09.64'E); then	15			
	(c) proceeding in a south-westerly direction following the outer limit of the territorial sea to a point at 42°40.25'S and 173°44.47'E; then				
	(d) proceeding in a straight line in a north-westerly direction to a point on the mean high-water mark approximately 300 m north of the mouth of the Conway River (at 42°36.78′S and 173°28.24′E); then	20			
	(e) proceeding in a generally north-easterly direction along the mean high-water mark to the point of commence-	25			
2	Map of Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area				
	The following map is indicative only, and if there is any in-	30			



Map of Kaikōura (Te Whata Kai o Rakihouia i Te Tai ō Marokura) Marine Area

Schedule 5 s 27(2) Amendments to Fisheries (Amateur Fishing) Regulations 2013	
Regulation 3	
In regulation 3(1), replace "fish or aquatic life" with "fish, aquatic life, or seaweed".	5
In regulation 3(2), replace "fish or aquatic life" with "fish, aquatic life, or seaweed".	
Regulation 8	
In regulation 8, insert in its appropriate alphabetical order: "albacore means a fish of the species <i>Thunnus alalunga</i> ".	10

#### New regulations 123A and 123B and cross-heading

After regulation 123, insert:

"Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area

"123A Daily limits (including individual species limits) in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area

"(1) A person must not, on any day,—

- "(a) take more than the daily limit for a species of fish or shellfish specified in the table in Schedule 10A (the daily limit for a species of fish or shellfish) from the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Raki-houia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area; or
- "(b) possess more than the daily limit for a species of fish or shellfish in the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area; or
- "(c) possess more than the daily limit for a species of fish 30 or shellfish taken from within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area.
- "(2) A person must not, on any day,—
  - "(a) take more than a total quantity of 5 albacore, bluenose, hapuku/bass, kingfish, and ling (the **combined daily** 3

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#### New regulations 123A and 123B and cross-heading—continued

11011	regula	tions 1251 and 1255 and cross heading commuca	
	"(b) "(c)	limit for albacore, bluenose, hapuku/bass, kingfish, and ling) from the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Raki-houia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area; or possess more than the combined daily limit for albacore, bluenose, hapuku/bass, kingfish, and ling in the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Raki-houia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area; or possess more than the combined daily limit for albacore, bluenose, hapuku/bass, kingfish, and ling taken from within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area.	5
"(3)	A nei	rson must not, on any day,—	
(3)	"(a)	take more than a total quantity of 1 blue shark, hammerhead shark, mako shark, porbeagle shark, seven gill shark, and thresher shark (the <b>combined daily limit for game sharks</b> ) from the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kaio-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area; or	15
	"(b)	possess more than the combined daily limit for game sharks in the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area; or	20
	"(c)	possess more than the combined daily limit for game sharks taken from within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kaio-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area.	
"(4)	takes or she hapul	rson contravenes this subclause if the person, on any day, or possesses more than the daily limit for a species of fish ellfish or the combined daily limit for albacore, bluenose, ku/bass, kingfish, and ling or the combined daily limit for e sharks, but not more than 3 times that daily limit.	25
"(5)	takes "(a)	or possesses more than 3 times— the daily limit for a species of fish or shellfish; or the combined daily limit for albacore, bluenose, ha- puku/bass, kingfish, and ling; or the combined daily limit for game sharks.	30
"(6)	` ′	rson who contravenes—	35
(0)	"(a)	subclause (4) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$10,000:	رر

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#### New regulations 123A and 123B and cross-heading—continued

"(b) subclause (5) commits a serious non-commercial offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$20,000.

#### "123B Daily limits and restrictions on taking bladder kelp and karengo in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area

- "(1) A person must not, on any day,—
  - "(a) take more than 5 litres of wet volume of bladder kelp (the **daily limit for bladder kelp**) from the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area; or
  - "(b) possess more than the daily limit for bladder kelp in the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area; or
  - "(c) possess more than the daily limit for bladder kelp taken from within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouiai-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area.
- "(2) A person must not, on any day,—
  - "(a) take more than 5 litres of wet volume of karengo 20 (the **daily limit for karengo**) from the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area; or
  - "(b) possess more than the daily limit for karengo in the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o- 25 Marokura) Marine Area; or
  - "(c) possess more than the daily limit for karengo taken from within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area.
- "(3) A person contravenes this subclause if the person, on any day, 30 takes or possesses more than the daily limit for bladder kelp or the daily limit for karengo, but not more than 3 times that daily limit.
- "(4) A person contravenes this subclause if the person, on any day, takes or possesses more than 3 times the daily limit for bladder 35 kelp or the daily limit for karengo.

#### New regulations 123A and 123B and cross-heading—continued

"(5)	Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area by any method other than hand-gathering.							
"(6)	A person who contravenes—  "(a) subclause (3) or (5) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$10,000:  "(b) subclause (4) commits a serious non-commercial offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding	5						
	\$20,000.							
"(7)	In this regulation,—	10						
	"5 litres of wet volume means the amount of fresh seaweed that fits into a 5-litre bucket							
	"bladder kelp means seaweed of the species Macrocystis pyrifera							
	"hand-gathering means the use of the hands to physically take seaweed	15						
	"karengo means seaweed of either of the following genera:							
	"(a) Porphyra; or							
	"(b) Ulva."							
New	regulation 125A	20						
After	regulation 125, insert:							
"125 <i>A</i>	A Minimum lengths for blue cod and							
	sea perch taken from Kaikōura (Te							
	Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura)							
	Marine Area	25						
"(1)	A person must not—							
	"(a) take any blue cod that is less than 33 cm in length from the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Raki-houia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area; or							
	"(b) possess any blue cod that is less than 33 cm in length taken from within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rak-ihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area.	30						
"(2)	A person must not—							

#### New regulation 125A—continued

"(a)	take	any	sea	perch	that	is	less	than	26	cm	in
	lengt	h fro	om t	he Ka	ikōura	a (	Te V	Vhata-	Kai-	o-Ra	ki-
	houia	a-i-Te	-Tai-	o-Maro	kura)	Ma	arine /	Area:	or		

- "(b) possess any sea perch that is less than 26 cm in length taken from within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rak-5 ihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area.
- "(3) A person who contravenes subclause (1) or (2) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$10,000."

#### New regulations 132A and 132B

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After regulation 132, insert:

#### "132A Prohibition on taking or possessing red moki from Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area

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- "(1) A person must not—
  - "(a) take any red moki from the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area; or
  - "(b) possess any red moki in the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area; or
  - "(c) possess any red moki taken from within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area.
- "(2) A person who contravenes subclause (1) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$10,000.

#### "132B Requirement to mark spiny rock lobsters taken from Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area

- "(1) A person who takes any spiny rock lobster from the Kaikōura 30 (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area must, on taking the spiny rock lobster, cut one-third of the telson off the tail fan of the spiny rock lobster.
- "(2) A person must not possess any spiny rock lobster taken from within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o- 35

#### New regulations 132A and 132B—continued

Marokura) Marine Area if the spir	iy rock	lobster	has	not	had
one-third of the telson cut off its ta	ail fan.				

A person who contravenes subclause (1) or (2) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$10,000."

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#### New regulation 159A

After regulation 159, insert:

"159A Limitation on defence in relation to possessing spiny rock lobsters taken from Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area

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"(1) The defence set out in regulation 157(1) does not apply to a charge of possessing more than the daily limit for spiny rock lobsters if the spiny rock lobsters were taken from within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area.

Despite subclause (1), it is a defence to a charge of possessing more than the daily limit for spiny rock lobsters taken from within the Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area if the defendant satisfies the court 20 that-

- "(a) the defendant possessed no more than 18 spiny rock lobsters; and
- "(b) the daily limit for spiny rock lobsters specified in regulation 13(1) was not exceeded; and

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- in the case of spiny rock lobsters held on board or landed from a vessel, the spiny rock lobsters were held in containers or bags that comply with subclause (3).
- For the purposes of subclause (2)(c), the containers or bags

- "(a) contain only spiny rock lobsters taken on a single day;
- "(b) be clearly labelled with a record of
  - the individual fisher's full name; and "(i)
  - "(ii) the date on which that fisher took the spiny rock 35 lobsters; and

#### New regulation 159A—continued

"(iii) the number of spiny rock lobsters held in the container or bag."

#### Schedule 17

In Schedule 17, clause 1, insert in its appropriate alphabetical order:

"Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o- 5

Marokura) Marine Area means all those waters enclosed by a line—

- "(a) commencing at a point on the mean high-water mark at Clarence Point (at 42°10.00'S and 173°56.00'E); then
- "(b) proceeding in a straight line in a south-easterly direction to a point on the outer limit of the territorial sea (at 42°16.67'S and 174°09.64'E; then
- '(c) proceeding in a south-westerly direction following the outer limit of the territorial sea to a point at 42°40.25'S and 173°44.47'E; then
- "(d) proceeding in a straight line in a north-westerly direction to a point on the mean high-water mark approximately 300 m north of the mouth of the Conway River (at 42°36.78′S and 173°28.24′E); then
- "(e) proceeding in a generally north-easterly direction along the mean high-water mark to the point of commencement".

#### Schedule 19

In Schedule 19, Part 5, after the fourth item relating to regulation 123(3), insert:

r 123A(4) Taking or possessing more than the daily limit for species of fish or shellfish in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area, but not more than 2 times that daily limit

r 123A(4) Taking or possessing more than 2 times the daily limit for species of fish or shellfish in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area, but not more than 3 times that daily limit

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#### Kaikōura (Te Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Management Bill

#### Schedule 5

#### Schedule 19—continued

r 123A(4)	Taking or possessing more than the combined daily limit for albacore, bluenose, hapuku/bass, kingfish, and ling in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area, but not more than 2 times that combined daily limit	250
r 123A(4)	Taking or possessing more than 2 times the combined daily limit for albacore, bluenose, hapuku/bass, kingfish, and ling in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area, but not more than 3 times that combined daily limit	500
r 123A(4)	Taking or possessing more than the combined daily limit for game sharks in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area, but not more than 2 times that combined daily limit	250
r 123A(4)	Taking or possessing more than 2 times the combined daily limit for game sharks in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area, but not more than 3 times that combined daily limit	500
r 123B(3)	Taking or possessing more than the daily limit for bladder kelp or karengo in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area, but not more than 2 times that daily limit	250

#### Schedule 19—continued

r 123B(3)	Taking or possessing more than 2 times the daily limit for bladder kelp or karengo in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area, but not more than 3 times that daily limit	500
r 123B(5)	Taking bladder kelp or karengo from Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area except by hand	250
In Schedule insert:	19, Part 5, after the item relating to regulation	125(1),
r 125A(1)	Taking or possessing undersize blue cod from or in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area	250
r 125A(2)	Taking or possessing undersize sea perch from or in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area	250
In Schedule insert:	19, Part 5, after the item relating to regulation	132(1),
r 132A(1)	Taking or possessing red moki from or in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area	250
r 132B(1)	Failing to cut off one-third of telson from spiny rock lobster taken from Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Raki-houia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area	250
r 132B(2)	Possessing spiny rock lobster without one-third of telson cut off taken from Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area	250

Schedule 6	s 27(3)
New Schedule 10A inserted into Fisheries	
(Amateur Fishing) Regulations 2013	
Schedule 10A	r 123A(1)

#### South-East FMA: limits in Kaikōura (Te Whata-Kai-o-Rakihouia-i-Te-Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Area

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Species	Daily limit (per person)
Cat's eye	20
Cockle (whether of the species <i>Chione</i> (Austrovenus) stutchburyi or of the species <i>Protothaca crassicosta</i> )	50
Kina	20
Ordinary paua	6
Yellowfoot paua	6
Any other shellfish (whether of the same or different species) for which a specific limit is not specified in this schedule or in Schedule 1	30
Albacore	3
Blue cod	6
Blue moki	10
Bluenose	3
Butterfish	10
Hapuku/bass	3
Kahawai	10
Kingfish	3
Ling	3
Rig	3
School shark	3
Sea perch	20
Tarakihi	10

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#### Schedule 7 **Consequential amendments**

#### Part 1 Amendments to Acts

#### **Exclusive Economic Zone and Continental Shelf (Environmental** 5 Effects) Act 2012 (2012 No 72)

After section 7(2)(g), insert:

"(ga) Kaikōura (Te Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Management Act 2014:".

Marine and Coastal Area (Takutai Moana) Act 2011 (2011 No 3) 10 After section 47(3)(b), insert:

"(ba) proposals under section 12 of the Kaikōura (Te Taio-Marokura) Marine Management Act 2014 to vary or abolish a sanctuary:".

#### Part 2

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#### Amendment to regulations

#### **Exclusive Economic Zone and Continental Shelf (Environmental** Effects—Permitted Activities) Regulations 2013 (SR 2013/283) In regulation 7, insert as subclause (2):

Subclause (1) does not apply to seismic surveying within 20 Rohe-o-Te-Whānau-Puha-Kaikōura Whale ary established under section 10 of the Kaikoura (Te Tai-o-Marokura) Marine Management Act 2014."