

ZEALAND

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1951, No. 57

An Acr to amend the Public Trust Office Act 1908. 5 December 1951

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the Public Trust Office Short Title. Amendment Act 1951, and shall be read together with and deemed part of the Public Trust Office Act 1908 See Reprint (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).

of Statutes, Vol. VIII. p. 922

Public Trust Office Investment Board

2. (1) There shall be a Board called the Public Trust Constitution Office Investment Board which shall control the invest- and powers of Investment ment of moneys which are from time to time in the Board. Common Fund of the Public Trust Office and available for investment.

- (2) The Investment Board shall sit at such times and places as it thinks fit.
- (3) The Investment Board shall, as from the commencement of this Act, consist of the following persons, namely:—
 - (a) The Minister of Finance:
 - (b) The Public Trustee and the two Assistant Public Trustees:
 - (c) The Secretary to the Treasury:
 - (d) The Government Insurance Commissioner:
 - (e) The Valuer-General.
- (4) At every meeting of the Investment Board the quorum shall be three members entitled to vote at the meeting.
- (5) At every meeting of the Investment Board the Minister of Finance, if present, shall be the Chairman, and in his absence such member of the Board as the majority of the members present and entitled to vote may choose shall preside as Chairman.
- (6) The Chairman shall have a deliberative vote and, in all cases of equality of votes, shall also have a casting vote.
- (7) At any meeting of the Investment Board the Public Trustee and the two Assistant Public Trustees may be present, but only one of them shall be entitled to vote.
- (8) In every case where the Secretary to the Treasury or the Valuer-General or the Government Insurance Commissioner is absent from a meeting of the Investment Board, a deputy appointed by him may attend and act at the meeting in his stead, and while so acting shall be deemed to be a member of the Investment Board.
- (9) The fact that any such deputy so attends and acts at any such meeting shall be conclusive proof of his authority to do so, and no person shall be concerned to inquire whether the occasion has arisen which authorizes or requires him to do so.
- (10) The Investment Board may appoint subcommittees of its members, and may delegate to any such subcommittee such of its powers as it from time to time thinks fit, but every subcommittee shall include the Public Trustee or one Assistant Public Trustee as one of its members:

Provided that, if the Public Trustee and one or both Assistant Public Trustees, or if both Assistant Public Trustees, are members of any subcommittee, only one of them shall be entitled at any meeting of the subcommittee to vote upon any matter before subcommittee.

- (11) Judicial notice shall be taken, without further proof, of the appointment and signature of each member of the Investment Board.
- (12) All minutes or resolutions of the Investment Board, or any copy thereof, if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of the meeting at which the minutes are confirmed or the resolution is passed, shall, in the absence of proof to the contrary, be sufficient evidence of the minutes or resolutions, and that they were duly and properly confirmed or passed, and that the person signing them was the Chairman of that meeting.

(13) The Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council, make regulations regulating the general conduct of business and proceedings of the Investment Board.

(14) Section twenty-nine of the Finance Act 1929 See Reprint is hereby consequentially amended by omitting the of Statutes, vol. VII. words "the Public Trust Office Investment Board".

(15) The following enactments are hereby con-Repeals. sequentially repealed:—

(a) Section nine of the principal Act:

(b) Section three of the Public Trust Office Amend- Ibid., Vol. ment Act 1913:

(c) Section fifteen of the Public Trust Office Amend- Ibid., p. 995 ment Act 1917:

(d) So much of the Schedule to the Public Trust Office 1948, No. 57 Amendment Act 1948 as relates to section three of the Public Trust Office Amendment Act 1913.

3. (1) Anything that may be done by resolution Passing of passed at a meeting of the In restment Board may be resolutions of done by the Investment Board without a meeting by Board by means of an entry in its minute book signed by at least entries in minute book. three of its members entitled to vote at a meeting of the Investment Board.

(2) Any such entry may be signed on behalf of a member by his deputy if at the time of the signing thereof the deputy would have been entitled to attend and act No. 57]

at a meeting of the Investment Board in the absence of the member if a meeting had then been held, and the fact that a deputy signs an entry shall, in the absence of proof to the contrary, be sufficient evidence that he was so entitled.

- (3) For the purposes of this section a memorandum pasted or otherwise permanently affixed in the minute book and purporting to have been signed for the purpose of becoming an entry therein shall be deemed to be an entry in the minute book, and any such entry may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more members or their deputies.
- (4) The Public Trustee shall report to and lay before the Investment Board at each meeting all entries made in the minute book in accordance with this section since the previous meeting of the Investment Board.
- 4. (1) The Investment Board may from time to time delegate to the Public Trustee or, on the recommendation of the Public Trustee, to any District Public Trustee the following powers, namely:—
 - (a) The power to invest moneys which are from time to time in the Common Fund of the Public Trust Office and available for investment in all or any of the investments authorized by the principal Act or by any other Act for the investment of moneys comprising or forming part of the Common Fund, including the power to make advances to estates and to beneficiaries therein:
 - (b) The power to approve any valuation required by the principal Act or any other Act or otherwise to be approved by the Investment Board:
 - (c) Such of its other powers of control in respect of the investment of moneys from time to time in the Common Fund and available for investment as it thinks fit.
- (2) Every such delegation shall be revocable at will, and no such delegation shall prevent the exercise of any power by the Investment Board.
- (3) Any such delegation may be made subject to such restrictions and conditions as the Investment Board thinks fit, and may be made either generally or in relation to any particular case.

Investment Board may delegate powers of making and controlling investments.

(4) Any power delegated under this section by the Investment Board to the Public Trustee may be exercised by an Assistant Public Trustee, and any power so delegated to a District Public Trustee may be exercised by the deputy of the District Public Trustee.

(5) The exercise of any power or the approval of any valuation by the Public Trustee or an Assistant Public Trustee or by a District Public Trustee or his deputy under a delegation made under this section shall be as full and effectual for all purposes as if the exercise or

approval had been by the Investment Board.

(6) Section nine of the Public Trust Office Amend-Repeal. ment Act 1921-22 is hereby repealed.

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. VIII, p. 999

Investments

5. (1) Section thirty-four of the principal Act is Investment of hereby amended by inserting, after paragraph (e), the fund. following paragraphs:—

" (f) In the purchase in fee simple, free from encumbrances, of lands in New Zealand (whether residential, urban, or of any other description whatsoever, and whether improved or unimproved) or in the erection or alteration of buildings on lands which are for the time being investments of the Common Fund or in the improvement of any such lands or buildings:

"Provided that the Public Trustee shall not invest any further moneys in the manner authorized by this paragraph if,-

- "(i) The investment would cause the total amount invested in that manner to exceed ten per cent of the amount of the Common Fund at the time of the making of that investment; or
- "(ii) As a result of fluctuations of the amount of the Common Fund, more than ten per cent of the Common Fund is for the time being invested in that manner:
- " (g) In debentures issued by a Hospital Board under the authority of section sixty of the Hospitals Ibid., Vol. III, Act 1926, whether the debentures are issued p. 748 with or without a State guarantee."

- (2) Section thirty-four of the principal Act is hereby further amended by adding the following subsections as subsections two and three:—
- "(2) All lands which for the time being constitute investments of the Common Fund, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, may be managed, leased, let, exchanged, dealt with, sold, or otherwise disposed of by the Public Trustee in such manner and at such time or times and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Public Trustee from time to time thinks fit.
- "(3) Where Hospital Board debentures for the time being constitute investments of the Common Fund and are without a State guarantee, the Minister of Finance shall, in the event of default being made in the payment of interest or the repayment of principal, pay to the Public Trustee so much of the moneys then or thereafter becoming payable to the Hospital Board by way of subsidy as is sufficient to satisfy the amount for the time being outstanding in respect of arrears of principal and interest."

Repeal. See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. III, p. 749 (3) Subsection four of section sixty and section sixty-one of the Hospitals Act 1926 are hereby repealed.

Elections to Administer

- Extending class of estates where election to administer may be filed.

 Ibid., Vol. VIII, pp. 930, 983, and 1009
- 6. (1) Subsection one of section fifteen of the principal Act (as amended by section nineteen of the Public Trust Office Amendment Act 1913), subsection one of section eighteen of the Public Trust Office Amendment Act 1913, and subsection one of section forty-five of the Public Trust Office Amendment Act 1921–22 are each hereby amended by omitting the words "four hundred pounds", and substituting the words one thousand pounds".
- (2) Subsection four of section fifteen of the principal Act (as amended by section nineteen of the Public Trust Office Amendment Act 1913) and subsection four of section eighteen of the Public Trust Office Amendment Act 1913 are each hereby amended by omitting the words "six hundred pounds", and substituting the words "one thousand five hundred pounds".

(3) Subsection one of section nineteen of the Public Repeal. Trust Office Amendment Act 1913 is hereby repealed. See Reprint

of Statutes, Vol. VIII, p. 984

7. Section twenty of the Public Trust Office Amend- Court fee ment Act 1913 is hereby amended by adding to subsection on elections to administer. one the words "or of such other amount as may from Ibid., p. 985 time to time be prescribed by regulations made under the principal Act ".

Profits and Losses of Public Trust Office

8. (1) If the Profit and Loss Appropriation Account Profits and of the Public Trust Office for the financial year ended losses. on the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and fifty-one, or for any year thereafter, discloses a surplus, the amount thereof shall be transferred, as the Public Trustee shall determine, to the Assurance and Reserve Fund or to the Investment Fluctuation Account or shall be apportioned between that fund and that account in such proportions as the Public Trustee may think fit.

(2) If the said Profit and Loss Appropriation Account for any such year discloses a deficiency, the amount thereof shall be met out of the Assurance and Reserve Fund.

(3) The following enactments are hereby consequen- Repeals. tially repealed:—

(a) Subsections one and two of section twenty-four Ibid., p. 1029 of the Finance Act 1929:

(b) Section six of the Finance Act (No. 2) 1949. 1949, No. 52

Power of Sale on Intestacy

9. Nothing in the principal Act shall restrict, or be Public deemed at any time to have restricted, the Public Trustee Trustee's in the exercise of the powers conferred by section four on intestacy. of the Administration Amendment Act 1944 in any case 1944, No. 19 where the Public Trustee is an administrator or is deemed to be an administrator.